# Illumina Denmark ApS

Ørestads Boulevard 73, 2300 København S

CVR no. 34 08 74 23

## Annual report 2020

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 17 June 2021

Chair of the meeting:





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#### Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Illumina Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Company's operations and financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 17 June 2021 Executive Board:

Mark James Robinson

Paula Lynn Dowdy

Rebecca Jane Edwards



#### Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Illumina Denmark ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Illumina Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.



## Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 17 June 2021 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Rasmus Bloch Jespersen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne35503



## Management's review

Company details

Name

Address, Postal code, City

Illumina Denmark ApS

Ørestads Boulevard 73, 2300 København S

CVR no.

Registered office

Financial year

34 08 74 23

Copenhagen 1 January - 31 December

**Executive Board** 

Mark James Robinson Paula Lynn Dowdy Rebecca Jane Edwards

## Financial highlights

DKK	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
DKK	2020	2010	2010	2017	2010
Key figures					
Gross profit	17,327,314	16,552,928	16,728,869	16,150,584	13,521,375
Operating profit/loss	6,693,649	6,335,711	5,089,869	5,350,871	3,356,949
Net financials	-5,405,429	1,504,961	1,472,039	-3,315,004	778,766
Profit before tax	1,288,220	7,840,672	6,561,908	2,035,867	4,135,715
Profit for the year	985,755	6,071,960	5,079,404	1,537,215	3,165,339
Non-fixed assets	88,385,555	83,932,113	63,665,705	39,019,258	32,569,941
Total assets	88,385,555	83,932,113	63,665,705	39,019,258	32,569,941
Share capital	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000
Equity	30,879,414	29,893,659	23,821,699	18,742,296	17,205,079
Non-current liabilities other than					
provisions	15,869,766	1,565,214	2,905,307	3,906,940	1,361,593
Current liabilities other than					
provisions	41,636,375	52,473,240	36,938,699	16,370,022	13,579,983
Financial ratios					
Return on assets	7.8%	8.6%	9.9%	14.9%	8.6%
Current ratio	212.3%	160.0%	172.4%	238.4%	239.8%
Equity ratio	34.9%	35.6%	37.4%	48.0%	52.8%
Return on equity	3.2%	22.6%	23.9%	8.6%	20.3%
Average number of employees	11	11	11	11	10

For terms and definitions, please see the accounting policies.



#### Management's review

#### **Business review**

The Company's main activities are sales of tools and integrated systems for large-scale analyses of genetic variation and function to customers in Denmark.

#### Financial review

The income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 985,755 against a profit of DKK 6,071,960 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 30,879,414.

Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory, except for FX losses.

#### Impact on the external environment

The market which the company operates in is highly competitive. As such constant R&D is being undertaken by an Illumina entity to ensure that the products remain attrative to the market. The R&D activities are not being undertaken by Illumina Denmark ApS.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

On the 29th of January 2021 Illumina Denmark's directors unanimously passed a management board resolution to issue a divided of 27,601,515 DKK to the company's shareholders. The distribution of the dividend was made on the 12th of February 2021. Illumina Denmark's directors are confident that the issuance of the dividend will not impact the company's continued operations.

#### Covid-19 Effect:

Management deems the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the results and operations in 2021 to not currently be predictable. The pandemic may prove to stimulate further interest in Illumina's field, but it may also cause difficulties for customers. The gross profit for 2021 is therefore expected to be within a range of -4% to 6% of the result achieved in 2020. Given the Company's liquidity and financial strength such effects are not expected to affect the Company's ability to meet its obligations in 2021.

#### Outlook

The Company's Gross Profit for 2021 is expected to develop by approx. -4 to 6% due to the continued growth in the Company's core markets in Northern Europe. The duration and after-effects of the aforementioned pandemic are not currently predictable.



