# Gordings Gård Holding ApS

Trianglen 4, 3. tv, 2100 København Ø CVR no. 33 78 07 02

Annual report 2023

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 23 May 2024

Chair of the meeting:

Carl Edgar Serge Vodo

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Stephán Schmitz

# Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Gordings Gård Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

erry Duncan MacDonald

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 23 May 2024

Executive Board:

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## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Gordings Gård Holding ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gordings Gård Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

#### Independent auditor's report

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Odense, 23 May 2024

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Morten Schougaard Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant

mne32129

# Management's review

#### Company details

Name

Address, Postal code, City

Gordings Gård Holding ApS

Trianglen 4, 3. tv, 2100 København Ø

CVR no. Established

Registered office

33 78 07 02 1 July 2011 Copenhagen

Financial year

1 January - 31 December

**Executive Board** 

Carl Edgar Serge Vøgg Harry Duncan MacDonald

Stephan Schmitz

**Auditors** 

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Cortex Park Vest 3, 5230 Odense M, Denmark

# Management's review

#### **Business review**

The company's purpose is to own and hold shares in companies.

#### Financial review

The income statement for 2023 shows a loss of DKK 89,829 against a profit of DKK 369,035 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of DKK 15,611,268.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

# Income statement

Note	DKK	2023	2022
	Gross profit/loss	-20,827	-20,395
	Income from investments in group entities	-20,654	398,923
	Financial income from group enterprises	49	0
	Financial income	367	0
	Financial expenses, group enterprises	-68,379	-17,504
	Financial expenses	0	-337
	Profit/loss before tax	-109,444	360,687
	Tax for the year	19,615	8,348
	Profit/loss for the year	-89,829	369,035
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Proposed dividend recognised under equity	0	1,000,000
	Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method	-20,654	-1,726
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-69,175	-629,239
		-89,829	369,035

# Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2023	2022
	ASSETS Fixed assets Investments		
	Investments in group entities	16,695,365	19,738,615
		16,695,365	19,738,615
	Total fixed assets	16,695,365	19,738,615
	Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Receivables from group entities	8,764	0
	Joint taxation contribution receivable	19,615	8,348
		28,379	8,348
	Cash	329,308	349,960
	Total non-fixed assets	357,687	358,308
	TOTAL ASSETS	17,053,052	20,096,923
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	500,000	500,000
	Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method Retained earnings	10,764,265	13,807,515
	Dividend proposed for the year	4,347,003 0	4,416,178 1,000,000
	Total equity	15,611,268	19,723,693
	Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Payables to group entities	1,435,959	367,580
	Other payables	5,825	5,650
		1,441,784	373,230
	Total liabilities other than provisions	1,441,784	373,230
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	17,053,052	20,096,923

<sup>1</sup> Accounting policies
2 Staff costs
3 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
4 Security and collateral
5 Related parties

Gordings Gård Holding ApS Annual report 2023

# Statement of changes in equity

DXX	Share capital	Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method	Retained earnings	Dividend proposed for the year	Total
Equity at 1 January 2022 Transfer through appropriation of profit Equity transaction in subsidaries Dividend distributed	500,000	14,536,899 -1,726 -727,658 0	5,045,417 -629,239 0	200,000 1,000,000 0 -200,000	20,282,316 369,035 -727,658 -200,000
Equity at 1 January 2023 Transfer through appropriation of loss	500,000	13,807,515 -20,654 -3.022,596	4,416,178 -69,175 0	1,000,000	19,723,693 -89,829 -3,022,596
Dividend distributed	0	0	0	-1,000,000	-1,000,000
Equity at 31 December 2023	200,000	10,764,265	4,347,003	0	15,611,268

# Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Gordings Gård Holding ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Pursuant to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements. The financial statements of Gordings Gård Holding ApS are included in the consolidated financial statements of Neptune Ejendomme ApS, Copenhagen, Denmark, (reg. no. 39058286)

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Income statement

#### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue' and 'Other external expenses' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross margin'.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to administration, etc.

#### Amortisation/depreciation and impairment

The item comprises amortisation/depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

## Profit/loss from investments in group entities

The income statement includes the proportional share of the underlying companies' profit or loss after elimination of internal profit/loss and after tax. In group entities, the full elimination of internal profit and loss is carried out without regard to ownership shares.

# Financial income and expenses

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year.

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its group entities are jointly taxed. The income tax charge is allocated between profit making and loss making entities in proportion to their taxable income.

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

#### Balance sheet

#### Investments in group entities

Equity investments in subsidiaries are measured according to the equity method.

On initial recognition, equity investments in group entities are measured at cost, i.e. plus transaction costs. The cost is allocated in accordance with the acquisition method; see the accounting policies regarding business combinations.

The cost is adjusted by shares of profit/loss after tax calculated in accordance with the Group's accounting policies less or plus unrealised intra-group gains/losses.

Identified increases in value and goodwill, if any, compared to the underlying entity's net asset value are amortised in accordance with the accounting policies for the assets and liabilities to which they can be attributed. Negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement.

Dividend received is deduced from the carrying amount.

Equity investments in group entities measured at net asset value are subject to impairment test requirements if there is any indication of impairment.

#### Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value. Provisions are made for bad debts on the basis of objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables are impaired. Provisions are made to the lower of the net realisable value and the carrying amount.

#### Cash

Cash comprises bank balances

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Equity

#### Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method

The net revaluation reserve according to the equity method includes net revaluations of investments in group entities and associates relative to cost. The reserve can be eliminated in case of losses, realisation of investments or a change in accounting estimates. The reserve cannot be recognised at a negative amount.

#### Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax values, with the exception of temporary differences occurring at the time of acquisition of assets and liabilities neither affecting the results of operations nor the taxable income, as well as temporary differences on non-amortisable goodwill.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

#### 2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

#### 3 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

#### Other contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, Neptune Ejendomme ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest and dividends.

#### 4 Security and collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2023.

#### 5 Related parties

#### Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements	
Neptune Ejendomme ApS	Trianglen 4, 3. tv	www.cvr.dk	