



CHRISTENSEN
KJÆRULFF

PERSONLIGT ENGAGEMENT

STATSAUTORISERET
REVISIONSAKTIESELSKAB

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JMF Invest ApS

c/o Jean-Marc Ferran, Oehlenschlägersgade 4, 2., 1663 København V

Company reg. no. 33 39 72 83

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2018

The annual report has been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 7 February 2019.

Jean-Marc Ferran
Chairman of the meeting

Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.



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Management's report

The managing director has today presented the annual report of JMF Invest ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in my opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018.

I am of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Copenhagen, 6 February 2019

Managing Director

Jean-Marc Ferran



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of JMF Invest ApS

Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of JMF Invest ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2018 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:



Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.



Independent auditor's report

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 6 February 2019

Christensen Kjærulff

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab
Company reg. no. 15 91 56 41

Iver Haugsted

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne10678



Company data

The company

JMF Invest ApS
c/o Jean-Marc Ferran
Oehlenschlägersgade 4, 2.
1663 København V

Company reg. no. 33 39 72 83
Established: 25 January 2011
Domicile: Copenhagen
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Managing Director

Jean-Marc Ferran

Auditors

Christensen Kjærulff
Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab
Store Kongensgade 68
1264 København K

Subsidiaries

Qualiance ApS, Copenhagen
SARL JMF INVEST FRANCE, France



Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's main purpose is to invest in subsidiaries.

Unusual matters

No unusual matters.

Uncertainties as to recognition or measurement

No uncertainties as to recognition or measurement.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year is DKK -2.570 against DKK -5.063 last year. The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK 408.875 against DKK 377.227 last year. The management considers the results satisfactory.



Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Note	2018	2017
Gross loss	-2.570	-5.063
Income from equity investments in group enterprises	352.625	408.124
Other financial income from group enterprises	19.988	19.556
Other financial income	54.697	0
Other financial costs	-3	-53.970
Results before tax	424.737	368.647
Tax on ordinary results	-15.862	8.580
Results for the year	408.875	377.227
 Proposed distribution of the results:		
Extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year	0	90.000
Dividend for the financial year	54.000	262.625
Allocated to results brought forward	354.875	24.602
Distribution in total	408.875	377.227



Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets	Note	2018	2017
Fixed assets			
1 Equity investments in group enterprises		413.400	413.400
Financial fixed assets in total		413.400	413.400
Fixed assets in total		413.400	413.400
Current assets			
Amounts owed by group enterprises		1.468.656	1.336.916
Receivable corporate tax		0	8.580
Debtors in total		1.468.656	1.345.496
Available funds		1.425.780	1.340.978
Current assets in total		2.894.436	2.686.474
Assets in total		3.307.836	3.099.874



Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities

Note	2018	2017
Equity		
2 Contributed capital		
3 Results brought forward	3.063.569	2.708.693
4 Proposed dividend for the financial year	54.000	262.625
Equity in total	3.197.569	3.051.318
 Liabilities		
Trade creditors	4.250	7.500
Debt to group enterprises	90.155	41.056
Corporate tax	15.862	0
Short-term liabilities in total	110.267	48.556
Liabilities in total	110.267	48.556
Equity and liabilities in total	3.307.836	3.099.874

5 Contingencies



Notes

All amounts in DKK.

	2018	2017	
1. Equity investments in group enterprises			
Acquisition sum, opening balance 1 January 2018	413.400	413.400	
Book value 31 December 2018	413.400	413.400	
The financial highlights for the enterprises according to the latest approved annual reports			
	Share of ownership	Results for the year	Book value at JMF Invest ApS
Qualiance ApS, Copenhagen	100 %	732.169	406.024
SARL JMF INVEST FRANCE, France	99 %	-377.283	7.376
		354.886	185.306
		354.886	413.400
2. Contributed capital			
Contributed capital 1 January 2018	80.000	80.000	
	80.000	80.000	
3. Results brought forward			
Results brought forward 1 January 2018	2.708.694	2.684.091	
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	354.875	24.602	
Extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year	0	90.000	
Distributed extraordinary dividend adopted during the financial year	0	-90.000	
	3.063.569	2.708.693	
4. Proposed dividend for the financial year			
Dividend 1 January 2018	262.625	400.000	
Distributed dividend	-262.625	-400.000	
Dividend for the financial year	54.000	262.625	
	54.000	262.625	



Notes

All amounts in DKK.

5. Contingencies

Joint taxation

The company is the administration company of the group of companies subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and, as from the financial year 2012, unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax.

As from 1 July 2012, the company is unlimited jointly and severally liable with the other jointly taxed companies for any obligation to withhold tax on interest, royalties and dividends.

The liability relating to obligations in connection with withholding tax on dividends, interest and royalties represents an estimated maximum of DKK 0 thousand.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withheld taxes etc. may cause changes in the company's liabilities.



Accounting policies used

The annual report for JMF Invest ApS is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has chosen to comply with some of the rules applying for class C enterprises.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual accounts are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

The profit and loss account

Gross loss

The gross loss comprises external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Dividend from equity investments in group enterprises is recognised in the financial year where the dividend is declared.



Accounting policies used

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The company is subject to the Danish legislation concerning compulsory joint taxation with the Danish group enterprises. The company acts as an administration company in relation to the joint taxation. This means that the total Danish tax payable of the income of the Danish consolidated companies is paid to the tax authorities by the company.

The current Danish corporate tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

The balance sheet

Financial fixed assets

Equity investments in group enterprises

Equity investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. In case the recoverable amount is lower than the cost, writedown takes place to this lower value.

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Available funds

Available funds comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under the equity. Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of approval by the general meeting (the time of declaration).

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

JMF Invest ApS is jointly taxed with the Danish group companies and acts in this respect as the administration company. According to the rules of joint taxation, JMF Invest ApS is unlimited, jointly and severally liable towards the Danish tax authorities for the total corporation tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, arising within the jointly taxed group of companies.



Accounting policies used

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses eligible for carry-over, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

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Jean-Marc Ferran

Direktør

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