

Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S

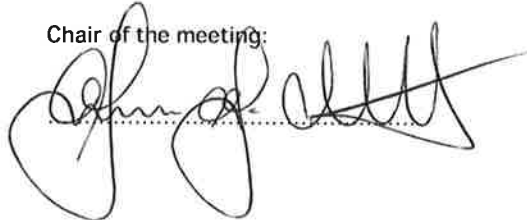
Galoche Alle 16, 4600 Køge, Denmark

CVR no. 33 78 56 82

Annual report 2021

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 28 February 2022

Chair of the meeting:



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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Group's and the Company's operations and of the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Group's and the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Group's and the Company's operations and financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Køge, 28 February 2022
Executive Board:



Lasse Lindberg Nielsen

Board of Directors:

Thomas Jari Dywremose
Chair



Keun Bae Kim



Choon Sung Lee



Lasse Lindberg Nielsen

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Group's and the Company's operations and of the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

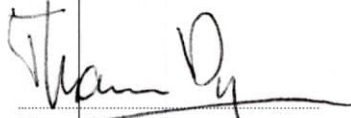
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We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Køge, 28 February 2022
Executive Board:

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Lasse Lindberg Nielsen

Board of Directors:


.....
Thomas Jarl Dywremose
Chair

.....
Keun Bae Kim

.....
Choon Sung Lee

.....
Lasse Lindberg Nielsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies, for the Group and the Parent Company, and a consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2021, and of the results of the Group's and Parent Company's operations as well as the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent Company financial statements" (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the financial statements") section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- ▶ Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.


Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 28 February 2022
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 30 70 02 28


Mogens Andreasen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne28603


Allan Nørgaard
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne35501

Management's review

Company details

Name	Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S
Address, Postal code, City	Galoche Alle 16, 4600 Køge, Denmark
CVR no.	33 78 56 82
Established	12 July 2011
Registered office	Køge
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Website	www.novencogroup.com
E-mail	info@novencogroup.com
Telephone	+45 70 12 42 22
Board of Directors	Thomas Jarl Dywremose, Chair Keun Bae Kim Choon Sung Lee Lasse Lindberg Nielsen
Executive Board	Lasse Lindberg Nielsen
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

Management's review

Financial highlights for the Group

DKK'000	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Key figures					
Revenue	297,699	435,157	433,083	353,147	358,472
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)	-490	13,121	-27,578	185	6,703
Profit before interest and tax (EBIT)	-3,490	10,409	-39,528	-548	3,649
Net financials	-1,335	-1,322	1,014	350	-729
Profit/loss for the year	-2,396	5,838	-35,981	-1,684	2,436
Total assets					
Total assets	157,698	217,681	244,020	266,333	235,790
Equity	20,625	20,050	16,152	52,066	55,016
Cash flows					
Cash flows from operating activities	-42,764	27,357	18,263	-7,446	3,256
Net cash flows from investing activities	-3,072	-4,121	-3,414	-3,243	-3,357
Amount relating to investments in property, plant and equipment	-2,250	-284	0	-981	-580
Cash flows from financing activities	0	0	0	0	-15,962
Total cash flows	-45,836	23,236	14,849	-10,689	-16,063
Financial ratios					
Gross margin	15.4%	14.5%	13.8%	19.3%	18.4%
Equity ratio	13.1%	9.2%	6.6%	19.5%	23.3%
Return on equity	-11.8%	32.3%	-105.5%	-3.1%	4.3%
Operating margin	-1.2%	2.4%	-9.1%	-0.2%	1.0%
Average number of full-time employees					
Average number of full-time employees	184	207	244	227	210

For terms and definitions, please see the accounting policies.

Management's review

Business review

Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S and its subsidiaries, hereinafter referred to as the Group, are global suppliers with own development, production and sale of ventilation products and systems for marine and offshore purposes.

Development during the year

The result for 2021 is a deficit of MDKK 2,4 compared to a profit on MDKK 5,8 in 2020. The equity by December 31st 2021 amounts to MDKK 20,6.

