Stena Bulk Denmark ApS

Tuborg Boulevard 12, 2., DK-2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2019

CVR No 33 58 05 41

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 26/06 2020

Morten Rich Chairman of the General Meeting



Contents

	Page
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Company Information	
Company Information	5
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 January - 31 December	6
Balance Sheet 31 December	7
Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10



Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Stena Bulk Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2019.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 26 June 2020

Executive Board

Morten Rich Erik Hånell

Board of Directors

Aayush Giri Sofia Elisabet Ericsson Erik Hånell

Morten Rich Hanna Maria Schønnemann



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Stena Bulk Denmark ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Stena Bulk Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.



Independent Auditor's Report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.



Independent Auditor's Report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 26 June 2020 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

René Otto Poulsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne26718



Company Information

The Company Stena Bulk Denmark ApS

Tuborg Boulevard 12, 2. DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 33 58 05 41

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors Aayush Giri

Sofia Elisabet Ericsson

Erik Hånell Morten Rich

Hanna Maria Schønnemann

Executive Board Morten Rich

Erik Hånell

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2019	2018
		TUSD	TUSD
Other external expenses	_	-12	-309
Gross profit/loss		-12	-309
Income from investments in subsidiaries	2	8.250	-7.319
Income from investments in associates	3	-1.961	-4.518
Financial income	4	1.148	906
Financial expenses	5	-6.489	-1.298
Profit/loss before tax		936	-12.538
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	-14	444
Net profit/loss for the year	-	922	-12.094
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		0	-6.443
Retained earnings	_	922	-5.651
		922	-12.094



Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2019	2018
		TUSD	TUSD
Investments in subsidiaries	7	71.719	57.165
Investments in associates	8	0	0
Fixed asset investments	-	71.719	57.165
Fixed assets	-	71.719	57.165
Receivables from group enterprises		0	234
Receivables from associates		9.080	9.616
Other receivables	<u>-</u>	0	30
Receivables	-	9.080	9.880
Cash at bank and in hand	-	215	74
Currents assets	-	9.295	9.954
Assets	_	81.014	67.119



Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2019	2018
		TUSD	TUSD
Share capital		95	95
Retained earnings	_	40.383	33.157
Equity	-	40.478	33.252
Payables to group enterprises	_	30.000	30.000
Long-term debt	9	30.000	30.000
Trade payables		2	0
Payables to group enterprises	9	10.534	3.867
Short-term debt	-	10.536	3.867
Debt	-	40.536	33.867
Liabilities and equity	-	81.014	67.119
Subsequent events	12		
Main activity	1		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	10		
Related parties	11		
Accounting Policies	13		



Statement of Changes in Equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	TUSD	TUSD	TUSD
Equity at 1 January	95	33.157	33.252
Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments, subsidiaries	0	6.304	6.304
Net profit/loss for the year	0	922	922
Equity at 31 December	95	40.383	40.478



1 Main activity

The primary activity of the company is to do business related to shipping and equity holding.

		2019	2018
•	Income from investments in subsidiaries	TUSD	TUSD
2	income from investments in substataries		
	Share of profits of subsidiaries	9.851	0
	Share of losses of subsidiaries	0	-5.718
	Amortisation of goodwill	-1.601	-1.601
		8.250	-7.319
3	Income from investments in associates		
	Share of losses of associates	-1.961	-4.518
		-1.961	-4.518
4	Financial income		
	Other financial income	1.148	893
	Exchange adjustments	0	13
		1.148	906
5	Financial expenses		
	Interest paid to group enterprises	2.418	1.297
	Remission of debt in associates	4.069	0
	Other financial expenses	2	0
	Exchange loss	0	1
		6.489	1.298



		2019	2018
6	Tax on profit/loss for the year	TUSD	TUSD
	Current tax for the year	-142	-223
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	156	-221
		14	-444
7	Investments in subsidiaries		
	Cost at 1 January	59.287	59.287
	Cost at 31 December	59.287	59.287
	Value adjustments at 1 January	-2.122	12.873
	Net profit/loss for the year	9.851	-5.717
	Fair value adjustment of hedging instruments for the year	6.304	-7.677
	Amortisation of goodwill	-1.601	-1.601
	Value adjustments at 31 December	12.432	-2.122
	Carrying amount at 31 December	71.719	57.165
	Positive differences arising on initial measurement of subsidiaries at net		
	asset value	11.209	12.811



8	Investments in associates	2019 TUSD	2018 TUSD
	Cost at 1 January	0	0
	Cost at 31 December	0	0
	Value adjustments at 1 January	-10.947	-6.429
	Net profit/loss for the year	-1.961	-4.518
	Value adjustments at 31 December	-12.908	-10.947
	Equity investments with negative net asset value amortised over receivables	12.908	10.947
	Carrying amount at 31 December	0	0

9 Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt.

The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

Payables to group enterprises

	40.534	33.867
Other short-term debt to group enterprises	10.534	3.867
Long-term part	30.000	30.000
Between 1 and 5 years	30.000	30.000

10 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The Company has placed an security for associated companies debt of USD 10,4 million.

The Company has given notice of support on going concern in associated companies.



11 Related parties

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Ultimate Parent Company		
Name	Place of registered office	
Stena AB	Göteborg, Sverige	

The Group Annual Report of Stena AB may be obtained at the following address: Stena AB, Masthuggskajen, SE-405 19 Göteborg, Sverige

12 Subsequent events

The consequences of outbreak of Covid-19 is at this stage still evolving. Stena has taken steps to ensure the health and safety of its employees and in parallel is focused on minimizing any negative impact on the business. The situation is developing rapidly, and the assessment is that there is a risk that the outbreak of the corona virus may have a negative financial impact during 2020 for our Business Areas.

Management considers the implications of COVID-19 a subsequent event occurred after the balance sheet date (31 December 2019), and therefore does not have any effect on the Financial Statements for 2019 (a non-adjusting event).

The restrictions in travel has negatively affected the possibility to change crew according to schedules. Congestions in ports due to restrictions slows down loading and unloading.

Tanker operation has so far not seen any other negative impacts due to the Corona virus and are enjoying strong TCE rate throughout Q1.



13 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Stena Bulk Denmark ApS for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Financial Statements for 2019 are presented in USD with exchange rate as at 31 December 2019 - USD 667,59 (31 December 2018 - USD 651,94).

Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of Stena AB, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.



13 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to administration etc.

Income from investments in subsidiaries and associates

The items "Income from investments in subsidiaries" and "Income from investments in associates" in the income statement include the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance Sheet

Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The items "Investments in subsidiaries" and "Investments in associates" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries and the associates.

Subsidiaries and associates with a negative net asset value are recognised at USD o. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.



13 Accounting Policies (continued)

Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provisions for estimated bad debts are made.

Current asset investments

Current asset investments, which consist of unlisted shares, are measured at their fair values at the balance sheet date.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

