# Lighthouse 700 ApS

Amerika Plads 26, DK-2100 København Ø

# Annual Report for 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021

CVR No 33 75 47 60

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 5 /10 2021

Jan Melgaard Chairman of the General Meeting



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# **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Lighthouse 700 ApS for the financial year 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 June 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020/21.

In my opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

I recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

København, 5 October 2021

#### **Executive Board**

Jan Melgaard CEO



# The Independent Practitioner's Report

To the Shareholder of Lighthouse 700 ApS

#### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of Lighthouse 700 ApS for the financial year 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 June 2021 and of the results of the Company operations for the financial year 1 July 2020 - 30 June 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

# Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance in respect of our conclusion on the Financial Statements and, moreover, that we perform supplementary procedures specifically required to obtain additional assurance in respect of our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of Management and others within the enterprise, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures and the supplementary procedures specifically



# The Independent Practitioner's Report

required as well as assessing the evidence obtained.

An extended review is less in scope than an audit and, consequently, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

# Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Trekantområdet, 5 October 2021 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Jan Bunk Harbo Larsen statsautoriseret revisor mne30224 Lasse Berg statsautoriseret revisor mne35811



# **Company Information**

**The Company** Lighthouse 700 ApS

Amerika Plads 26

DK-2100 København Ø

CVR No: 33 75 47 60

Financial period: 1 July - 30 June Municipality of reg. office: København

**Executive Board** Jan Melgaard

**Auditors** PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Herredsvej 32 DK-7100 Vejle



# **Management's Review**

# **Key activities**

The Company owns 2 aircrafts which in the financial year has been out of service.

# Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2020/21 shows a loss of USD 775,529, and at 30 June 2021 the balance sheet of the Company shows negative equity of USD 319,743.

# **Capital resources**

The Company's shareholder has issued a statement of support to support the company's liquidity needs in the coming year, thereby ensuring that, despite the negative equity capital, the company fulfills the prerequisites for continued operations.

# **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



# **Income Statement 1 July - 30 June**

	Note	2020/21	2019/20
		USD	USD
Gross profit/loss		-360,415	12,484,476
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, plant and			
equipment	2	-606,118	-4,247,240
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-966,533	8,237,236
Financial income	3	67,152	88,576
Financial expenses	4	-204	-3,371,374
Profit/loss before tax		-899,585	4,954,438
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	124,056	-1,353,417
Net profit/loss for the year		-775,529	3,601,021
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Proposed dividend for the year		0	2,200,000
Retained earnings		-775,529	1,401,021
		-775,529	3,601,021



# **Balance Sheet 30 June**

# Assets

	Note	2020/21	2019/20
		USD	USD
Airplanes		0	606,118
Property, plant and equipment	6	0	606,118
Fixed assets		0	606,118
Receivables from group enterprises		0	1,698,138
Other receivables		1,292	0
Corporation tax		124,056	0
Receivables		125,348	1,698,138
Cash at bank and in hand		512,808	4,075,703
Currents assets		638,156	5,773,841
Assets		638,156	6,379,959



# **Balance Sheet 30 June**

# Liabilities and equity

	Note	2020/21	2019/20
		USD	USD
Share capital		15,447	15,447
Retained earnings		-335,190	440,339
Proposed dividend for the year		0	2,200,000
Equity		-319,743	2,655,786
Payables to group enterprises		773,629	394,566
Corporation tax		0	1,476,421
Other payables		184,270	1,853,186
Short-term debt		957,899	3,724,173
Debt		957,899	3,724,173
Liabilities and equity		638,156	6,379,959
Going concern	1		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	7		
Accounting Policies	8		



# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

	Share capital USD	Retained earnings USD	Proposed dividend for the year	Total usp
Equity at 1 July	15,447	440,339	2,200,000	2,655,786
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	-2,200,000	-2,200,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-775,529	0	-775,529
Equity at 30 June	15,447	-335,190	0	-319,743



# 1 Going concern

The Company's shareholder has issued a statement of support to support the company's liquidity needs in the coming year, thereby ensuring that, despite the negative equity capital, the company fulfills the prerequisites for continued operations.

	2020/21	2019/20
2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	USD	USD
plant and equipment		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	606,118	1,918,630
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	0	2,328,610
	606,118	4,247,240
3 Financial income		
Interest received from group enterprises	46,825	0
Other financial income	20,327	88,576
	67,152	88,576
4 Financial expenses		
Interest paid to group enterprises	0	17,789
Other financial expenses	204	3,353,585
	204	3,371,374
5 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Current tax for the year	-124,056	1,476,421
Deferred tax for the year	0	-123,004
	-124,056	1,353,417



# 6 Property, plant and equipment

	Airplanes
	USD
	47.070.770
Cost at 1 July	17,873,776
Cost at 30 June	17,873,776
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 July	17,267,658
Depreciation for the year	606,118
Impairment losses and depreciation at 30 June	17,873,776
Carrying amount at 30 June	0

# 7 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

# **Contingent liabilities**

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Melgaard Invest ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.



## **8** Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Lighthouse 700 ApS for 2020/21 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Financial Statements for 2020/21 are presented in USD, which is the functional currency of the Company. At 30 June 2021 the USD/DKK exchange rate is 625.73. The corresponding exchange rate af 30 June 2020 was 655.53.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

# **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the



## 8 Accounting Policies (continued)

debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

# **Income Statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

## **Gross profit/loss**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, other operating income, expenses for raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment.

# Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Company, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.



# 8 Accounting Policies (continued)

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish parent company. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

# **Balance Sheet**

# Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Aircrafts 5-20 years

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

## Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

# Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

#### Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

# Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which



# 8 Accounting Policies (continued)

the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

## Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