Financing

There is no external financing.

The management consider the current financial resources adequate to meet obligations.

Investments

There have been no major investments during 2021.

Risks

General risks

The general risks are tied to the global world economy as the Group has activities in large parts of the world. Current and expected oil price has an impact on activities and investments within Offshore in particular. However, the Group's exposure to offshore is reducing as the Group increase focus on other segments.

Rising commodity prices and high freight rates also pose a general risk.

Financial risks

Currency risks

The group limits the currency exposure by placing as much purchase as possible against contract currency. There is a currency risk related to the results and equity value of subsidiaries.

Interest related risks

There are no recognized interest related risks.

Credit risks

It is group policy to always secure payment from external customers either through letter of credits, bank guarantees or an ongoing credit rating of the customer.

Knowledge resources

It is essential to the group to attract and retain skilled employees. Hence the group has a structured approach to employee development.

Research and development activities

The group's development efforts are concentrated on further development of existing products, particularly regarding greater energy efficiency and new products which complement the Company's present product portfolio.

Management's review

Statutory CSR report

Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S, which is globally operating in areas with different cultures, moral concepts, social conditions and behavioral norms, ensures high-level suppliers on health, safety and environment by a structural and focused selection.

Employee safety and Human rights

The company regards employee safety for our employees in the factory in China to be the risk to consider. Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S' global CSR policy ensures protection of internationally proclaimed human rights including employee safety. The company consider its effort to meet local laws and regulations in the CSR area to be sufficient to eliminate any risks in this area.

The company has a dedicated health and safety organization, which through a proactive and risk-based approach ensures to bring down number of work-related accidents. The organization has evaluated the health and safety of the employees on a regular basis during 2021. The objective is zero accidents. This objective was met during 2021.

In 2021 Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S has continued focusing on the psychological well-being of the employees. The company hire employees according to local laws and regulations. No child labor is permitted anywhere in the organization as the company do not allow gender discrimination.

Novenco Marine & Offshore works to - through information and continuing education - to spread the high Danish and Norwegian standards within working environment and safety to all companies in the group, just as the company pays all social costs etc. to all employees in China, including all employees at the Wuxi plant.

In all sites there has been taken precautions to handle COVID-19 to the extent possible. Temperature screening at entrance has been established as well as disinfectant has been made available and mandatory to use for all employees. Further distance between workspaces has at all times been minimum according to recommendations or directions from local authorities. At all times precautions have been immediately adjusted to new enforced recommendations or directions.

Climate and Environment

The Group's policy is to make a continuous, targeted effort to reduce its impact on the climate and environment. The objective is to reduce the consumption of energy, and to minimize the environmental footprint of waste.

To secure the reduction of the impact on the environment Chinese factory is sorting all waste to secure proper treatment and recycling. Further there are increased focus on utilizing recyclable parts in the design phase.

Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S' subsidiaries all comply with local legislation concerning health, safety and the environment. The Chinese factory is certified according to ISO 9001:2015 and ISO 14001:2015.

As the main impacts on human rights, environment and climate considers to be at the Chinese factory, the focus of this responsibility lies naturally here, and the company continues its efforts to reduce energy consumption not just in production but also for cooling and heating. Furthermore, the company seeks to send as much waste as possible for recycling.

At the company's offices in Køge and Oslo, targeted efforts are being made to reduce energy consumption, among other things, LED lighting has been established and the offices are heated by high-efficiency heat pumps. The awareness of the importance of protecting the globe's limited resources is deeply rooted in the employees, who in their daily lives contribute to this, among other things by switching off lights in rooms that are not used, running the dishwashers at night, where the load on the electricity grid is lowest, etc.

In the same way, efforts are being made to reduce the consumption of other resources, such as paper, by not printing unnecessarily much, just as cardboard and paper are sent for recycling.

Novenco Marine & Offshore is very proven about its responsibility to minimize the footprint we put on the planet and has e.g. in 2021, entered a collaboration with the Danish Technological Institute with the aim of being able to develop solutions that can reduce energy consumption on ships in connection with cooling.

