

The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS

Sankt Hans Gade 19, kl. th. 2200 København N

CVR no. 33 77 95 18

Annual report for 2020

(9th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 1 July 2021

Jaroslaw Jerzy Modzelewski chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of The Barking Dog

Trading Company ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial

year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the

management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not

auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general

meeting.

Copenhagen, 1 July 2021

Executive board

Carl-Frederik Daniel Wrangel

Jaroslaw Jerzy Modzelewski

Director

CEO

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Auditor's report on compilation of the financial statements

To the shareholders of The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises income statement, balance sheet, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies,

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and FSR - Danish Auditors' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 1 July 2021

Harboe & B. Godkendt Revisionsanpartsselskab CVR no. 33 64 94 52

Mads Harboe Nørring Registreret revisor MNE no. mne40120

Company details

The company The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS

Sankt Hans Gade 19, kl. th.

2200 København N

CVR no.: 33 77 95 18

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2020

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board Carl-Frederik Daniel Wrangel, director

Jaroslaw Jerzy Modzelewski, CEO

Auditors Harboe & B.

Godkendt Revisionsanpartsselskab

Lersø Parkallé 107 2100 København Ø

Management's review

Business review

The company's main activity is to operate a restaurant business, including the bar and the likes of that.

The annual report of The Barking Dog Trading Company ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2020 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Raw materials and consumables

Costs of raw materials and consumables include the raw materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Useful life Residual value

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 4 years 0 % Leasehold improvements 4 years 0 %

Assets costing less than DKK 14.100 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at cost using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

The cost of goods for resale, raw materials and consumables comprises the purchase price plus delivery costs.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Likvider

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the balance sheet as 'Joint taxation contributions receivable' or 'Joint taxation contributions payable'.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Income statement 1 January 2020 - 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Gross profit		1.047.627	1.824.235
Staff costs	1	-703.012	-1.755.044
Profit/loss before net financials		344.615	69.191
Financial income		15.486	26.127
Financial costs		-30.650	-46.259
Profit/loss before tax		329.451	49.059
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-67.628	-18.870
Profit/loss for the year		261.823	30.189
Retained earnings		261.823	30.189
		261.823	30.189

Balance sheet at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Assets			
Deposits		126.374	126.374
Fixed asset investments		126.374	126.374
Total non-current assets		126.374	126.374
Finished goods and goods for resale		35.000	62.548
Stocks		35.000	62.548
Trade receivables		25.289	140.287
Other receivables		278.651	540.975
Deferred tax asset		4.840	4.840
Prepayments		9.726	9.726
Receivables		318.506	695.828
Cash at bank and in hand		913.383	318.489
Total current assets		1.266.889	1.076.865
Total assets		1.393.263	1.203.239

Balance sheet at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 DKK	2019 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		80.000	80.000
Retained earnings		175.195	-86.628
Equity		255.195	-6.628
Trade payables		22.697	27.598
Payables to associates		635.951	673.444
Corporation tax		67.628	0
Other payables		411.792	508.825
Total current liabilities		1.138.068	1.209.867
Total liabilities		1.138.068	1.209.867
Total equity and liabilities		1.393.263	1.203.239
Other extraordinary events in the annual report Contingent liabilities	3 4		

Notes

		2020	2019
1	Staff costs	DKK	DKK
	Wages and salaries	675.023	1.701.236
	Pensions	-2.200	0
	Other social security costs	30.189	53.808
		703.012	1.755.044
	Average number of employees	6	6
2	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	67.628	0
	Deferred tax for the year	0	18.870
		67.628	18.870

3 Other extraordinary events in the annual report

During the financial year, the company received compensation as a result of Covid-19.

394 thousand kr. is booked in salary compensation under Personnel costs.

156 thousand kr. is boked in compensation for fixed costs under Other income included in the gross profit.

230 thousand kr. is booked in compensation for loss of turnover under Other income included in the gross profit.

4 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with its parent company, Wrangel Holding ApS (managementcompany), and is jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed entities for thepayment of income taxes for income years 2013 onwards and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties falling doe for payment on or after 1 July 2012.