

# Annual report for the period 1 January to 31 December 2023

NIP	living	Porteføli	e AnS
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Southamptongade 4, 2150 Nordhavn CVR no. 33 39 37 84

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 24 May 2024

Stine Seneberg chairman



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# Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of NIP Living Portefølje ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Nordhavn, 24 May 2024

## **Executive board**

Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen Rune Højby Kock

Nick Holmelund Melgaard

Stine Seneberg

# Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholder of NIP Living Portefølje ApS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of NIP Living Portefølje ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

# Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as
  fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
  internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Independent auditor's report

Brøndby, 24 May 2024

Vadskær Krømmelbein Statsautoriseret Revisionsanpartsselskab CVR no. 40 68 97 45

Michael Kodama Krømmelbein Statsautoriseret revisor mne44139

# **Company details**

The company NIP Living Portefølje ApS

Southamptongade 4 2150 Nordhavn

CVR no.: 33 39 37 84

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2023

Incorporated: 7 January 2011 Financial year: 13rd financial year

Domicile: Copenhagen

**Executive board** Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen

Rune Højby Kock

Nick Holmelund Melgaard

Stine Seneberg

Auditors Vadskær Krømmelbein

Statsautoriseret Revisionsanpartsselskab

Vibeholms Allé 16 2605 Brøndby

Bankers Danske Bank A/S

Lersø Parkallé 100 2100 København Ø

# Income statement 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Gross loss		-98,169	-123,871
Income from investments in subsidiaries		-38,731,083	6,826,289
Financial income		0	814,031
Financial costs	4	-4,484,999	-1,383,056
Profit/loss before tax		-43,314,251	6,133,393
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	1,626,126	664,274
Profit/loss for the year		-41,688,125	6,797,667
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		-38,731,083	6,826,289
Retained earnings		-2,957,042	-28,622
		-41,688,125	6,797,667

# **Balance sheet at 31 December 2023**

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	6	199,294,736	238,025,819
Fixed asset investments		199,294,736	238,025,819
Total non-current assets		199,294,736	238,025,819
Joint taxation contributions receivable		1,659,801	142,011
Receivables		1,659,801	142,011
Cash at bank and in hand		93,923	900
Total current assets		1,753,724	142,911
Total assets		201,048,460	238,168,730

# **Balance sheet at 31 December 2023**

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		100,000	100,000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		93,848,029	132,579,112
Retained earnings		2,636,323	5,593,365
Equity		96,584,352	138,272,477
Payables to group entities		104,429,431	99,847,684
Total non-current liabilities	7	104,429,431	99,847,684
Trade payables		10,000	2,724
Other payables		24,677	45,845
Total current liabilities		34,677	48,569
Total liabilities		104,464,108	99,896,253
Total equity and liabilities		201,048,460	238,168,730
Accounting policies	1		
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# Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	revaluation under the equity method	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	100,000	132,579,112	5,593,365	138,272,477
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-38,731,083	-2,957,042	-41,688,125
Equity at 31 December 2023	100,000	93,848,029	2,636,323	96,584,352

## 1 Accounting policies

The Annual Report of NIP Living Portefølje ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in DKK

Pursuant to sections §110 subsection 1, of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

## Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

# Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

# 1 Accounting policies

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## **Income statement**

#### **Gross loss**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit comprises other external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration etc.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions.

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

The Company is jointly taxed with with Danish group enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

## **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

# 1 Accounting policies

The item "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and participating interests with a negative net asset value are measured at DKK 0, and the carrying amount of any receivables from these entities is reduced to the extent that they are considered irrecoverable. If the parent company has a legal or constructive obligation to cover a deficit that exceeds the receivable, the balance is recognised under provisions.

Net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries, associates and participating interests are taken to the net revaluation reserve according to the equity method in so far as that the carrying amount exceeds the cost. Dividends from subsidiaries which are expected to be declared before the annual report of NIP Living Portefølje ApS is adopted are not taken to the net revaluation reserve.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

# Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits at banks.

#### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

# 1 Accounting policies

# Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

# 2 Main activity

The company's key activity is to own shares in subsidiaries and affilitated companies as well as other related business.

3	Staff costs	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
3	Stail costs		
	Number of fulltime employees on average	0	0
4	Financial costs		
	Financial expenses, group entities	4,481,747	1,379,720
	Other financial costs	3,001	3,240
	Exchange loss	251	96
		4,484,999	1,383,056
5	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	-1,659,801	0
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	33,675	-664,274
		-1,626,126	-664,274

					2023	2022
6	Investments in subsid	diaries			DKK	DKK
Ü					105 446 707	105 446 707
	Cost at 1 January 202				105,446,707	105,446,707
	Cost at 31 December	2023			105,446,707	105,446,707
	Davelvetiens et 1 len				122 570 112	125 752 822
	Revaluations at 1 January Net profit/loss for the	•			132,579,112	125,752,823
	•	•			-38,731,083	6,826,289
	Revaluations at 31 De	ecember 2023			93,848,029	132,579,112
	Carrying amount at 3	31 December 2023			199,294,736	238,025,819
		liaries are specified	as ronows.			
	Name  NIP Living Fyn ApS	Registered office Copenhagen	Share capital	Ownership interest	Equity 199,294,736	Profit/loss for the year -38,731,083
	NIP Living Fyn ApS	Registered office	Share capital	interest	·	year
7	NIP Living Fyn ApS  Long term debt	Registered office Copenhagen	Share capital	interest	·	year
7	NIP Living Fyn ApS	Registered office Copenhagen	Share capital	interest	·	year
7	NIP Living Fyn ApS  Long term debt	Registered office Copenhagen	Share capital	interest	·	year
7	NIP Living Fyn ApS  Long term debt  Payables to group en	Registered office Copenhagen	Share capital	interest	199,294,736	year -38,731,083
7	NIP Living Fyn ApS  Long term debt  Payables to group en  After 5 years	Registered office Copenhagen	Share capital	interest	199,294,736	-38,731,083 -99,847,684
7	NIP Living Fyn ApS  Long term debt  Payables to group en  After 5 years  Non-current portion	Registered office Copenhagen	Share capital	interest	199,294,736 104,429,431 104,429,431	-38,731,083 -99,847,684 99,847,684

# 8 Contingent liabilities

## **Guarantee obligations**

The Company has provided an unlimited guarantee related to engagement with Danske Bank for the subsidiary NIP Living Fyn.

#### Joint taxation

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of NIP Denmark Advisory ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes.

Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

# 9 Mortgages and collateral

The company's shares in the subsidiary has been pledged as security to Danske Bank.

#### 10 Disclosure of consolidated financial statements

# **Consolidated financial statements**

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company NREP Income+ Fund MasterCo S.à r.l., Luxembourg