Eyeproof ApS under frivillig likvidation

c/o Plesner Advokatfirma, Amerika Plads 37, DK-2100 København Ø

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2019

CVR No 33 95 84 63

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 24/6 2020

Henrik Laursen Liquidator



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Management's Statement

The Liquidator has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Eyeproof ApS under frivillig likvidation for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Given to the best of my knowledge the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2019.

Given to the best of my knowledge, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

I recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 24 June 2020

Liquidator

Henrik Laursen

The Annual General Meeting has decided that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be subject to any audit.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Eyeproof ApS under frivillig likvidation

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Eyeproof ApS under frivillig likvidation for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstate-



Independent Auditor's Report

ment, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Liquidator is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern taking into account the liquidation in progress, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using appropriate accounting policies taking into account the liquidation in progress.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Liquidator's use of the significant accounting policies in preparing the Financial Statements and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern taking into account the liquidation in progress. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the



Independent Auditor's Report

disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 24 June 2020 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

René Otto Poulsen statsautoriseret revisor mne26718 Henrik Hornbæk statsautoriseret revisor mne32802



Company Information

The Company Eyeproof ApS under frivillig likvidation

c/o Plesner Advokatfirma

Amerika Plads 37

DK-2100 København Ø

CVR No: 33 95 84 63

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: København

Liquidator Henrik Laursen

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



Management's Review

The Financial Statements of Eyeproof ApS for 2019 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

Main activity

The company's main activity was to operate in the development, service and sales of technologies based products and services including eye tracking technology, and related activities.

On the 20 December 2019 it has been decided to liquidate the company in a solvent liquidation.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2019 shows a loss of DKK 61,286, and at 31 December 2019 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 55,862.

In 2019 the company received a contribution amounting to DKK 2,148,582.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Recognition and measurement in the Annual Report have not been subject to any uncertainty.

Subsequent events

No subsequent events.



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2019 DKK	2018 DKK
Gross profit/loss		-53,688	-47,901
Financial expenses	1	-7,598	-96,801
Profit/loss before tax		-61,286	-144,702
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	0	2,150
Net profit/loss for the year	-	-61,286	-142,552
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings	_	-61,286	-142,552
	_	-61.286	-142.552



Balance Sheet 31 December

	Note	2019	2018
		DKK	DKK
Assets			
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises	_	2,150	2,150
Receivables	-	2,150	2,150
Cash at bank and in hand	-	122,545	143,328
Currents assets	-	124,695	145,478
Assets	-	124,695	145,478
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		80,000	80,000
Retained earnings	_	-24,138	-2,111,434
Equity	_	55,862	-2,031,434
Payables to group enterprises	_	0	2,148,582
Long-term debt	3 _	0	2,148,582
Payables to group enterprises	3	17,537	0
Other payables	_	51,296	28,330
Short-term debt	_	68,833	28,330
Debt	_	68,833	2,176,912
Liabilities and equity	_	124,695	145,478
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	80,000	-2,111,434	-2,031,434
Contribution from group enterprises	0	2,148,582	2,148,582
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-61,286	-61,286
Equity at 31 December	80,000	-24,138	55,862



Notes to the Financial Statements

		2019	2018
1	Financial expenses	DKK	DKK
	Interest payable to group enterprises	0	88,815
	Other financial expenses	7,598	7,986
		7,598	96,801
2	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	0	-2,150
		0	-2,150

3 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

Payables to group enterprises

Between 1 and 5 years	0	2,148,582
Long-term part		2,148,582
Other short-term debt to group enterprises	17,537	0
	17,537	2,148,582

4 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The Company is included in Danish joint taxation. Consequently, under the rules of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is jointly and severally liable for income tax of the jointly taxed companies.



Notes to the Financial Statements

5 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Eyeproof ApS under frivillig likvidation for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The company has entered into liquidation and the financial statements are no longer prepared on a going concern basis.

The Financial Statements for 2019 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Income Statement

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent company. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to



Notes to the Financial Statements

5 Accounting Policies (continued)

enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

