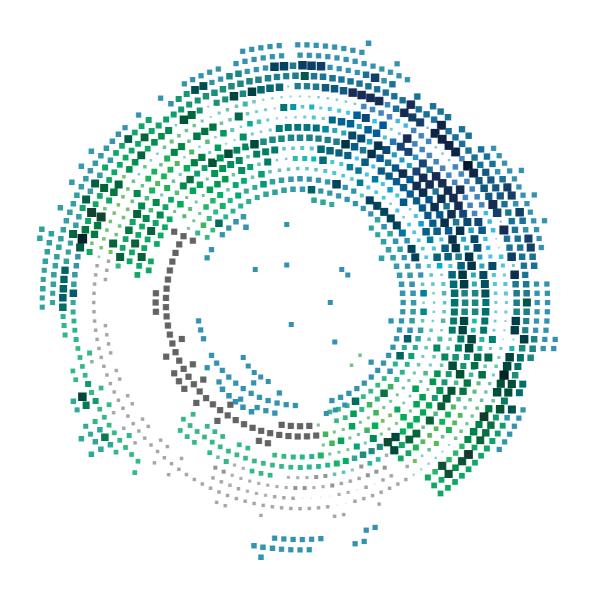
# Deloitte.



# **DMK Kolding A/S**

Haderslewej 140 6000 Kolding CVR No. 34353905

# Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 05.07.2022

Chairman of the General Meeting

DMK Kolding A/S | Contents

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# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

DMK Kolding A/S Haderslevvej 140 6000 Kolding

Business Registration No.: 34353905

Date of foundation: 05.07.2022

Registered office: Kolding

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

# **Board of Directors**

Ayad Musa Kazem Al-Mosawi Haider Faris Hussein Imad Mousa Kadhim Al-Mousa

# **Executive Board**

Ayad Musa Kazem Al-Mosawi

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dokken 8 6701 Esbjerg

# **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of DMK Kolding A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Kolding, 05.07.2022

**Executive Board** 

Ayad Musa Kazem Al-Mosawi

**Board of Directors** 

Ayad Musa Kazem Al-Mosawi

**Haider Faris Hussein** 

**Imad Mousa Kadhim Al-Mousa** 

# Independent auditor's extended review report

# To the shareholders of DMK Kolding A/S

## Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of DMK Kolding A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at. 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

# **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of management and, if appropriate, of other entity personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

# Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Esbjerg, 05.07.2022

## **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

# **Anders Rasmussen**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34316

# **Management commentary**

# **Primary activities**

The Company's purpose is to sell medicine and medical equipment and other relates services.

# **Income statement for 2021**

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		872,154	1,979,612
Staff costs	1	(1,056,087)	(935,121)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	(22,797)	(22,797)
Operating profit/loss		(206,730)	1,021,694
Other financial income	3	51,099	440,975
Other financial expenses	4	(67,204)	(7,976)
Profit/loss before tax		(222,835)	1,454,693
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	49,177	(320,668)
Profit/loss for the year		(173,658)	1,134,025
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(173,658)	1,134,025
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(173,658)	1,134,025

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2021**

# **Assets**

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Land and buildings		3,583,069	3,605,866
Property, plant and equipment	6	3,583,069	3,605,866
Investments in group enterprises		447,950	447,950
Financial assets	7	447,950	447,950
Fixed assets		4,031,019	4,053,816
-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Trade receivables		0	554,360
Receivables from group enterprises		1,268,629	2,583,770
Other receivables		477,603	335,382
Prepayments		11,832	7,218
Receivables		1,758,064	3,480,730
Cash		157,671	254,660
Current assets		1,915,735	3,735,390
Assets		5,946,754	7,789,206

# **Equity and liabilities**

		2021	2020
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		500,000	500,000
Retained earnings		4,989,892	5,163,550
Equity		5,489,892	5,663,550
Deferred tax		38 000	22,000
		38,000	33,000
Provisions		38,000	33,000
Trade payables		19,719	1,646,791
Payables to group enterprises		227,117	9,097
Payables to shareholders and management		25,379	166,543
Joint taxation contribution payable		4,491	58,668
Other payables	8	142,156	211,557
Current liabilities other than provisions		418,862	2,092,656
Liabilities other than provisions		418,862	2,092,656
Equity and liabilities		5,946,754	7,789,206

Assets charged and collateral

# Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	500,000	4,079,818	4,579,818
Corrections of material errors	0	1,083,732	1,083,732
Adjusted equity, beginning of year	500,000	5,163,550	5,663,550
Profit/loss for the year	0	(173,658)	(173,658)
Equity end of year	500,000	4,989,892	5,489,892

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# **Notes**

# 1 Staff costs

1 Staff Costs	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries	1,029,867	912,832
Other social security costs	19,440	16,822
Other staff costs	6,780	5,467
	1,056,087	935,121
Average number of full-time employees	3	3
2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	22,797	22,797
	22,797	22,797
3 Other financial income		
	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	44,339	50,890
Exchange rate adjustments	6,760	258,905
Other financial income	0	131,180
	51,099	440,975
4 Other financial expenses		
	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	0	554
Other interest expenses	5,632	3,925
Exchange rate adjustments	61,572	3,468
Interest regarding tax paid on account	0	29
	67,204	7,976

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# 5 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	(54,177)	58,668
Change in deferred tax	5,000	262,000
	(49,177)	320,668

# 6 Property, plant and equipment

	Land and buildings
	DKK
Cost beginning of year	3,721,326
Cost end of year	3,721,326
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(115,460)
Depreciation for the year	(22,797)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(138,257)
Carrying amount end of year	3,583,069

# **7 Financial assets**

	Investments in
	group
	enterprises
	DKK
Cost beginning of year	454,060
Cost end of year	454,060
Impairment losses beginning of year	(6,110)
Impairment losses end of year	(6,110)
Carrying amount end of year	447,950

# **8 Other payables**

	2021	2020
	DKK	DKK
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc payable	77,256	143,001
Holiday pay obligation	4,400	18,527
Other costs payable	60,500	50,029
	142,156	211,557

# 9 Assets charged and collateral

Bank loans are secured by way of a deposited mortgage deed registered to the mortgagor on properties of DKK 3,000k nominal.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 3,583k

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

# Material errors in previous years

In connection with our extended review of the annual report for 2021, we have found material errors in previous year. The errors can be drawn to receivables and investment in group enterprises, which has been underestimated. It has also resulted in corrections to deferred tax and payable tax.

The income statement has been corrected by DKK 1,084k after tax. Receivables from group enterprises has been underestimated by DKK 1,457k, trade receivables has been overestimated by DKK 295k, investments in group enterprises has been underestimated by DKK 227k, deferred tax has been overestimated by DKK 214k, and the equity has been underestimated by DKK 1,084k.

The errors has been corrected as material errors directly on the equity as of 1. January 2021. Adjustment has been made to the comparative figures in the annual report, therefor, there is no direct connection to annual report for 2020.

# **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

# **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the trans-action

date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

# **Income statement**

# **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, other operating income, and consumables and external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

# Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

## **Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost.

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receiv-ables recognised in current assets.

## **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

## Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

# Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transac-tions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepay-ment Scheme etc.

# Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and payables and transactions in foreign currencies.

# Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

## **Balance sheet**

# Property, plant and equipment

Land and building are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Interest expenses on loans for the financing of the manufacture of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other finance costs are recognised in the income state-ment. The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings 50 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost and are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

## **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

## Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

# **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Deferred tax relating to retaxation of previously deducted losses in foreign subsidiaries is recognised on the basis of an actual assessment of the purpose of each subsidiary.

# Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

# Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.