# Thermo Fisher Scientific Chromatography Holdings ApS

c/o Nunc A/S, Kamstrupvej 90, DK-4000 Roskilde

Annual Report for 2023

CVR No. 33 51 21 47

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 3/7 2024

Simon Lie Chairman of the general meeting



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### **Management's statement**

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Thermo Fisher Scientific Chromatography Holdings ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Roskilde, 3 July 2024

#### **Executive Board**

Simon Lie Manager Petrus Thomas Adrianus van der Zande Manager Anthony Hugh Smith Manager



### **Independent Auditor's report**

To the shareholder of Thermo Fisher Scientific Chromatography Holdings ApS

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Thermo Fisher Scientific Chromatography Holdings ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



### **Independent Auditor's report**

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 3 July 2024

**PricewaterhouseCoopers**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No 33 77 12 31

Morten Jørgensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne32806 Mads Blichfeldt Fjord State Authorised Public Accountant mne46065



### **Company information**

The Company Thermo Fisher Scientific Chromatography Holdings ApS

c/o Nunc A/S Kamstrupvej 90 4000 Roskilde

CVR No: 33 51 21 47

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 9 March 2011 Financial year: 13th financial year Municipality of reg. office: Roskilde

**Executive Board** Simon Lie

Petrus Thomas Adrianus van der Zande

**Anthony Hugh Smith** 

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



### Management's review

#### **Key activities**

The objective of the Company is to own shares in the subsidiaries of the Company and to conduct business related here to.

#### Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2023 shows a loss of TEUR 20, and at 31 December 2023 the balance sheet of the Company shows a positive equity of TEUR 1,542,496.

#### **Subsequent events**

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



# **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2023	2022
		TEUR	TEUR
Gross loss		-17	-15
Financial income		2	0
Financial expenses	1	-2	0
Profit/loss before tax	-	-17	-15
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-3	3
Net profit/loss for the year	-	-20	-12
Distribution of profit			
		2023	2022
	-	TEUR	TEUR
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-20	-12
	-	-20	-12



# **Balance sheet 31 December**

### Assets

	Note	2023	2022
		TEUR	TEUR
Investments in subsidiaries	3	1,537,704	1,537,704
Fixed asset investments	-	1,537,704	1,537,704
Fixed assets	-	1,537,704	1,537,704
Receivables from group enterprises		4,823	4,830
Corporation tax		0	3
Receivables	- -	4,823	4,833
Current assets	-	4,823	4,833
Assets		1,542,527	1,542,537



# **Balance sheet 31 December**

# Liabilities and equity

	Note	2023	2022
		TEUR	TEUR
Share capital		1,011	1,011
Retained earnings		1,541,485	1,541,505
Equity		1,542,496	1,542,516
Payables to group enterprises		18	7
Other payables		13	14
Short-term debt		31	21
Debt		31	21
Liabilities and equity		1,542,527	1,542,537
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# **Statement of changes in equity**

	Retained Share capital earnings		
	TEUR	TEUR	TEUR
Equity at 1 January	1,011	1,541,505	1,542,516
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-20	-20
Equity at 31 December	1,011	1,541,485	1,542,496



					2023	2022
					TEUR	TEUR
1.	Financial expenses					
	Exchange adjustments, expe	enses			2	0
					2	0
					2023	2022
2.	Income toy evnence				TEUR	TEUR
۷.	Income tax expense					
	Current tax for the year				-4	-3
	Adjustment of tax concernir	ıg previous year	'S		7	0
					3	-3
					2023	2022
					TEUR	TEUR
<b>3</b> .	Investments in subsid	iaries				
	Cost at 1 January				1,537,704	1,504,704
	Additions for the year				0	33,000
	Cost at 31 December				1,537,704	1,537,704
	Carrying amount at 31 Decei	nber			1,537,704	1,537,704
			C. 11			
	Investments in subsidiaries	are specified as	follows:			
		Place of				
	Name	registered office	Share capital	Owner- ship	Equity	Net profit/loss for the year
	Dionex Corporation, USD	USA	200	100%	2,251,631,224	63,322,255
	Dionex Softtron GmbH, EUR	Germany	125.000	100%	456,914,278	122,448,900
	Dionex China Limited, HKD	Hong Kong	2	100%	81,315,949	6,280,176
					2,789,861,451	192,051,331



# 4. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### Other contingent liabilities

There are no security and contingent liabilities at 31 December 2023.

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed income of the Group. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

#### 5. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the largest and smallest group:

Name	Place of registered office
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc	Massachusetts, USA

The Group Annual Report of Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc may be obtained at the following address: Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., 168 Third Avenue, Waltham, MA 02451, USA.



### 6. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Thermo Fisher Scientific Chromatography Holdings ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in TEUR.

#### Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements for 2023 of Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The Annual Report of Thermo Fischer Scientific Inc. may be obtained at the following address: Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., 168 Third Avenue, Waltham, MA 02451, USA.

#### Recognition and measurement

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost method.

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

#### **Income statement**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

#### **Gross loss**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue, other operating income and other external expenses.



#### Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Company.

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividends from subsidiaries are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the subsidiary. However, dividends relating to earnings in the subsidiary before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the subsidiary.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with the group. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

#### **Balance** sheet

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

