# Poseidicom ApS

Strandbjerg 6 B, DK-2960 Rungsted Kyst

# Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2020

CVR No 33 78 65 81

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 8 /6 2021

Søren Dam Chairman of the General Meeting



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## **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Poseidicom ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the Financial Statements and the Consolidated Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and the Group and of the results of the Company and Group operations and of consolidated cash flows for 2020.

I recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Rungsted, 8 June 2021

**Executive Board** 

Søren Dam



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholder of Poseidicom ApS

#### Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Group's and the Parent Company's operations and of consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements of Poseidicom ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company, as well as consolidated statement of cash flows ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements and has been prepared in



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's and the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Reporting obligations under section 7(2) of the Danish Executive Order on Approved Auditors' Reports

#### Non-compliance with Danish tax legislation

The Management has not, in violation of tax legislation, reported dividend and payed dividend tax on time.

Esbjerg, 8 June 2021 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Henning Tønder Olesen State Authorised Public Accountant mne27864



## **Company Information**

The Company	Poseidicom ApS Strandbjerg 6 B DK-2960 Rungsted Kyst
	CVR No: 33 78 65 81 Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Hørsholm
Executive Board	Søren Dam
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Esbjerg Brygge 28 DK-6700 Esbjerg



## **Financial Highlights**

Seen over a three-year period, the development of the Group is described by the following financial highlights:

	Group		
	2020 2019 201		
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Key figures			
Profit/loss			
Operating profit/loss	9.216	6.923	4.553
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	9.216	6.923	4.553
Net financials	-1.358	-612	-258
Net profit/loss for the year	5.905	4.797	3.224
Balance sheet			
Balance sheet total	215.805	97.285	71.240
Equity	15.168	12.788	7.991
Cash flows			
Cash flows from:			
- operating activities	-16.632	-1.978	-3.092
- financing activities	16.403	4.506	207
Change in cash and cash equivalents for the year	-229	2.528	-2.885
Ratios			
Return on assets	4,3%	7,1%	6,4%
Solvency ratio	7,0%	13,1%	11,2%
Return on equity	42,2%	46,2%	50,5%

The ratios have been prepared in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts. For definitions, see under accounting policies.

## Management's Review

#### **Key activities**

The object of the parent company is to act as af holding company.

The object of the Group Company is to purchase and sell fish and related activity.

#### Development in the year

The income statement of the Group for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 5,905,013, and at 31 December 2020 the balance sheet of the Group shows equity of DKK 15,167,994.

#### The past year and follow-up on development expectations from last year

The development in profit before tax is considered satisfying.

#### Targets and expectations for the year ahead

For 2021 the management expect continuous positive results.

#### **External environment**

It is a continuing goal for the company to influence the environment to the least possible extent.

#### **Unusual events**

The financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Group and the results of the activities and cash flows of the Group for the financial year for 2020 have not been affected by any unusual events.

#### Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

## Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

		Grou	р	Parent Cor	mpany
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		10.666.653	7.896.986	-8.661	-7.317
Staff expenses Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and	1	-1.163.969	-687.647	0	0
property, plant and equipment	2	-286.307	-286.307	0	0
Profit/loss before financial income					
and expenses		9.216.377	6.923.032	-8.661	-7.317
Income from investments in					
subsidiaries		0	0	6.023.775	4.901.205
Financial expenses		-1.358.354	-612.129	-112.011	-115.263
Profit/loss before tax		7.858.023	6.310.903	5.903.103	4.778.625
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-1.953.010	-1.513.722	1.910	18.556
Net profit/loss for the year		5.905.013	4.797.181	5.905.013	4.797.181

## **Balance Sheet 31 December**

### Assets

		Grou	р	Parent Co	mpany
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Goodwill		1.302.076	1.588.413	0	0
Intangible assets	4	1.302.076	1.588.413	0	0
Investments in subsidiaries	5	0	0	23.682.399	21.658.624
Deposits	6	7.140	7.140	0	0
Fixed asset investments		7.140	7.140	23.682.399	21.658.624
Fixed assets		1.309.216	1.595.553	23.682.399	21.658.624
Raw materials and consumables		6.999.740	4.296.510	0	0
Finished goods and goods for resal	е	5.466.115	13.677.272	0	0
Prepayments for goods		0	1.924.114	0	0
Inventories		12.465.855	19.897.896	0	0
Trade receivables		186.947.242	71.802.539	0	0
Other receivables		7.607.046	0	0	0
Corporation tax receivable from					
group enterprises		0	0	1.910	286.556
Prepayments		3.715.864	0	0	0
Receivables		198.270.152	71.802.539	1.910	286.556
Cash at bank and in hand		3.759.803	3.988.909	31.664	10.706
Currents assets		214.495.810	95.689.344	33.574	297.262
Assets		215.805.026	97.284.897	23.715.973	21.955.886