## Income statement

Note	DKK	2020	2019
3	Gross profit Staff costs	17,327,314 -10,633,665	16,552,928 -10,217,217
-	Profit before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	6,693,649 392,494 -5,797,923	6,335,711 2,157,715 -652,754
	Profit before tax Tax for the year	1,288,220 -302,465	7,840,672 -1,768,712
	Profit for the year	985,755	6,071,960



## Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2020	2019
	ASSETS		
	Non-fixed assets		
	Inventories		_
	Finished goods and goods for resale	109,190	0
		109,190	0
	Receivables		
	Trade receivables	13,361,841	46,328,527
	Income taxes receivable	174,322	0
	Other receivables	125,639	239,047
		13,661,802	46,567,574
	Cash	74,614,563	37,364,539
	Total non-fixed assets	88,385,555	83,932,113
	TOTAL ASSETS	88,385,555	83,932,113
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
6	Share capital	80,000	80,000
	Retained earnings	30,799,414	29,813,659
	Total equity	30,879,414	29,893,659
	Liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	Other payables	1,218,069	459,686
7	Deferred income	14,651,697	1,105,528
		15,869,766	1,565,214
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	591,899	1,362,942
	Payables to group entities	9,601,149	5,428,096
	Income taxes payable	7 242 510	1,554,493
7	Other payables Deferred income	7,242,510 24,200,817	12,153,309 31,974,400
,	belefied income	41,636,375	52,473,240
		57,506,141	54,038,454
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	88,385,555	83,932,113

- 1 Accounting policies
  2 Events after the balance sheet date
  8 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 9 Collateral
- 10 Related parties11 Appropriation of profit



## Statement of changes in equity

Note	DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
11	Equity at 1 January 2019 Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit"	80,000	23,741,699 6,071,960	23,821,699 6,071,960
11	Equity at 1 January 2020 Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit"	80,000 0	29,813,659 985,755	29,893,659 985,755
	Equity at 31 December 2020	80,000	30,799,414	30,879,414



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Illumina Denmark ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized reporting class C entities.

Effective from the financial year 2020, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Omission of a cash flow statement

With reference to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement is prepared for the Danish company, as its' cash flows are reflected in the consolidated cash flow statement for the parent company.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Income statement

#### Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 11/IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

The Company's revenue is generated primarily from the sale of products and services. Product revenue primarily consists of sales of instruments and consumables used in genetic analyses. Service and other revenue primarily consist of revenue generated from instrument service contracts.

The Company recognises revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the seller's price to the buyer is fixed or determinable, and collectibility is reasonably assured. In instances where final acceptance of the product or system is required, revenue is deferred until all the acceptance criteria have been met.

All revenue is recorded net of discounts and sales taxes collected on behalf of governmental authorities.

Revenue from product sales is recognised generally upon transfer of title to the customer, provided that no significant obligations remain and collection of the receivable is reasonably assured. Revenue from instrument service contracts is recognised as the services are rendered, typically evenly over the contract term.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

The Company regularly enters into contracts where revenue is derived from multiple deliverables including products or services. These products or services are generally delivered within a short-time frame, approximately three to six months, after the contract execution date. Revenue recognition for contracts with multiple deliverables is based on the individual units of accounting determined to exist in the contract. A delivered item is considered a separate unit of accounting when the delivered item has value to the customer on a stand-alone basis. Items are considered to have stand-alone value when they are sold separately by any vendor or when the customer could resell the item on a stand-alone basis.

For transactions with multiple deliverables, consideration is allocated at the inception of the contract to all deliverables based on their relative selling price.

#### Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue' to and including 'Other external expenses' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross margin'.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of goods used in generating the year's revenue.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, bad debts, lease payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

#### Balance sheet

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

#### Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax bases, with the exception of temporary differences occurring at the time of acquisition of assets and liabilities neither affecting the results of operations nor the taxable income.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

#### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. Interest-bearing debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Other debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost corresponding to the nominal unpaid debt.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which, essentially, corresponds to the fair value.

## Deferred income

Deferred income recognised as a liability comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial ratios

The financial ratios stated under "Financial highlights" have been calculated as follows:

Operating profit/loss

Profit/loss before financial items adjusted for other operating income and other operating expenses

Return on assets

Current ratio

Equity ratio

Profit/loss from operating activites x 100

Average assets

Current assets x 100

Current liabilities

Equity, year-end x 100

Total equity and liabilities, year-end

Profit/loss after tax x 100

## 2 Events after the balance sheet date

On the 29th of January 2021 Illumina Denmark's directors unanimously passed a management board resolution to issue a divided of 27,601,515 DKK to the company's shareholders. The distribution of the dividend was made on the 12th of February 2021. Illumina Denmark's directors are confident that the issuance of the dividend will not impact the company's continued operations.

