ABAX Danmark A/S

Per Henrik Lings Allé 4, st. 2100 København Ø Denmark

CVR no. 34 05 47 38

Annual report 2018

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

31 May 2019

David Gerard Norton chairman

ABAX Danmark A/S Annual report 2018 CVR no. 34 05 47 38

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of ABAX Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2018.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2019 Executive Board:

Morten Callesen Morten Ahlmann Callesen

Board of Directors:

David Gerard Norton

Chairman

Morten Ditlev Strand



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of ABAX Danmark A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of ABAX Danmark A/S for the financial year 1 January — 31 December 2018 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the



Independent auditor's report

effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2019

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Killus Ryth State Authorised Public Accountant mne33205 **ABAX Danmark A/S** Annual report 2018 CVR no. 34 05 47 38

Management's review

Company details

ABAX Danmark A/S Per Henrik Lings Allé 4, st. 2100 København Ø Denmark

CVR no.: Registered office: 34 05 47 38

Copenhagen

Financial year:

1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors

David Gerard Norton, Chairman Morten Ditley Strand Karina Walseth Hansen

Executive Board

Morten Ahlmann Callesen

Auditor

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfaergevej 28 DK-2100 Copenhagen Denmark

Management's review

Operating review

Core activity

ABAX has defined it's social mission to be a problem solver for businesses using vehicles for work. The business consists of developing, selling and delivering ABAX electronic mileage logs and relevant associated services.

Development in activities and financial position

Loss for the year amounted to DKK 9,034 thousand (2017: DKK 5,775 thousand), and the Company's equity amounted to a negative DKK 17,371 thousand at 31 December 2018 (2017: DKK 8,337 thousand).

ABAX AS has issued a letter of support stating that they will provide the necessary financial support to ABAX Danmark A/S until annual general meeting in 2020.

Based on the letter of support and budgets for the years ahead, Management expects that equity will be restored based on operating profits generated in the years ahead.

Targets and expectations for the year ahead

ABAX Danmark A/S represents an important part of the ABAX International platform. The customer base is constantly growing in Denmark, but ABAX expects further investments in 2019, before we will see positive results in 2020.

Subsequent events

After the balancesheet date, no significant events have incurred.

Income statement

DKK	Note	2018	2017
Gross loss		-2,603,042	-42,850
Staff costs Depreciation, amortisation and impairment Operating loss	2	-5,879,174 -76,432 -8,558,648	-6,305,305 -94,200 -6,442,355
Financial income Financial expenses Loss before tax	3	626,817 -1,344,798 -9,276,629	892,318 -225,345 -5,775,382
Tax on loss for the year		243,100	0
Loss for the year		-9,033,529	-5,775,382
Proposed distribution of loss			
Retained earnings		-9,033,529	-5,775,382

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	31/12 2018	31/12 2017
ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4		
Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		<u>180,166</u>	256,598
Investments			
Investments in associates		40,276,917	29,089,937
Other receivables		200,973	200,973
		40,477,890	29,290,910
Total fixed assets		40,658,056	29,547,508
Current assets			
Inventories			
Raw materials and consumables		0	5,280
Receivables			
Trade receivables		2,358,108	2,192,201
Receivables from group entities		3 18, 915	45,595
Other receivables		2,532,204	1,982,763
Prepayments		92,796	361,862
		5,302,023	4,582,421
Cash at bank and in hand		773,373	1,806,202
Total current assets		6,075,396	6,393,903
TOTAL ASSETS		46,733,452	35,941,411

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	31/12 2018	31/12 2017
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Contributed capital	5	500,001	500,001
Retained earnings		17,870,536	<u>-8,837,007</u>
Total equity		-17,370,535	-8,337,006
Liabilities			
Current liabilities other than provisions			
Trade payables		267,656	1,143,520
Payables to group entities		62,796,757	42,325,544
Other payables		1,039,574	809,353
		64,103,987	44,278,417
Total liabilities		64,103,987	44,278,417
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		46,733,452	35,941,411
Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.	6		
Related party disclosures	7		

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	<u>capital</u>	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2018	500,001	-8,837,007	-8,337,006
Net loss for the year	0	-9,033,529	-9,033,529
Equity at 31 December 2018	500,001	-17,870,536	-17,370,535

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of ABAX Danmark A/S for 2018 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Omission of consolidated financial statements

Pursuant to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Income statement

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods is recognised in the income statement when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place, and the income may be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration, excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts granted are deducted from revenue.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items secondary to the activities of the entity, including gains on the disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other external costs

Other external costs comprise costs for distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, etc.

