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## **Newcobh Holding ApS**

Sofievej 7 2950 Vedbæk CVR No. 33882262

## Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 01.07.2023

#### Ole Bødtcher-Hansen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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## **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

Newcobh Holding ApS Sofievej 7 2950 Vedbæk

Business Registration No.: 33882262

Registered office: Hørsholm

Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

#### **Executive Board**

Ole Bødtcher-Hansen

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Newcobh Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Vedbæk, 01.07.2023

**Executive Board** 

Ole Bødtcher-Hansen

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Newcobh Holding ApS

## Report on the audit of the financial statements Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Newcobh Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark,

we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements and other reporting responsibilities

#### Non-compliance with the provisions of the Danish Companies Act on loans to owners

Without qualifying our opinon, we must inform you that, in violation of section 210 of the Danish Companies Act, the company has by mistake unintentionally granted a loan to the shareholder, for which Management may be held liable. The loan including interests has been repaid before the end of the financial year.

Copenhagen, 01.07.2023

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### **Stine Eva Grothen**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne29431

## **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The activities of the Company consist of investments in securities and expedition cruise ships and related activities.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The decline in the financial markets in 2022 had a negative impact on the financial outcome resulting in a loss for the year of DKK 33,923 thousand against a profit of DKK 39,069 thousand for 2021.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2022**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(150,066)	(175,000)
Income from investments in group enterprises		(20,842,041)	35,647,559
Income from investments in associates		(15,686,215)	0
Other financial income	1	6,610,630	4,516,018
Other financial expenses	2	(3,131,930)	(47,733)
Profit/loss before tax		(33,199,622)	39,940,844
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	(723,762)	(871,472)
Profit/loss for the year		(33,923,384)	39,069,372
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		5,800,000	2,500,000
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		3,000,000	0
Retained earnings		(42,723,384)	36,569,372
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(33,923,384)	39,069,372

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2022**

#### **Assets**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in group enterprises		134,524,338	160,216,379
Investments in associates		81,185,417	27,863,550
Receivables from associates		0	48,434,715
Financial assets	4	215,709,755	236,514,644
Fixed assets		215,709,755	236,514,644
Receivables from group enterprises		0	6,122,645
Income tax receivable		383,001	0
Joint taxation contribution receivable		0	5,592,903
Receivables		383,001	11,715,548
Cash		597,187	76,733
Current assets		980,188	11,792,281
Assets		216,689,943	248,306,925

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		80,000	80,000
Retained earnings		194,153,038	236,876,422
Proposed dividend		5,800,000	2,500,000
Equity		200,033,038	239,456,422
Bank loans		274	42,171
Payables to group enterprises		15,453,686	193,323
Income tax payable		0	5,780,459
Joint taxation contribution payable		1,080,763	0
Other payables		122,182	2,834,550
Current liabilities other than provisions		16,656,905	8,850,503
Liabilities other than provisions		16,656,905	8,850,503
Equity and liabilities		216,689,943	248,306,925
Employees	5		
Contingent liabilities	6		
Assets charged and collateral	7		
Receivables from management category repaid during the financial year	8		

# **Statement of changes in equity for 2022**

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Proposed extraordinary dividend DKK	Proposed dividend DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	80,000	236,876,422	0	2,500,000	239,456,422
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	(3,000,000)	0	(3,000,000)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(42,723,384)	3,000,000	5,800,000	(33,923,384)
Equity end of year	80,000	194,153,038	0	5,800,000	200,033,038

## **Notes**

#### 1 Other financial income

	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	0	86,462
Other interest income	2,872	676,029
Exchange rate adjustments	6,561,163	3,387,888
Interest regarding tax paid on account	46,595	365,639
	6,610,630	4,516,018
2 Other financial expenses		
•	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	734,342	0
Other interest expenses	5,333	1,281
Exchange rate adjustments	2,340,577	0
Other financial expenses	51,678	46,452
	3,131,930	47,733
3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	723,762	865,485
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	5,987
	723,762	871,472

#### **4 Financial assets**

	Investments	Investments	Receivables
	in group	in	from
	enterprises	associates	associates
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cost beginning of year	247,078,950	27,863,550	45,047,669
Additions	0	83,746,722	60,990,081
Disposals	0	0	(106,037,750)
Cost end of year	247,078,950	111,610,272	0
Revaluations beginning of year	0	0	3,387,046
Exchange rate adjustments	0	0	4,573,660
Reversal regarding disposals	0	0	(7,960,706)
Revaluations end of year	0	0	0
Impairment losses beginning of year	(86,862,571)	0	0
Share of profit/loss for the year	(20,842,041)	0	0
Dividend	(4,850,000)	0	0
Impairment losses for the year	0	(30,424,855)	0
Impairment losses end of year	(112,554,612)	(30,424,855)	0
Carrying amount end of year	134,524,338	81,185,417	0

			Equity		
		Corporate	interest	Equity	Profit/loss
Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	form	%	DKK	DKK
OBH Holding ApS	Hørsholm	ApS	60	224,125,025	(34,712,394)
VCG III ApS	Hørsholm	ApS	100	49,322	(14,605)

			Equity		
		Corporate	interest	Equity	Profit/loss
Investments in associates	Registered in	form	%	DKK	DKK
DSO Holding ApS	Danmark	ApS	33.33	15,379,641	8,718,785
Danish Cruise Holdings ApS	Danmark	ApS	33.33	243,709,960	(66,466,673)

Investments in associates are recognised at cost in accordance with accounting policies.

#### **5 Employees**

The Entity has no employees except for the CEO.

#### **6 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity serves as the administration company in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for these entities.

#### 7 Assets charged and collateral

The company has issued a letter of financial support in respect of the associated companies Danish Cruise Holdings ApS and subsidiaries, and DSO Holding ApS and subsidiaries.

#### 8 Receivables from management category repaid during the financial year

The company has by mistake unintentionally granted a loan to the owner during the financial year with no agreed terms or securities. The loan including interest in total 265,526 DKK was repaid through distribution of extraordinary dividends on 9 December 2022.

Interest rate: 10.05 % + discount rate.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administration costs.

#### Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

#### Income from investments in associates

Income from investments in associates comprises the pro rata share of the individual associates' profit/loss after pro rata elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Investments in group enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intragroup profits or losses.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in associates fall within the definitions of both participating interests and associates, yet in the financial statements they have been presented as investments in associates because this designation reflects more accurately the Company's involvement in the relevant entities.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's

taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

#### Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### **Dividend**

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.