Average equity



#### Notes to the financial statements

DKK	2020	2019
Staff costs and incentive programmes		
Wages/salaries	9,344,411	8,849,373
Pensions	863,854	795,801
Other staff costs	425,400	572,043
	10,633,665	10,217,217
Average number of full-time employees	11	11
	Staff costs and incentive programmes Wages/salaries Pensions Other staff costs	Staff costs and incentive programmes Wages/salaries 9,344,411 Pensions 863,854 Other staff costs 425,400 10,633,665

Total remuneration to Management: 2020 DKK'000 8,847 (2019: DKK'000 7,497)

#### Incentive programmes

The Company introduced an incentive plan aimed at members of The Executive Board/Board of Directors/Board of Representatives. Share options are granted subject to the fulfilment of certain performance targets, both short and long term. The Board of Executives and other individuals employed by the company are participating in an Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP) of the ultimate parent company, Illumina, Inc. The ESPP is established with the purpose of providing employees with an opportunity to purchase common stock in Illumina, Inc. through payroll deductions. The purchase price for the common stocks is determined by reference to the closing selling price of the common stock on an established stock exchange and adjusted for a contractual discount. The duration of each ESPP offering period is 12 months.

4	Financial income		
	Other interest income	392,494	1,012,955
	Exchange gain	0	1,144,760
		392,494	2,157,715
5	Financial expenses		
	Exchange losses	10,235,260	409,749
	Interest surcharges and tax recognised under net financials	5,391	79,245
	Bank fees	93,432	110,836
	Other financial expenses	-4,536,160	52,924
		5,797,923	652,754
	DKK	2020	2019
6	Share capital		
	Analysis of the share capital:		
	800 shares of DKK 100.00 nominal value each	80,000	80,000
		80,000	80,000

The Company's share capital has remained DKK 80,000 over the past 5 years.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 7 Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments relating to sales that will not be recognised as income until in the following financial year once the recognition criteria are satisfied.

8 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other financial obligations

Other rent and lease liabilities:

	020 2019
Rent and lease liabilities 7,5	71,461

Rent and lease liabilities include a rent commitment totalling DKK 2,652 and operating leases concerning cars totalling DKK 5,293 with a remaining term of 1 months.

### 9 Collateral

No security for loans had been placed at 31 December 2020.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 10 Related parties

Illumina Denmark ApS' related parties comprise the following:

### Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control
Parent company Illumina Inc.	5200 Illumina Way, San Diego, CA 92122, USA	Ultimate parent
Parent company Illumina Cambridge Ltd.	19 Granta Park, Great Abington, Cambridge, CB21 6DF, UK	Shareholder's agreement
Parent company Illumina Netherlands B.V.	Freddy van Reimsdijkweg 15, 5667 EE Eindhoven, NL	Shareholders' agreement
Information about consolidated financia	l statements	
Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
Illumina Inc.	5200 Illumina Way, SanDiego, CA 92122, USA	At the domicile

#### Related party transactions

Illumina Denmark ApS was engaged in the below related party transactions:

DKK	2020
Cost Of Goods Sold	127,983,655
Other administrative cost	17,899,420

Other than the above, the Company has transactions related to trade (cost of goods sold) with other group entities. With reference to the Company's application of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, disclosure of such transactions are not included in the above.

The Company has entered into a reseller agreement with an affiliated company. Cost of sales are adjusted to reflect the defined operating margin range in the Company and the group's TP policy and intercompany agreements.

#### Ownership

The following shareholders are registered in the Company's register of shareholders as holding minimum 5% of the share capital:

	Name	Domicile	
	Illumina Netherlands BV	Freddy van Riemsdijkweg 15, 56 Eindhoven, Netherlands	
	DKK	2020	2019
11	Appropriation of profit Recommended appropriation of profit		
	Retained earnings	985,755	6,071,960
		985,755	6,071,960