



## DMK Kolding A/S

Haderslevej 140  
6000 Kolding  
CVR No. 34353905

## Annual report 2019

The Annual General Meeting adopted the  
annual report on 14.09.2020

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**Imad Mousa Kadhim Al-Mousa**  
Chairman of the General Meeting

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# Entity details

## Entity

DMK Kolding A/S  
Haderslevvej 140  
6000 Kolding

CVR No.: 34353905  
Registered office: Kolding  
Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

## Board of Directors

Imad Mousa Kadhim Al-Mousa  
Ayad Musa Kazem Al-Mosawi  
Haider Faris Hussein

## Executive Board

Ayad Musa Kazem Al-Mosawi

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Dokken 8  
P. O. Box 200  
6701 Esbjerg

# Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of DMK Kolding A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Kolding, 14.09.2020

## Executive Board

**Ayad Musa Kazem Al-Mosawi**

## Board of Directors

**Imad Mousa Kadhim Al-Mousa**

**Ayad Musa Kazem Al-Mosawi**

**Haider Faris Hussein**

# Independent auditor's extended review report

## To the shareholders of DMK Kolding A/S

### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of DMK Kolding A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Esbjerg, 14.09.2020

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR No. 33963556

#### **Anders Rasmussen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne34316

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The Company's purpose is to sell medicine and medical equipment and other related services.

## Development in activities and finances

The Company's loss is DKK 360k, which isn't satisfying.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# Income statement for 2019

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>782,259</b>	<b>546,749</b>
Staff costs	1	(1,148,633)	(1,216,970)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(22,797)	(22,797)
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>(389,171)</b>	<b>(693,018)</b>
Income from investments in group enterprises		(6,110)	0
Other financial income	3	23,789	34,059
Other financial expenses		(88,433)	(5,883)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>(459,925)</b>	<b>(664,842)</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	100,000	146,000
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>(359,925)</b>	<b>(518,842)</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>			
Retained earnings		(359,925)	(518,842)
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>(359,925)</b>	<b>(518,842)</b>



# Balance sheet at 31.12.2019

## Assets

	Notes	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Land and buildings		3,628,663	3,651,460
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>	5	<b>3,628,663</b>	<b>3,651,460</b>
Investments in group enterprises		220,920	454,060
<b>Other financial assets</b>	6	<b>220,920</b>	<b>454,060</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>3,849,583</b>	<b>4,105,520</b>
Trade receivables		1,562,312	1,126,697
Receivables from group enterprises		1,697,968	74,310
Deferred tax	7	229,000	129,000
Other receivables		288,496	32,192
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>3,777,776</b>	<b>1,362,199</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>176,603</b>	<b>344,989</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>3,954,379</b>	<b>1,707,188</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>7,803,962</b>	<b>5,812,708</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2019 DKK</b>	<b>2018 DKK</b>
Contributed capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		4,029,525	4,389,450
<b>Equity</b>		<b>4,529,525</b>	<b>4,889,450</b>
Bank loans		9,708	0
Trade payables		2,927,151	0
Payables to group enterprises		90,702	448,858
Payables to shareholders and management		19,789	242,677
Other payables	8	227,087	231,723
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>3,274,437</b>	<b>923,258</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>3,274,437</b>	<b>923,258</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>7,803,962</b>	<b>5,812,708</b>

Assets charged and collateral

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# Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	<b>Contributed capital DKK</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK</b>	<b>Total DKK</b>
Equity beginning of year	500,000	4,389,450	4,889,450
Profit/loss for the year	0	(359,925)	(359,925)
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>500,000</b>	<b>4,029,525</b>	<b>4,529,525</b>

# Notes

## 1 Staff costs

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Wages and salaries	1,127,168	1,191,930
Other social security costs	17,740	22,756
Other staff costs	3,725	2,284
	<b>1,148,633</b>	<b>1,216,970</b>
Average number of full-time employees	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

## 2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	22,797	22,797
	<b>22,797</b>	<b>22,797</b>

## 3 Other financial income

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Financial income from group enterprises	17,688	32,450
Exchange rate adjustments	6,101	1,609
	<b>23,789</b>	<b>34,059</b>

## 4 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Change in deferred tax	(100,000)	(146,000)
	<b>(100,000)</b>	<b>(146,000)</b>

## 5 Property, plant and equipment

	<b>Land and buildings DKK</b>
Cost beginning of year	3,721,326
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>3,721,326</b>
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(69,866)
Depreciation for the year	(22,797)
<b>Depreciation and impairment losses end of year</b>	<b>(92,663)</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>3,628,663</b>

## 6 Financial assets

	<b>Investments in group enterprises DKK</b>
Cost beginning of year	454,060
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>454,060</b>
Reversal regarding disposals	(227,030)
<b>Revaluations end of year</b>	<b>(227,030)</b>
Share of profit/loss for the year	(6,110)
<b>Impairment losses end of year</b>	<b>(6,110)</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>220,920</b>

## 7 Deferred tax

	<b>2019 DKK</b>	<b>2018 DKK</b>
Property, plant and equipment	(28,000)	(22,000)
Tax losses carried forward	257,000	151,000
<b>Deferred tax</b>	<b>229,000</b>	<b>129,000</b>

## 8 Other payables

	<b>2019 DKK</b>	<b>2018 DKK</b>
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc payable	33,022	45,434
Holiday pay obligation	113,000	75,420
Other costs payable	81,065	110,869
	<b>227,087</b>	<b>231,723</b>

## 9 Assets charged and collateral

Bank loans are secured by way of a registered mortgage debt at 500 t.DKK. The bank loan amount 31.12.2019 is 0 DKK.

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, other operating income, and consumables and external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

**Other operating income**

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

**Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost.

**Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

**Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

**Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses**

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

**Income from investments in group enterprises**

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

**Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and payables and transactions in foreign currencies.

**Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

**Balance sheet****Property, plant and equipment**

Land and building are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Interest expenses on loans for the financing of the manufacture of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other finance costs are recognised in the income statement. The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings	50 years
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Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### **Investments in group enterprises**

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost and are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

### **Cash**

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.