# Sophie Bille Brahe ApS

Hovedvagtsgade 8, 2. tv., DK-1103 København K

# Annual Report for 2023

CVR No. 33 97 10 87

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 30/4 2024

Anne-Sofie Møller Chairman of the general meeting



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# **Management's statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Sophie Bille Brahe ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

København K, 30 April 2024

#### **Executive Board**

Anne Sofie Møller CEO

### **Board of Directors**

Nicolaj Reffstrup Chairman Sophie Bille Brahe

Jeppe Juel Møller

Mads Jørgen Nøhr Clausen



# **Independent Auditor's report**

To the shareholders of Sophie Bille Brahe ApS

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Sophie Bille Brahe ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



# **Independent Auditor's report**

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aarhus C, 30 April 2024

**PricewaterhouseCoopers**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Henrik Trangeled Kristensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne23333 Jeppe Smed Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne40041



# **Company information**

The Company

Sophie Bille Brahe ApS Hovedvagtsgade 8, 2. tv. DK-1103 København K

CVR No: 33 97 10 87

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 15 October 2011 Financial year: 12th financial year Municipality of reg. office: København

Nicolaj Reffstrup, chairman Sophie Bille Brahe **Board of Directors** 

Jeppe Juel Møller

Mads Jørgen Nøhr Clausen

**Executive Board** Anne Sofie Møller

**Auditors**  ${\bf Price water house Coopers}$ 

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Jens Chr. Skous Vej 1

DK-8000 Aarhus C



# Management's review

## **Key activities**

The company's activity is to design, develop and sell jewellery.

### Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2023 shows a profit of DKK 10,875,598, and at 31 December 2023 the balance sheet of the Company shows a positive equity of DKK 37,420,359.

The company has established a subsidiary, Sophie Bille Brahe Inc, in the USA and has started sales activities through the subsidiary in 2023.

### **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



# **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		28,031,900	30,540,029
Staff expenses	1	-13,226,196	-13,232,549
Depreciation and impairment losses of property, plant and equipment		-643,028	-559,948
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		14,162,676	16,747,532
Financial income	2	506,076	657,053
Financial expenses	3	-588,366	-1,433,113
Profit/loss before tax		14,080,386	15,971,472
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	-3,204,788	-3,507,477
Net profit/loss for the year		10,875,598	12,463,995
Distribution of profit			
		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Extraordinary dividend paid		2,000,000	3,000,000
Retained earnings		8,875,598	9,463,995
		10,875,598	12,463,995



# **Balance sheet 31 December**

# Assets

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Completed development projects		548,370	740,033
Intangible assets	5	548,370	740,033
		120.000	190 717
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		138,902	138,716
Leasehold improvements		1,237,667	1,594,906
Property, plant and equipment		1,376,569	1,733,622
Investments in subsidiaries		6,563	6,563
Other receivables		419,565	441,490
Fixed asset investments		426,128	448,053
Fixed assets		2,351,067	2,921,708
Finished goods and goods for resale		19,576,859	17,608,091
Inventories		19,576,859	17,608,091
Trade receivables		8,169,472	8,919,110
Receivables from group enterprises		1,802,023	0,919,110
Other receivables		919,012	951,822
Prepayments		349,365	433,266
Receivables		11,239,872	10,304,198
Cash at bank and in hand		13,761,607	9,873,454
Current assets		44,578,338	37,785,743
Assets		46,929,405	40,707,451



# **Balance sheet 31 December**

# Liabilities and equity

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		376,927	376,927
Reserve for development costs		427,729	577,226
Retained earnings		36,615,703	27,590,608
Equity		37,420,359	28,544,761
Provision for deferred tax		193,815	227,050
Provisions		193,815	227,050
Trade payables		4,703,007	6,758,328
Payables to group enterprises		0	6,563
Corporation tax		2,129,940	700,058
Other payables		2,461,113	3,866,790
Deferred income		21,171	603,901
Short-term debt		9,315,231	11,935,640
Debt		9,315,231	11,935,640
Liabilities and equity		46,929,405	40,707,451
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	6		
Accounting Policies	7		



