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Cargo Captains A/S

Svanemøllevej 17 2100 København Ø CVR No. 34083975

Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 24.05.2024

Jesper Malik Møller Ringsholm

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Cargo Captains A/S Svanemøllevej 17 2100 København Ø

Business Registration No.: 34083975

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

Board of Directors

Thor Stadil, Chairman Jesper Malik Møller Ringsholm Thomas Nørballe Mikkelsen

Executive Board

Thomas Nørballe Mikkelsen, CEO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Tværkajen 5 P. O. Box 10 5100 Odense

Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Cargo Captains A/S for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend to the Annual General Meeting that the financial statements for the next financial year not be audited.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 24.05.2024

Executive Board

Thomas Nørballe Mikkelsen

CEO

Board of Directors

Thor Stadil Chairman Jesper Malik Møller Ringsholm

Thomas Nørballe Mikkelsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Cargo Captains A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cargo Captains A/S for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Odense, 24.05.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Gert Rasmussen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35430

Management commentary

Primary activities

The activities of the Company is to carry out the business of ship owning, chartering, purchase and other shipping activities together with any other business which in judgement of the Board of Directors is related hereto.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

No material changes in activities.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2023

	Notes	2023 USD	2022 USD
Gross profit/loss		(4,317)	(3,691)
Other financial income		0	12,349
Other financial expenses		0	(13,300)
Profit/loss before tax		(4,317)	(4,642)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	866	1,915
Profit/loss for the year		(3,451)	(2,727)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(3,451)	(2,727)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(3,451)	(2,727)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

		2023	2022
	Notes	USD	USD
Receivables from group enterprises		1,953	894
Other receivables		0	552
Joint taxation contribution receivable		828	1,021
Receivables		2,781	2,467
Current assets		2,781	2,467
Assets		2,781	2,467

Equity and liabilities

		2023	2022
	Notes	USD	USD
Contributed capital		90,542	90,542
Retained earnings		(95,291)	(91,840)
Equity		(4,749)	(1,298)
Trade payables		7,530	3,765
Current liabilities other than provisions		7,530	3,765
Liabilities other than provisions		7,530	3,765
Equity and liabilities		2,781	2,467
Going concern	1		
Employees	3		
Contingent liabilities	4		
Group relations	5		

Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed capital USD	Retained	
		earnings USD	Total
			USD
Equity beginning of year	90,542	(91,840)	(1,298)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(3,451)	(3,451)
Equity end of year	90,542	(95,291)	(4,749)

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Notes

1 Going concern

The company has obtained a written letter of support fra Havnegade Capital ApS stating the they will provide the necessary funds to ensure Cargo Captains A/S is able to meet their liabilities as they fall due. The written letter of support is applicable until at least 31 december 2024.

2 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2023	2022
	USD	USD
Current tax	(828)	(1,021)
Adjustment concerning previous years	(38)	(894)
	(866)	(1,915)

3 **Employees**

The Company has no employees.

4 Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Thornico Holding A/S serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies. The jointly taxed companies' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

5 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Thornico A/S. Odense, Denmark

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Non-comparability

The Financial Statements are presented in USD with exchange rate USD 674,47 at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022 - USD 697,22).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenseses.

Other external expenses

Other operating expenses comprise expenses relating to the Company's ordinary activities, including general corporate cost.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group

enterprises and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Company is participating in a joint-taxation scheme. The current income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.