Management's review

Anti-corruption

Doing business outside EU and US with customers that do not have an established anti-corruption policy include a risk of being faced with requirements that falls into the category of corruption. The company has renewed a global policy stating that the company will work against all forms of corruption, including extortion and bribery. Further it states that all breaches or suspicion of breaches must be reported so appropriate measures can be taken. Especially in the Asian markets, Novenco Marine & Offshore has established control procedures to ensure that the company and its employees do not participate in bribery. For the coming years, the company is considering implementing DS / ISO 37001 throughout the company. This reduces the risks related to corruption. There has been no recognition of signs of corruption anywhere in the organization during 2021.

Processing and storage of data

The Company does not consider it relevant to draw up a policy for data ethics. In this connection, the company emphasizes that the company only to a limited extent collects and processes data and does not use new technologies as part of the company's main activity, and does not carry out specific data analyzes, evaluations or segmentations itself or via external suppliers.

Account of the gender composition of Management

The company's policy regarding management diversity aims on having 25 % female members on the Board of Directors. However, the company also aims on having the most qualified resources available. The company is currently not in compliance with the policy as all 4 members of the Board are male. The Company aims to meet the target of 25% female members on the Board of Directors in 2025 at the latest. No new Board members have been elected in 2021.

The company has implemented statistics measuring gender on all management levels throughout the group in order to increase the overall focus on gender diversity. The Marine & Offshore industry is today dominated by male leaders. The company's policy is to increase the ratio of female managers at all levels based on an evaluation of the practical achievable within the specific industry and by other comparable companies. Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S has a current ratio of 33% of female representatives in high level manager positions which is an increase compared to 2020.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Group's and the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Outlook

The Covid 19 pandemic continued into 2022 transferring the low market and order intake trend from 2021 and revenue for 2022 is expected to be challenging but is expected to increase as the Covid-19 situation improves. This, together with already completed restructuring, means that management expects a revenue on approximate 350 MDKK and a positive result for 2022.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	Group		Parent company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
2	Revenue	297,699	435,157	203,612	234,282
15.3	Production costs	-251,801	-372,075	-183,491	-221,055
	Gross profit	45,898	63,082	20,121	13,227
15	Distribution costs	-19,952	-26,136	-4,610	-3,874
15	Administrative expenses	-30,167	-26,560	-14,414	-6,358
	Operating profit/loss	-4,221	10,386	1,097	2,995
	Other operating income	732	23	732	23
	Profit/loss before net financials	-3,489	10,409	1,829	3,018
	Income from investments in group enterprises	0	0	-5,070	3,391
	Income from investments in associates	144	189	144	189
4	Financial income	2,394	306	458	439
5	Financial expenses	-3,729	-1,628	-302	-302
	Profit/loss before tax	-4,680	9,276	-2,941	6,735
6	Tax for the year	2,284	-3,438	545	-897
	Profit/loss for the year	-2,396	5,838	-2,396	5,838

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	Group		Parent company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
		Equity			
11	Share capital	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
	Reserve for development costs	0	0	1,797	2,995
	Retained earnings	14,625	14,050	12,828	11,055
	Total equity	20,625	20,050	20,625	20,050
	Provisions				
12	Deferred tax	1,952	1,636	1,952	1,657
14	Other provisions	27,951	23,733	16,724	20,283
9	Provision, investments in group enterprises	0	0	0	662
	Total provisions	29,903	25,369	18,676	22,602
	Liabilities other than provisions				
13	Non-current liabilities other than provisions				
	Other payables	1,757	1,860	1,757	1,860
		1,757	1,860	1,757	1,860
	Current liabilities other than provisions				
	Construction contracts	46,641	76,076	40,870	71,023
	Trade payables	29,731	64,915	6,230	12,970
	Payables to group enterprises	488	7,188	21,815	18,366
	Corporation tax payable	75	2,549	0	2,487
	Other payables	28,478	19,674	4,006	4,997
		105,413	170,402	72,921	109,843
		107,170	172,262	74,678	111,703
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	157,698	217,681	113,979	154,355

