

Tel.: +45 39 15 52 00 koebenhavn@bdo.dk www.bdo.dk BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab Havneholmen 29 DK-1561 København V CVR no. 20 22 26 70

GLOBUS MEDICAL DENMARK APS AXELTORV 2, 1609 COPGENHAGEN V ANNUAL REPORT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2023

The Annual Report has been presented and adopted at the Company's Annual General Meeting on 1 August 2024

Keith William Pfeil

The English part of this document is an unofficial translation of the original Danish text, and in case of any discrepancy between the Danish text and the English translation, the Danish text shall prevail.



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COMPANY DETAILS

Company Globus Medical Denmark ApS

Axeltorv 2

1609 Copgenhagen V

CVR No.: 33 59 70 37
Established: 18 February 2011
Municipality: Copenhagen

Financial Year: 1 January - 31 December

Executive Board Keith William Pfeil

Dustin S Shields

Auditor BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

Havneholmen 29 1561 Copenhagen V

Bank SEB Bank

Bernstoffsgade 50 1577 Copenhagen V



MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT

Today the Executive Board have discussed and approved the Annual Report of Globus Medical Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Management Commentary includes in our opinion a fair presentation of the matters dealt with in the Commentary.

The Executive Board remain of the opinion that the conditions for opting out of audit have been fulfilled.

we recommend the Annual Report	t be approved at the Annual General Meeting.
Copenhagen, 1 August 2024	
Executive Board	
 Keith William Pfeil	Dustin S Shields



AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPILATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Shareholder of Globus Medical Denmark ApS

We have compiled these Financial Statements of Globus Medical Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 based on the Company's accounting records and other information provided by Management.

These Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and accounting policies.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with the International Standard, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist Management in the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant statutory provisions of the Danish Audit Act and International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional behaviour, and due care.

These Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile these Financial Statements are Management's responsibility.

Since an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by Management to us to compile these Financial Statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether these Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 1 August 2024

BDO Statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab CVR no. 20 22 26 70

Per Frost Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne27740



MANAGEMENT COMMENTARY

Principal activities

The company is acting as Commissionaire of his principal, Globus Medical Inc. to market and distribute medical devices and any other activities deemed to be related thereto by the executive board.

Significant events after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the end of the financial year of material importance for the company's financial position.



INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK '000
GROSS PROFIT		1.406.613	1.302
Staff costs	1	-1.083.220	-1.119
OPERATING PROFIT		323.393	183
Other financial expenses	2	-10.128	-2
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		313.265	181
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-69.542	-40
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		243.723	141
PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT			
Retained earnings		243.723	141
TOTAL		243.723	141



BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

ASSETS		2023	2022
		DKK	DKK '000
Trade receivables		767.529	1.030
Other receivables		1.047	1
Receivables		768.576	1.031
Cash and cash equivalents		3.755.940	1.735
CURRENT ASSETS		4.524.516	2.766
ASSETS		4.524.516	2,766



BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK '000
Share CapitalRetained profit		80.000 1.089.311	80 846
EQUITY		1.169.311	926
Trade payables Payables to group enterprises Corporation tax Other liabilities Current liabilities		452.630 1.459.209 47.542 1.395.824 3.355.205	82 914 40 804 1.840
LIABILITIES		3.355.205	1.840
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		4.524.516	2.766



EQUITY

		Retained	
DKK	Share Capital	profit	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	80.000	845.588	925.588
Proposed profit allocation		243.723	243.723
Equity at 31 December 2023	80.000	1.089.311	1.169.311



NOTES

	2023 DKK	2022 DKK '000	Note
Staff costs Average number of full time employees	1	1	1
Wages and salaries Pensions Social security costs	1.036.228 46.992 0	1.069 47 3	
	1.083.220	1.119	
Other financial expenses Other interest expenses	10.128	2	2
	10.128	2	
Tax on profit/loss for the year Calculated tax on taxable income of the year	69.542	40	3
	69.542	40	



ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Annual Report of Globus Medical Denmark ApS for 2023 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for enterprises in reporting class B.

The Annual Report is prepared consistently with the accounting principles used last year.

INCOME STATEMENT

Net revenue

Net revenue from sale of merchandise and finished goods is recognised in the Income Statement if supply and risk transfer to purchaser has taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received. Net revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT, duties and less discounts related to the sale.

Net revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT and less duties and discounts related to the sale.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include cost of sales, advertising, administration, buildings, bad debts, operational lease expenses, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday pay and pensions and other costs for social security etc. for the company's employees. Repayments from public authorities are deducted from staff costs.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, financial expenses of finance leases, debt and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as charges and allowances under the tax-on-account scheme etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement by the amounts that relate to the financial year.

Tax

The tax for the year, which consists of the current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion that may be attributed to the profit for the year, and is recognised directly in the equity by the portion that may be attributed to entries directly to the equity.



ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BALANCE SHEET

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is reduced by impairment losses to meet expected losses.

Write-off is performed to provide for losses when an objective indication has been assessed to have incurred that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables are impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable is impaired, the write-off is performed at individual level.

Receivables for which there are no objective indication of impairment at individual level are assessed at portfolio level for objective indication of impairment. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' registered office and credit rating in accordance with the Company's policy for credit risk management. The objective indicators, which are applied for portfolios, are determined based on the historical loss experiences.

Write-off is determined as the difference between the carrying amount of receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including realisable value of any received collaterals. The effective interest rate is used as discount rate for the single receivable or portfolio.

Tax payable and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the balance sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the expected realisable value of the asset, either by set-off against tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date would be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in the deferred tax resulting from changes in tax rates, are recognised in the income statement, except from items recognised directly in equity.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time of borrowing by the amount of proceeds received less borrowing costs. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to the capitalised value when using the effective interest, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value being recognised in the income statement over the term of loan.

Amortised cost of current liabilities usually corresponds to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date. Exchange differences arising between the rate on the transaction date and the rate on the payment date are recognised in the income statement as a financial income or expense.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that are not settled on the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate on the balance sheet date and the exchange rate at the time of occurrence of the receivables or payables is recognised in the income statement as financial income or expenses.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date.