## **Balance Sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

		Grou	р	Parent Co	mpany
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Share capital Reserve for net revaluation under th	e	61.200	80.000	61.200	80.000
equity method	-	0	0	15.182.399	13.158.624
Retained earnings		15.106.794	12.707.981	-75.605	-450.643
Equity		15.167.994	12.787.981	15.167.994	12.787.981
Other payables		41.183	8.981	0	0
Long-term debt	8	41.183	8.981	0	0
Credit institutions		24.640.758	4.712.600	0	0
Trade payables		148.971.522	68.091.852	0	0
Payables to group enterprises		0	0	4.850.980	8.011.641
Payables to owners and					
Management		89.846	0	89.846	0
Corporation tax		4.261.431	2.396.986	2.308.421	1.151.264
Other payables	8	22.632.292	9.286.497	1.298.732	5.000
Short-term debt		200.595.849	84.487.935	8.547.979	9.167.905
Debt		200.637.032	84.496.916	8.547.979	9.167.905
Liabilities and equity		215.805.026	97.284.897	23.715.973	21.955.886
Distribution of profit Contingent assets, liabilities and	7				
other financial obligations	11				
Accounting Policies	12				



## **Statement of Changes in Equity**

Group

Cloup	Share capital	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity <u>method</u> DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity at 1 January	80.000	0	12.707.981	12.787.981
Cash capital reduction	-18.800	0	-3.506.200	-3.525.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	5.905.013	5.905.013
Equity at 31 December	61.200	0	15.106.794	15.167.994

#### Parent Company

		Reserve for net		
		revaluation		
		under the equity	Retained	
	Share capital	method	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	80.000	13.158.624	-450.643	12.787.981
Cash capital reduction	-18.800	0	-3.506.200	-3.525.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	2.023.775	3.881.238	5.905.013
Equity at 31 December	61.200	15.182.399	-75.605	15.167.994



## **Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 31 December**

		Grou	р
	Note	2020	2019
		DKK	DKK
Net profit/loss for the year		5.905.013	4.797.181
Adjustments	9	3.597.671	2.412.158
Change in working capital	10	-24.688.058	-8.479.054
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income and			
expenses		-15.185.374	-1.269.715
Financial expenses		-1.358.355	-612.129
Cash flows from ordinary activities		-16.543.729	-1.881.844
Corporation tax paid		-88.565	-95.766
Cash flows from operating activities		-16.632.294	-1.977.610
Purchase of intangible assets		30	0
Cash flows from investing activities		30	0
Repayment of loans from credit institutions		19.928.158	4.506.005
Cash capital reduction		-3.525.000	0
Cash flows from financing activities		16.403.158	4.506.005
Change in cash and cash equivalents		-229.106	2.528.395
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		3.988.909	1.460.514
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		3.759.803	3.988.909
Cash and cash equivalents are specified as follows:			
Cash at bank and in hand		3.759.803	3.988.909
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		3.759.803	3.988.909



		Group		Parent Co	mpany
		2020	2019	2020	2019
1	Staff expenses	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
	Wages and salaries	1.153.018	675.669	0	0
	Other social security expenses	10.951	5.848	0	0
	Other staff expenses	0	6.130	0	0
		1.163.969	687.647	0	0
	Average number of employees	2	2	0	0

Remuneration to the Executive Board has not been disclosed in accordance with section 98 B(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### 2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

Amortisation of intangible assets	286.307	286.307	0	0
	286.307	286.307	0	0
Tax on profit/loss for the year				
Current tax for the year	1.953.010	1.513.722	-1.910	-18.556
	1.953.010	1.513.722	-1.910	-18.556