- 1 Accounting policies
- 16 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 17 Collateral
- 18 Related parties
- 19 Fee to the auditors appointed by the Company in general meeting
- 20 Appropriation of profit/loss

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

		Group		
Note	DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	Equity at 1 January 2020	6,000	10,152	16,152
	Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	5,838	5,838
	Adjustment of investments through foreign exchange adjustments	0	-1,940	-1,940
	Equity at 1 January 2021	6,000	14,050	20,050
	Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-2,396	-2,396
	Adjustment of investments through foreign exchange adjustments	0	2,971	2,971
	Equity at 31 December 2021	6,000	14,625	20,625

		Parent company			
Note	DKK'000	Share capital	Reserve for development costs	Retained earnings	Total
	Equity at 1 January 2020	6,000	2,995	7,157	16,152
20	Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit/loss"	0	0	5,838	5,838
	Adjustment of investments through foreign exchange adjustments	0	0	-1,940	-1,940
	Equity at 1 January 2021	6,000	2,995	11,055	20,050
20	Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit/loss"	0	-1,198	-1,198	-2,396
	Adjustment of investments through foreign exchange adjustments	0	0	2,971	2,971
	Equity at 31 December 2021	6,000	1,797	12,828	20,625

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Cash flow statement

Note	DKK'000	Group	
		2021	2020
	Profit/loss for the year	-2,396	5,838
21	Adjustments	6,576	1,285
	Cash generated from operations (operating activities)	4,180	7,123
22	Changes in working capital	-44,834	23,188
	Cash generated from operations (operating activities)	-40,654	30,311
	Interest received, etc.	550	306
	Interest paid, etc.	-722	-1,628
	Income taxes paid	-1,938	-1,632
	Cash flows from operating activities	-42,764	27,357
	Additions of intangible assets	-935	-3,961
	Additions of property, plant and equipment	-2,250	-284
	Dividend received from associates	113	124
	Cash flows to investing activities	-3,072	-4,121
	Net cash flow	-45,836	23,236
	Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	79,813	54,637
	Foreign exchange adjustments	0	1,940
	Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	33,977	79,813

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to large reporting class C entities.

Effective from the financial year 2021, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Consolidated financial statements

Control

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent Company and subsidiaries controlled by the Parent Company.

Control means a parent company's power to direct a subsidiary's financial and operating policy decisions. Besides the above power, the parent company should also be able to yield a return from its investment.

In assessing if the parent company controls an entity, de facto control is taken into consideration as well.

The existence of potential voting rights which may currently be exercised or converted into additional voting rights is considered when assessing if an entity can become empowered to direct another entity's financial and operating decisions.

Significant influence

Entities over whose financial and operating policy decisions the group exercises significant influence are classified as associates. Significant influence is assumed to exist if the Parent Company directly or indirectly holds or controls 20% or more of the voting power of the investee, but does not control the investee.

The existence of potential voting rights which may presently be exercised or be converted into additional voting rights is considered when assessing if significant influence exists.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements are prepared as a consolidation of the parent company's and the individual subsidiaries' financial statements, which are prepared according to the group's accounting policies. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, shareholdings, intra-group balances and dividends, and realised and unrealised gains on intra-group transactions are eliminated. Unrealised gains on transactions with associates are eliminated in proportion to the group's interest in the entity. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains if they do not reflect impairment.

In the consolidated financial statements, the accounting items of subsidiaries are recognised in full.

Investments in associates are recognised in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are recognised at cost in the balance sheet and are subsequently measured at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are presented as separate items in the balance sheet.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IFRS 15 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Revenue is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Production costs

Production costs comprise costs incurred in generating the revenue for the year. Such costs include direct and indirect costs of raw materials, consumables and production staff, rent and leases, as well as depreciation on production plant.

Production costs also comprise research and development costs that do not qualify for capitalisation and amortisation of capitalised development costs.