# Statement of changes in equity

		Reserve for development	Retained	
	Share capital	costs	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	376,927	577,226	27,590,608	28,544,761
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	-2,000,000	-2,000,000
Development costs for the year	0	-149,497	149,497	0
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	10,875,598	10,875,598
Equity at 31 December	376,927	427,729	36,615,703	37,420,359



Name			2023	2022
Wages and salaries         11,165,737         11,037,261           Pensions         1,509,761         1,185,011           Other social security expenses         221,315         184,712           Other staff expenses         329,547         825,565           13,226,196         13,232,549           Average number of employees         24         24           Average number of employees         24         24           2         DKK         DKK           DKK         DKK         DKK           Other financial income         31,982         2,744           Exchange gains         465,378         654,309           DKK         DKK         DKK           3. Financial expenses         10,613         0           Interest paid to group enterprises         10,613         0           Other financial expenses         52,491         508,042           Exchange adjustments, expenses         525,262         295,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         525,262         295,071           DKK         DKK         DKK           10,813         0         0           10,823         1,433,113         0           10,813         0         0			DKK	DKK
Pensions         1,509,761         1,185,011           Other social security expenses         221,315         184,712           Other staff expenses         329,547         825,565           13,226,106         13,232,549           Average number of employees         24         24           Average number of employees         24         24           2. Financial income         31,982         2,744           Interest received from group enterprises         8,716         0           Other financial income         31,982         2,744           Exchange gains         465,378         654,309           Exchange agins         506,076         657,053           3. Financial expenses         10,613         0           Interest paid to group enterprises         10,613         0           Other financial expenses         52,491         50,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         525,491         50,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         528,366         1,433,113           4. Income tax expense         2023         2022           DKK         DKK         DKK           4. Income tax expense         3,129,940         3,525,718           Current tax for the year	1.	Staff Expenses		
Pensions         1,509,761         1,185,011           Other social security expenses         221,315         184,712           Other staff expenses         329,547         825,565           13,226,106         13,232,549           Average number of employees         24         24           Average number of employees         24         24           2. Financial income         31,982         2,744           Interest received from group enterprises         8,716         0           Other financial income         31,982         2,744           Exchange gains         465,378         654,309           Exchange agins         506,076         657,053           3. Financial expenses         10,613         0           Interest paid to group enterprises         10,613         0           Other financial expenses         52,491         50,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         525,491         50,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         528,366         1,433,113           4. Income tax expense         2023         2022           DKK         DKK         DKK           4. Income tax expense         3,129,940         3,525,718           Current tax for the year		Wages and salaries	11,165,573	11,037,261
Other social security expenses         221,315         184,712           Other staff expenses         329,547         825,565           13,226,196         13,232,549           Average number of employees         24         24           Average number of employees         24         24           2. Financial income         3000         000           Interest received from group enterprises         8,716         0           Other financial income         31,982         2,744           Exchange gains         465,378         654,309           Exchange gains         506,076         657,053           3. Financial expenses         10,613         0           Other financial expenses         52,491         508,042           Exchange adjustments, expenses         52,491         508,042           Exchange adjustments, expenses         525,262         925,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         528,366         1,433,113           4. Income tax expense         2023         2022           Dokk         Dokk         Dokk           4. Income tax expense         3,129,940         3,525,718           Current tax for the year         3,3235         -18,241           Adjustment of tax		_		
Other staff expenses         329,547         825,565           13,226,196         13,232,549           Average number of employees         24         24           2023         DKK         DKK           2. Financial income         8,716         0           Other financial income         31,982         2,744           Exchange gains         465,378         654,309           Sexchange gains         2023         2022           DKK         DKK           3. Financial expenses         10,613         0           Interest paid to group enterprises         10,613         0           Other financial expenses         52,491         508,042           Exchange adjustments, expenses         522,526         925,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         528,366         1,433,113           4. Income tax expense           Current tax for the year         3,129,940         3,525,718           Deferred tax for the year         3,3235         -18,241           Adjustment of tax concerning previous years         108,083         0		Other social security expenses		
Average number of employees 24 24  Average number of employees 2023 2022		· -		
2023   2022     DKK   DKK     DKK		-	13,226,196	
