

Danbridge Electronics ApS

Herlev Hovedgade 195, 1, 2730 Herlev

Annual report for 2019 (8th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 19 August 2020

Luke Lien

CVR no. 34 07 32 44

Revisionsfirmaet Morten Schneider-Statsautoriseret revisionsvirksomhed

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Danbridge Electronics ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends to the company in general meeting that the financial statements for 2020 are not to be audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Herlev, 19 August 2020

Executive board

Luke Lien director

The company in general meeting has resolved that the financial statements for the coming financial year are not be audited.

Auditor's report on compilation of the financial statements

To the shareholder of Danbridge Electronics ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Danbridge Electronics ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises income statement, balance sheet, notes and summary of significant accounting policies

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and FSR - Danish Auditors' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Frederiksberg, 19 August 2020 Revisionsfirmaet Morten Schneider Statsautoriseret revisionsvirksomhed CVR no. 33 17 69 96

> Morten Schneider Statsautoriseret revisor MNE no. mne8772

Company details

The company Danbridge Electronics ApS

Herlev Hovedgade 195, 1

2730 Herlev

CVR no.: 34 07 32 44

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2019

Domicile: Herlev

Executive board Luke Lien, director

Auditors Revisionsfirmaet Morten Schneider

Statsautoriseret revisionsvirksomhed

Dalgas Boulevard 168 2000 Frederiksberg

Management's review

Business review

The Company's objective is to directly or indirectly through other companies to perform business within development, production and sales of test and mesurement equipment including other businesses that according to the judgement of the director is connected thereto.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2019 shows a profit of DKK 550.103, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2019 shows negative equity of DKK 1.154.463.

Income statement 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		3.245.056	3.433.866
Staff costs	1	-2.498.147	-2.944.766
Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses		746.909	489.100
Profit/loss on ordinary activities before fair value adjustments		746.909	489.100
Profit/loss before net financials		746.909	489.100
Financial income	2	15.629	50.339
Financial costs	3	-57.277	-53.799
Profit/loss before tax		705.261	485.640
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-155.158	-174.895
Profit/loss for the year		550.103	310.745
Retained earnings		550.103	310.745
		550.103	310.745

Balance sheet at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Assets			
Other receivables		69.944	69.944
Fixed asset investments		69.944	69.944
Total non-current assets		69.944	69.944
Raw materials and consumables		3.216.072	3.366.379
Finished goods and goods for resale		132.493	233.239
Goods received not invoiced		6.611	-134.248
Stocks		3.355.176	3.465.370
Trade receivables		737.600	996.622
Other receivables		49.304	141.983
Deferred tax asset		260.307	415.465
Prepayments		44.914	41.446
Receivables		1.092.125	1.595.516
Cash at bank and in hand		168.725	610.727
Total current assets		4.616.026	5.671.613
Total assets		4.685.970	5.741.557

Balance sheet at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		89.220	89.220
Retained earnings		-1.243.683	-1.793.786
Equity	5	-1.154.463	-1.704.566
Subordinate loan capital		2.875.770	0
Holliday pay - long term		95.390	0
Total non-current liabilities		2.971.160	0
Trade payables		1.759.818	111.813
Payables to associates		206.350	3.834.711
Payables to shareholders and management		0	1.215.984
Other payables		903.105	2.283.615
Total current liabilities		2.869.273	7.446.123
Total liabilities		5.840.433	7.446.123
Total equity and liabilities		4.685.970	5.741.557
Contingent liabilities	6		
Mortgages and collateral	7		

Notes

		2019	2018
4	Chaff anala	DKK	DKK
1	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries	2.321.728	2.756.576
	Pensions	128.294	137.117
	Other social security costs	30.764	39.766
	Other staff costs	17.361	11.307
		2.498.147	2.944.766
	Average number of employees	4	5
2	Financial income		
	Exchange gains	15.629	50.339
		<u>15.629</u>	50.339
		2019	2018
3	Financial costs	DKK	DKK
	Other financial costs	9.262	12.233
	Exchange loss	48.015	41.566
		57.277	53.799
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	155.158	174.895
		<u>155.158</u>	174.895

Notes

5 Equity

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at the beginning	89.220	-1.793.786	-1.704.566
Net profit/loss for the year	0	550.103	550.103
Equity at the end	89.220	-1.243.683	-1.154.463

The share capital consists of 12.000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 7.435. No shares carry any special rights.

6 Contingent liabilities

The company has no contingent liabilities.

7 Mortgages and collateral

None

Accounting policies

The annual report of Danbridge Electronics ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2019 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Accounting policies

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of mortgage loans and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Stocks

Stocks are measured at cost using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables comprises the purchase price plus delivery costs.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress includes the cost of raw materials, consumables, direct cost of labour and production/production overheads.

The net realisable value of stocks is calculated as the selling price less costs of completion and expenses incurred to effect the sale. The net realisable value is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and expected selling price movements.

Accounting policies

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Provisions

Provisions comprise expected expenses relating to warranty commitments, losses on work in progress, restructuring, etc. Provisions are recognised when, as a result of a past event, the company has a legal or constructive obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.