Also, provision for losses on construction contracts is recognised.

Distribution costs

Distribution costs comprise costs related to the distribution of goods sold in the year and to sales campaigns, etc. carried out in the year, including costs related to sales staff, advertising, exhibitions and amortisation/depreciation. Sales and marketing costs are recognised in the income statement when the Company obtains control of the sales or marketing product.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include expenses incurred in the year for company management and administration, including expenses relating to administrative staff, Management, office premises and expenses as well as amortisation/depreciation of assets used for administrative purposes.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including gains or losses on the sale of fixed assets.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Amortisation/depreciation

The item comprises amortisation/depreciation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

The basis of amortisation/depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is amortised/depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Completed development projects	5 years
Goodwill	20 years
Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	3-12 years
Leasehold improvements	5-10 years

Depreciation is based on the residual value of the asset and is reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and are reassessed annually. Where the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, no further depreciation charges are recognised.

In the case of changes in the depreciation period or the residual value, the effect on the depreciation charges is recognised prospectively as a change in accounting estimates.

Profit/loss from investments in subsidiaries and associates

A proportionate share of the underlying entities' profit/loss after tax is recognised in the income statement according to the equity method. Shares of profit/loss after tax in subsidiaries and associates are presented as separate line items in the income statement. Full elimination of intra-group gains/losses is made for equity investments in subsidiaries. Only proportionate elimination of intra-group gains/losses is made for equity investments in associates.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Goodwill is amortised over the expected economic life of the asset, measured by reference to Management's experience in the individual business segments. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over the amortisation period of 20 years as the investment is considered as strategic.

Development costs comprise expenses, salaries and amortisation directly or indirectly attributable to development activities.

Development projects that are clearly defined and identifiable, where the technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunities are identifiable and where the Company intends to produce, market or use the project, are recognised as intangible assets provided that the cost can be measured reliably and that there is sufficient assurance that future earnings can cover production costs, selling costs and administrative expenses and development costs. Other development costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Development costs that are recognised in the balance sheet are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

On completion of a development project, development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The amortisation period is 5 years.

A figure corresponding the capitalized development costs is tied up on "Reserve for development cost" in the equity. The reserve is released concurrently with amortization, impairment or sale of the development costs.

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Leases

The Company has chosen IAS 17 as interpretation for classification and recognition of leases.

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incident to the ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases and any other rent agreements are recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease. The Company's aggregate liabilities relating to operating leases and other rent agreements are disclosed under "Contractual obligations and contingencies".

Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Equity investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured according to the equity method. Equity investments in joint ventures are also measured according to the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

On initial recognition, equity investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost, i.e. plus transaction costs. The cost is allocated in accordance with the acquisition method; see the accounting policies regarding business combinations.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

The cost is adjusted by shares of profit/loss after tax calculated in accordance with the Group's accounting policies less or plus unrealised intra-group gains/losses.

Identified increases in value and goodwill, if any, compared to the underlying entity's net asset value are amortised in accordance with the accounting policies for the assets and liabilities to which they can be attributed. Negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement.

Dividend received is deducted from the carrying amount.

Equity investments in subsidiaries and associates measured at net asset value are subject to impairment test requirements if there is any indication of impairment.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries and associates is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

The cost of raw materials and consumables comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Construction contracts

Service supplies and contract work in progress for third parties are measured at the market value of the work performed less progress billings. The market value is calculated based on the stage of completion at the balance sheet date and the total expected income from the relevant contract. The stage of completion is calculated based on the expenses incurred relative to the expected total expenses relating to the relevant contract.

Where the outcome of contract work in progress cannot be estimated reliably, the market value is measured at the expenses incurred in so far as they are expected to be paid by the purchaser.

Where the total expenses relating to the work in progress are expected to exceed the total market value, the expected loss is recognised as a loss-making agreement under Liabilities and is expensed in the income statement.