DKK   DKK		Average number of employees	24	24
DKK   DKK				
2. Financial income         Interest received from group enterprises       8,716       0         Other financial income       31,982       2,744         Exchange gains       465,378       654,309         506,076       657,053         DKK       DKK         3. Financial expenses       10,613       0         Interest paid to group enterprises       10,613       0         Other financial expenses       52,491       508,042         Exchange adjustments, expenses       525,262       925,071         Exchange adjustments, expenses       528,366       1,433,113         4. Income tax expense       2023       2022         DKK       DKK         4. Income tax expense       3,129,940       3,525,718         Deferred tax for the year       33,235       -18,241         Adjustment of tax concerning previous years       108,083       0			2023	2022
Interest received from group enterprises         8,716         0           Other financial income         31,982         2,744           Exchange gains         465,378         554,309           506,076         657,053           DKK         DKK           3. Financial expenses         10,613         0           Other financial expenses         52,491         508,042           Exchange adjustments, expenses         525,262         925,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         588,366         1,433,113           4. Income tax expense         2023         2022           DKK         DKK           4. Income tax expense         3,129,940         3,525,718           Deferred tax for the year         3,129,940         3,525,718           Deferred tax for the year         -33,235         -18,241           Adjustment of tax concerning previous years         108,083         0	9	Figure del income	DKK	DKK
Other financial income         31,982         2,744           Exchange gains         465,378         654,309           506,076         657,053           3. Financial expenses         DKK         DKK           3. Financial expenses         10,613         0           Other financial expenses         52,491         508,042           Exchange adjustments, expenses         525,262         925,071           Exchange adjustments, expenses         528,366         1,433,113           4. Income tax expense         2023         2022           Current tax for the year         3,129,940         3,525,718           Deferred tax for the year         -33,235         -18,241           Adjustment of tax concerning previous years         108,083         0	۷.	rmanciai income		
Exchange gains         465,378 b 654,309 b 506,076         657,053           2023 DKK DKK           3. Financial expenses           Interest paid to group enterprises         10,613 0 0 0 b 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		g <u> </u>		
2023   2022   DKK   DKK     3. Financial expenses   10,613   0 Other financial expenses   52,491   508,042   Exchange adjustments, expenses   525,262   925,071   588,366   1,433,113     4. Income tax expense   2023   2022   DKK   DKK     4. Income tax expense   2023   2022   DKK   DKK     5. Income tax expense   2023   2022   DKK   DKK     6. Income tax expense   2023   2022   2025			· ·	
2023   2022     DKK   DKK     3. Financial expenses     Interest paid to group enterprises   10,613   0     Other financial expenses   52,491   508,042     Exchange adjustments, expenses   525,262   925,071     Exchange adjustments, expenses   528,366   1,433,113		Exchange gains		
DKK   DKK			506,076	657,053
DKK   DKK				
3. Financial expenses         Interest paid to group enterprises       10,613       0         Other financial expenses       52,491       508,042         Exchange adjustments, expenses       525,262       925,071         588,366       1,433,113         DKK       DKK         4. Income tax expense       Current tax for the year       3,129,940       3,525,718         Deferred tax for the year       -33,235       -18,241         Adjustment of tax concerning previous years       108,083       0			2023	2022
Interest paid to group enterprises 10,613 0 Other financial expenses 52,491 508,042 Exchange adjustments, expenses 525,262 925,071  588,366 1,433,113  2023 2022  DKK DKK  4. Income tax expense  Current tax for the year 3,129,940 3,525,718 Deferred tax for the year -33,235 -18,241 Adjustment of tax concerning previous years 108,083 0			DKK	DKK
Other financial expenses       52,491       508,042         Exchange adjustments, expenses       525,262       925,071         588,366       1,433,113         2023       2022         DKK       DKK         4. Income tax expense       3,129,940       3,525,718         Deferred tax for the year       33,235       -18,241         Adjustment of tax concerning previous years       108,083       0	<b>3</b> .	Financial expenses		
Exchange adjustments, expenses 525,262 925,071  588,366 1,433,113  2023 2022  DKK DKK  4. Income tax expense  Current tax for the year 3,129,940 3,525,718  Deferred tax for the year -33,235 -18,241  Adjustment of tax concerning previous years 108,083 0		Interest paid to group enterprises	10,613	0
2023   2022   DKK   DKK		Other financial expenses	52,491	508,042
2023 2022  DKK DKK  4. Income tax expense  Current tax for the year 3,129,940 3,525,718  Deferred tax for the year -33,235 -18,241  Adjustment of tax concerning previous years 108,083 0		Exchange adjustments, expenses	525,262	925,071
4. Income tax expense  Current tax for the year Deferred tax for the year Adjustment of tax concerning previous years  OKK  DKK  DKK  3,129,940 3,525,718  -33,235 -18,241  108,083 0			588,366	1,433,113
4. Income tax expense  Current tax for the year Deferred tax for the year Adjustment of tax concerning previous years  OKK  DKK  DKK  3,129,940 3,525,718  -33,235 -18,241  108,083 0				
4. Income tax expense  Current tax for the year Deferred tax for the year Adjustment of tax concerning previous years  OKK  DKK  DKK  3,129,940 3,525,718  -33,235 -18,241  108,083 0			2023	2022
Current tax for the year3,129,9403,525,718Deferred tax for the year-33,235-18,241Adjustment of tax concerning previous years108,0830				DKK
Deferred tax for the year -33,235 -18,241 Adjustment of tax concerning previous years 108,083 0	4.	Income tax expense		
Adjustment of tax concerning previous years 108,083 0		Current tax for the year	3,129,940	3,525,718
		Deferred tax for the year	-33,235	-18,241
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	108,083	0
			3,204,788	3,507,477



