

The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS

Sankt Hans Gade 19, kl. th. 2200 København N

CVR no. 33 77 95 18

Annual report for 2023

(12nd Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 25 June 2024

Jaroslaw Jerzy Modzelewski chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of The Barking Dog

Trading Company ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial

year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the

management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not

auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general

meeting.

Copenhagen, 25 June 2024

Executive board

Carl-Frederik Daniel Wrangel

Jaroslaw Jerzy Modzelewski

Director

CEO

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Auditor's report on compilation of the financial statements

To the shareholders of The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises income statement, balance sheet, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies,

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and FSR - Danish Auditors' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 25 June 2024

Harboe & B. Godkendt Revisionsanpartsselskab CVR no. 33 64 94 52

Mads Harboe Vainisto Nørring Registreret revisor MNE no. mne40120

Company details

The company The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS

Sankt Hans Gade 19, kl. th.

2200 København N

CVR no.: 33 77 95 18

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2023

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board Carl-Frederik Daniel Wrangel, director

Jaroslaw Jerzy Modzelewski, CEO

Auditors Harboe & B.

Godkendt Revisionsanpartsselskab

Prøvestensbroen 3 2300 København S

Management's review

Business review

The company's main activity is to operate a restaurant business, including the bar and the likes of that.

The annual report of The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables include the raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Useful life Residual value

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 4 years 0 % Leasehold improvements 4 years 0 %

Assets costing less than DKK 32.000 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at cost using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables comprises the purchase price plus delivery costs.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

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Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the balance sheet as 'Joint taxation contributions receivable' or 'Joint taxation contributions payable'.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Income statement 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Gross profit		1.353.099	1.615.513
Staff costs	1	-1.346.974	-1.545.050
Profit/loss before net financials		6.125	70.463
Financial income		16.400	10.647
Financial costs		-6.431	-6.109
Profit/loss before tax		16.094	75.001
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-4.708	-18.722
Profit/loss for the year		11.386	56.279
Retained earnings		11.386	56.279
		11.386	56.279

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Assets			
Deposits		126.374	126.374
Fixed asset investments		126.374	126.374
Total non-current assets		126.374	126.374
Finished goods and goods for resale		67.564	35.000
Stocks		67.564	35.000
Trade receivables		8.874	154.372
Receivables from subsidiaries		424.434	145.937
Other receivables		56.862	280.897
Deferred tax asset		4.840	4.840
Receivables		495.010	586.046
Cash at bank and in hand		463.808	512.063
Total current assets		1.026.382	1.133.109
Total assets		1.152.756	1.259.483

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		80.000	80.000
Retained earnings		567.279	555.893
Equity		647.279	635.893
Trade payables		19.772	27.370
Payables to associates		0	81.138
Corporation tax		4.708	18.722
Other payables		480.997	496.360
Total current liabilities		505.477	623.590
Total liabilities		505.477	623.590
Total equity and liabilities		1.152.756	1.259.483
Contingent liabilities	3		

Notes

1	Staff costs		2022 DKK
	Wages and salaries	1.317.728	1.515.147
	Other social security costs	29.246 1.346.974	29.903 1.545.050
	Average number of employees	4	5
2	Tax on profit/loss for the year Current tax for the year	4.708	18.722
		4.708	18.722

3 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with its parent company, Wrangel Holding ApS (managementcompany), and is jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed entities for thepayment of income taxes for income years 2013 onwards and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties falling doe for payment on or after 1 July 2012.