Gross Profit

Pursuant to Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross profit.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday allowance, pension and other social security costs, etc., to the Company's employees, excluding reimbursements from public authorities.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, financial costs regarding finance leases, gains and losses on securities, payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tax on loss for the year

ABAX Danmark A/S is comprised by the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiary. The subsidiary is included in the joint taxation from the date when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and up to the date when they are excluded from the consolidation.

ABAX Danmark A/S is the administrative company for the joint taxation and accordingly settles all payments of corporation tax to the tax authorities.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, current Danish corporation tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have used the losses to reduce their own taxable profit

Tax for the year comprises current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement at the amount attributable to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity at the amount attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The basis of depreciation is cost less any expected residual values after the end of the usefil life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use.

Where individual components of an item have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

The depreciable amount, which is calculated as cost less any residual values after the end of the useful life, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

5 years

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value.

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Goods for resale and raw materials and consumables are measured at cost, comprising purchase price plus delivery costs.

Finished goods and work in progress are measured at cost, comprising the cost of raw materials, consumables, direct wages and salaries and indirect production overheads. Indirect production overheads comprise indirect materials and wages and salaries as well as the maintenance of depreciation of production machinery, buildings and equipment as well as factory administration and management. Borrowing costs are not included in cost.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

Investments

Equity investment subsidiary is measured at cost. In case of indication of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. When the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Other receivables and deposits are recognised at amortised cost.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Receivables with no objective indication of individual impairment are assessed for objective indication of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' registered offices and credit rating in accordance with the Company's credit risk management policy. The objective indicators used in relation to portfolios are determined on the basis of historical loss experience.

Write-downs are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of receivables and the present value of forecast cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise costs incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax value, deferred tax is measured based on the intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

value of their utilisation, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities, comprising payables to credit institutions, trade payables and payables to group entities, are recognised at cost at the date of borrowing, equivalent to proceeds received less transaction costs paid. Subsequently, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

2 Staff costs

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	DKK	2018	2017
	Wages and salaries	3,810,888	3,670,667
	Pensions	300,214	227,961
	Other social security costs	68,711	47,158
	Other staff costs	1,69 <u>9,361</u>	<u>2,359,519</u>
		5,879,174	6,305,305
	Average number of full-time employees	7	5
3	Financial expenses		
	DKK	2018	2017
	Interest expense to group entities	1,005,885	208,995
	Other financial costs	338,911	16,350
		1,344,796	225,345

Notes

4 Property, plant and equipment

DIZIZ	fittings, tools and equipment	Total
Cost at 1 January 2018	625,281	625,281
Cost at 31 December 2018	625,281	625,281
Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2018	-368,683	-368,683
Depreciation for the year	-76,432	-76,432
Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2018	-445,115	-445,115
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	180,166	180,166

Fixtures and

5 Equity

The share capital consists of 500,001 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

Equity is negative, and consequently, the Company is subject to the capital provisions of the Danish Companies Act. The parent company, ABAX AS, committed to provide irrevocable and unconditional support so that the Company can continue its operations and pay its external creditors. The commitment has been provided for a period of 12 months.

6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The Company has entered into operating leases at the following amounts:

The remaining term of the leases is 23 months with an average monthly lease payment of DKK 24 thousand, totalling DKK 553 thousand (2017: 842 thousand). The lease is irrevocable until 1 December 2020.

Contingent liabilities

The Group's Danish entities are jointly and severally liable for tax on the Group's jointly taxed income and for certain withholding taxes such as dividend tax and royalty tax. Any subsequent corrections of the taxable income subject to joint taxation or withholding taxes on dividends, etc., may entail an increase in the entities' liability. The Group as a whole is not liable to any other parties

The Group's Danish entities are jointly and severally liable for the joint registration for VAT.

Notes

7 Related party disclosures

Consolidated financial statements

The financial statements of ABAX Danmark A/S are included in the consolidated financial statements of ABAX Group AS.

The annual report for the Group may be obtained at the following address:

ABAX Group AS Hammergata 24 3264 Larvik Norway