## 5. Intangible fixed assets

Development projects relate to the development and implementation of a new ERP system. The ERP system as of 31 December 2022 is fully developed and depreciation has started. The accounting value as of 31 December 2023 amounts to DKK 548,370. The ERP-system contributes positively to the operation of the firm.

		2023	2022
	_	DKK	DKK
6.	Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations		
	Rental and lease obligations		
	Lease obligations under operating leases. Total future lease payments:		
	Within 1 year	1,045,427	1,016,735
	Between 1 and 5 years	886,259	1,916,243
		1.931.686	2,932,978

### Other contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Selskabet af 3. maj 2022 ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.



## 7. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Sophie Bille Brahe ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in DKK.

#### Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements are prepared.

#### Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement; however, see the section on hedge accounting.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

## Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.



### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, other operating income, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### Staff expenses

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pensions as well as other social security contributions etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

#### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Company, including gains and losses on the sale of property, plant and equipment.

### Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividends from subsidiaries are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the subsidiary. However, dividends relating to earnings in the subsidiary before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the subsidiary.

## Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Selskabet af 3. maj 2022 ApS. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.



### **Balance sheet**

### Intangible fixed assets

Development projects

Costs of development projects comprise salaries, amortisation and other expenses directly or indirectly attributable to the Company's development activities.

Development projects that are clearly defined and identifiable and in respect of which technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise can be demonstrated, and where it is the intention to manufacture, market or use the project, are recognised as intangible assets. This applies if sufficient certainty exists that the value in use of future earnings can cover cost of sales, distribution and administrative expenses involved as well as the development costs.

Development projects that do not meet the criteria for recognition in the balance sheet are recognised as expenses in the income statement as incurred.

Capitalised development costs are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses or at a lower recoverable amount. An amount corresponding to the recognised development costs is allocated to the equity item 'Reserve for development costs'. The reserve comprises only development costs recognised in financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The reserve is reduced by amortisation of and impairment losses on the development projects on a continuing basis.

As of the date of completion, capitalised development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the expected economic benefit from the development work. The amortisation period is 5 year.

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-5 years Leasehold improvements 5 years

The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment and investments are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.



#### Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of rent deposits.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses and costs of completion. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables equals landed cost.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

### Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

#### Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.