The value of work in progress less progress billings is classified as assets when the selling price exceeds progress billings and as liabilities when progress billings exceed the market value.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Equity

Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method

The net revaluation reserve according to the equity method includes net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries and associates relative to cost. The reserve can be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of investments or a change in accounting estimates. The reserve cannot be recognised at a negative amount.

Reserve for development costs

The reserve for development costs comprises recognised development costs. The reserve cannot be used to distribute dividend or cover losses. The reserve will be reduced or dissolved if the recognised development costs are amortised or are no longer part of the Company's operations by a transfer directly to the distributable reserves under equity.

Provisions

Provisions comprise anticipated expenses relating to warranty commitments, onerous contracts, restructurings, etc. Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions are measured at net realisable value or at fair value if the obligation is expected to be settled far into the future.

Warranty commitments include expenses for remedial action in respect of the contract work within the warranty period. Provisions for warranty commitments are measured at net realisable value and recognised based on past experience.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the Company's net cash flows broken down according to operating, investing and financing activities, the year's changes in cash and cash equivalents as well as the cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the profit/loss for the year adjusted for non cash operating items, changes in working capital and paid corporate income tax.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisitions and disposals of entities and activities and of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the Company's share capital and related expenses as well as raising of loans, repayment of interest bearing debt and payment of dividends to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, short term bank loans and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Segment information

The allocation of revenue to activities and geographical markets is disclosed where these activities and markets differ significantly in the organisation of sales of goods and services.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial ratios

The financial ratios stated under "Financial highlights" have been calculated as follows:

Gross margin	$\frac{\text{Gross profit/loss} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$
Equity ratio	$\frac{\text{Equity, year-end} \times 100}{\text{Total equity and liabilities, year-end}}$
Return on equity	$\frac{\text{Profit/loss after tax} \times 100}{\text{Average equity}}$
Operating margin	$\frac{\text{Operating profit (EBIT)} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$

DKK'000	Group		Parent company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
2 Segment information				
Breakdown of revenue by business segment:				
Marine	160,186	214,202	143,136	170,237
Offshore	137,513	220,955	60,476	64,045
	<u>297,699</u>	<u>435,157</u>	<u>203,612</u>	<u>234,282</u>
Breakdown of revenue by geographical segment:				
Asia	158,312	259,551	136,106	166,259
Europe	100,278	139,902	28,772	32,982
North and South America	36,700	27,919	36,325	27,273
Other	2,409	7,785	2,409	7,768
	<u>297,699</u>	<u>435,157</u>	<u>203,612</u>	<u>234,282</u>

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

DKK'000	Group		Parent company		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
3	Amortisation/depreciation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment				
	Amortisation of intangible assets	1,170	1,265	1,170	1,170
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,829	1,447	0	76
		<u>2,999</u>	<u>2,712</u>	<u>1,170</u>	<u>1,246</u>
4	Financial income				
	Interest receivable, group entities	458	306	458	424
	Other financial income	1,936	0	0	15
		<u>2,394</u>	<u>306</u>	<u>458</u>	<u>439</u>
5	Financial expenses				
	Interest expenses, group entities	129	133	0	0
	Other financial expenses	3,600	1,495	302	302
		<u>3,729</u>	<u>1,628</u>	<u>302</u>	<u>302</u>
6	Tax for the year				
	Estimated tax charge for the year	46	3,375	0	2,487
	Deferred tax adjustments in the year	-1,491	-1,669	294	-1,669
	Tax adjustments, prior years	-839	1,732	-839	79
		<u>-2,284</u>	<u>3,438</u>	<u>-545</u>	<u>897</u>

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

7 Intangible assets

DKK'000	Group			Total
	Completed development projects	Goodwill	Development projects in progress and prepayments for intangible assets	
Cost at 1 January 2021	8,834	23,384	1,286	33,504
Additions	2,295	0	935	3,230
Transferred	351	0	-1,286	-935
Cost at 31 December 2021	11,480	23,384	935	35,799
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January 2021	1,308	19,097	0	20,405
Foreign exchange adjustments	113	0	0	113
Amortisation for the year	768	402	0	1,170
Transferred	5,163	0	0	5,163
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December 2021	7,352	19,499	0	26,851
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	4,128	3,885	935	8,948
Amortised over	5 years	20 years		