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#### 4 Intangible assets

Group

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Gloup	Goodwill
	DKK
Cost at 1 January	2.863.037
Cost at 31 December	2.863.037
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January	1.274.654
Amortisation for the year	286.307
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December	1.560.961
Carrying amount at 31 December	1.302.076

	Parent Co	Parent Company	
	2020	2019	
Investments in subsidiaries	DKK	DKK	
Cost at 1 January	8.500.000	8.500.000	
Cost at 31 December	8.500.000	8.500.000	
Value adjustments at 1 January	13.158.624	8.257.419	
Net profit/loss for the year	6.310.082	5.187.512	
Dividend to the Parent Company	-4.000.000	0	
Amortisation of goodwill	-286.307	-286.307	
Value adjustments at 31 December	15.182.399	13.158.624	
Carrying amount at 31 December	23.682.399	21.658.624	
Remaining positive difference included in the above carrying amount at 31			
December	1.302.106	1.588.413	

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

	Place of		Votes and
Name	registered office	Share capital	ownership
Skaga Invest ApS	Hørsholm	DKK 1.000.000	100%

pwc

#### 6 Other fixed asset investments

	Group
	Deposits
	ОКК
Cost at 1 January	7.140
Cost at 31 December	7.140
Carrying amount at 31 December	7.140

		Group		Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
7	Distribution of profit	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
	Reserve for net revaluation under the				
	equity method	0	0	2.023.775	4.901.205
	Retained earnings	5.905.013	4.797.181	3.881.238	-104.024
		5.905.013	4.797.181	5.905.013	4.797.181

#### 8 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	Group		Parent Company	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Other payables	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Between 1 and 5 years	41.183	8.981	0	0
Long-term part	41.183	8.981	0	0
Other short-term payables	22.632.292	9.286.497	1.298.732	5.000
	22.673.475	9.295.478	1.298.732	5.000



				Group	
				2020	2019
9	Cash flow statement - adjustmen	ts		DKK	DKK
	Financial expenses			1.358.354	612.129
	Depreciation, amortisation and impairmen	t losses, including	losses and		
	gains on sales			286.307	286.307
	Tax on profit/loss for the year			1.953.010	1.513.722
				3.597.671	2.412.158
10	Cash flow statement - change in v	vorking capital			
	Change in inventories			7.432.041	-10.930.774
	Change in receivables			-126.467.613	-12.872.276
	Change in trade payables, etc			94.347.514	15.323.996
				-24.688.058	-8.479.054
		Grou	p	Parent Company	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
11	Contingent assets, liabilities and	DKK other financia	DKK obligations	DKK	DKK
	Charges and security The following assets have been placed as				
	Investments in subsidiaries carrying	,			
	amount	23.682.399	21.658.624	23.682.399	21.658.624

#### **Contingent liabilities**

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income.



#### **12** Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Poseidicom ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Consolidated and Parent Company Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in DKK.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Parent Company, Poseidicom ApS, and subsidiaries in which the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the votes or in which the Parent Company, through share ownership or otherwise, exercises control. Enterprises in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the votes and exercises significant influence but not control are classified as associates.

On consolidation, items of a uniform nature are combined. Elimination is made of intercompany income and expenses, shareholdings, dividends and accounts as well as of realised and unrealised profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises.

The Parent Company's investments in the consolidated subsidiaries are set off against the Parent Company's share of the net asset value of subsidiaries stated at the time of consolidation.



#### **12** Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Business combinations**

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

### **Income Statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

#### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, revenue has not been disclosed in the Annual report.

#### Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

#### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets.



#### 12 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

### **Balance Sheet**

#### Intangible assets

Goodwill acquired is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life, which is assessed at 10 years.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend



#### 12 Accounting Policies (continued)

distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

#### Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of deposits.

#### Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses. The net realisable value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables equals landed cost.

#### Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.



#### **12** Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

### **Cash Flow Statement**

The cash flow statement shows the Group's cash flows for the year broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

#### Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the year adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

#### Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

#### Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise "Cash at bank and in hand" and "Overdraft facilities".

The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the published financial records.

**12** Accounting Policies (continued)

### **Financial Highlights**

**Explanation of financial ratios** 

Return on assets

Solvency ratio

Profit before financials x 100 Total assets

Equity at year end x 100 Total assets at year end

Return on equity

Net profit for the year x 100 Average equity