DKK'000	Parent company		
	Completed development projects	Goodwill	Total
Cost at 1 January 2021	4,285	8,038	12,323
Cost at 31 December 2021	4,285	8,038	12,323
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January 2021	1,213	3,751	4,964
Amortisation for the year	768	402	1,170
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December 2021	1,981	4,153	6,134
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	2,304	3,885	6,189
Amortised over	5 years	20 years	

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

8 Property, plant and equipment

DKK'000	Group		
	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
Cost at 1 January 2021	15,594	3,499	19,093
Additions	2,250	0	2,250
Disposals	-1,563	0	-1,563
Transferred	5,610	-3,499	2,111
Cost at 31 December 2021	21,891	0	21,891
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2021	12,889	2,890	15,779
Foreign exchange adjustments	608	0	608
Depreciation	1,829	0	1,829
Depreciation and impairment of disposals	271	0	271
Transferred	608	-2,890	-2,282
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2021	16,205	0	16,205
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	5,686	0	5,686
Depreciated over	3-12 years	5-10 years	

DKK'000	Parent company
	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment
Cost at 1 January 2021	1,620
Cost at 31 December 2021	1,620
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2021	1,620
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2021	1,620
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	0
Depreciated over	3-12 years

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

9 Investments

	Group
	Investments in associates
DKK'000	
Cost at 1 January 2021	859
Cost at 31 December 2021	859
Value adjustments at 1 January 2021	2,085
Foreign exchange adjustments	-109
Dividend received	-113
Profit/loss for the year	144
Value adjustments at 31 December 2021	2,007
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	2,866

Group

Name	Legal form	Domicile	Interest
Associates			
Novenco Nippon	Ltd.	Japan	22.73%

	Parent company		
	Investments in group enterprises	Investments in associates	Total
DKK'000			
Cost at 1 January 2021	90,918	859	91,777
Disposals	-18,711	0	-18,711
Cost at 31 December 2021	72,207	859	73,066
Value adjustments at 1 January 2021	-52,950	2,085	-50,865
Foreign exchange adjustments	3,080	-109	2,971
Dividend received	0	-113	-113
Profit/loss for the year	-5,070	144	-4,926
Reveral of revaluations of assets disposed	18,711	0	18,711
Value adjustments at 31 December 2021	-36,229	2,007	-34,222
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	35,978	2,866	38,844

Parent company

Name	Legal form	Domicile	Interest
Subsidiaries			
Novenco	AS	Norway	100.00%
Novenco (S) Pte	Ltd.	Singapore	100.00%
Novenco Hi-Pres Air Handling Equipment (Wuxi) Co.	Ltd.	China	100.00%
Novenco (Shanghai) Commerical & Trading Co.	Ltd.	China	100.00%
Associates			
Novenco Nippon	Ltd.	Japan	22.73%

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

10 Prepayments

Group

Prepayments in Group relates to IT licenses and leasing.

Parent company

Prepayments in the parent company relates to IT licenses and leasing.

11 Share capital

The parent's share capital has remained DKK 6,000 thousand over the past 5 years.

DKK'000	Group		Parent company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
12 Deferred tax				
Analysis of the deferred tax				
Deferred tax assets	-3,759	-1,695	0	0
Deferred tax liabilities	1,952	1,636	1,952	1,657
	<u>-1,807</u>	<u>-59</u>	<u>1,952</u>	<u>1,657</u>

13 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

DKK'000	Group			
	Total debt at 31/12 2021	Repayment, next year	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Other payables	1,757	0	1,757	0
	<u>1,757</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,757</u>	<u>0</u>
DKK'000	Parent company			
	Total debt at 31/12 2021	Repayment, next year	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Other payables	1,757	0	1,757	0
	<u>1,757</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,757</u>	<u>0</u>

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

14 Other provisions

Other provisions mainly consists of warranties on finished construction contracts, as well as expected losses on ongoing construction contracts.

Other provisions are in all material aspects expected to fall due within the next year.

DKK'000	Group		Parent company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
15 Staff costs				
Wages/salaries	73,708	61,025	19,396	17,838
Pensions	2,949	1,839	1,378	1,260
Other social security costs	8,469	5,588	343	258
Other staff costs	494	1,105	16	27
	<u>85,620</u>	<u>69,557</u>	<u>21,133</u>	<u>19,383</u>

Staff costs are recognised as follows in the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements:

Production	58,586	46,538	6,357	9,151
Distribution	13,008	11,154	4,345	3,874
Administration	14,026	11,865	10,431	6,358
	<u>85,620</u>	<u>69,557</u>	<u>21,133</u>	<u>19,383</u>
Average number of full-time employees	<u>184</u>	<u>207</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>25</u>

Group

By reference to section 98b(3), (ii), of the Danish Financial Statements Act, remuneration to the group Management is not disclosed.

Parent company

By reference to section 98b(3), (ii), of the Danish Financial Statements Act, remuneration to Management is not disclosed.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

16 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other contingent liabilities

DKK'000	Group		Parent company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Rental obligations	10,679	15,192	325	324
Operation leases	600	915	309	404
	<u>11,279</u>	<u>16,107</u>	<u>634</u>	<u>728</u>

Parent company

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, Novenco HAK ApS, which acts as management company. The Company is jointly and severally with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes and withholding taxes in the group of jointly taxed entities.

17 Collateral

The group has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2021.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

18 Related parties

Group

Novenco Marine & Offshore A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control
Novenco Hak ApS	Galoche Alle 16, DK-4600 Koege, Denmark	Principal shareholder

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
HiAir Korea Co., Ltd.	1321-11 Daman-Ri, Jinrye-myeon, Gumhae-city, Gyeongnam, South Korea	The consolidated financial statements are available at the Company's address.
Novenco Hak ApS	Galoche Alle 16, DK-4600 Koege, Denmark	The consolidated financial statements are available at the Company's address.

Related party transactions

DKK'000	2021	2020
Group		
Purchases from parent companies	8,402	18,447
Sales to parent companies	1,603	421
Receivables from parent companies	16,539	11,052
Payables to parent companies	488	7,188
Parent Company		
Purchases from group companies	101,435	98,947
Sales to group companies	3,172	568
Receivables from group companies	17,814	16,366
Payables to group companies	21,815	18,366

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

DKK'000	Group		Parent company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
19 Fee to the auditors appointed by the Company in general meeting				
Statutory audit	664	613	347	319
Tax assistance	142	71	30	30
Other assistance	147	294	124	256
	<u>953</u>	<u>978</u>	<u>501</u>	<u>605</u>
			Parent company	
DKK'000			2021	2020
20 Appropriation of profit/loss				
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss				
Other statutory reserves			-1,198	0
Retained earnings/accumulated loss			<u>-1,198</u>	<u>5,838</u>
			<u>-2,396</u>	<u>5,838</u>
			Group	
DKK'000			2021	2020
21 Adjustments				
Depreciation for accounting purposes on property, plant and equipment			1,829	1,447
Amortization and impairment for accounting purposes on intangible assets			1,170	1,265
Loss on the disposal of non-current assets			913	0
Provisions			788	-1,352
Income from investments in associates			-144	-116
Financial income			-2,396	-306
Financial expenses			3,729	1,628
Tax prior years			-839	0
Tax for the year			46	0
Deferred tax			-1,491	-1,281
Equity adjustments			<u>2,971</u>	<u>0</u>
			<u>6,576</u>	<u>1,285</u>
22 Changes in working capital				
Change in inventories and contract work in progress			-18,990	21,403
Change in receivables			7,339	13,875
Change in trade and other payables			<u>-33,183</u>	<u>-12,090</u>
			<u>-44,834</u>	<u>23,188</u>