Pelargonie Aktieselskab

c/o DEAS A/S Dirch Passers Allé 76, 2000 Frederiksberg

CVR no. 33 35 12 83

Annual report 2021

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 14 June 2022

Chair of the meeting:

Docusigned by: Louise Hertz BBG520789290417...

Louise Hertz

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Pelargonie Aktieselskab for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 14 June 2022 Executive Board:

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Louise Hertz

Board of Directors:

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Nathalie Marion-Denise Winkelmann Chair

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Keld Jessen

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Timm Anton Grün

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Louise Hertz

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Pelargonie Aktieselskab

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pelargonie Aktieselskab for the financial year 1 January -31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 14 June 2022 EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Kum K. Landort

Kaare K. Lendorf State Authorised Public Accountant mne33819

Management's review

Company details	
Name Address, Postal code, City	Pelargonie Aktieselskab c/o DEAS A/S Dirch Passers Allé 76, 2000 Frederiksberg
CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year	33 35 12 83 16 November 2010 Frederiksberg 1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Nathalie Marion-Denise Winkelmann, Chair Timm Anton Grün Louise Hertz Keld Jessen
Executive Board	Louise Hertz
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

Management commentary

Business review

The Company's objective is to buy and possess real estate and other hereby related activities.

Recognition and measurement uncertainties

As the Company's purpose is investment in properties, the Company is affected by changes in the property market, including the general level of interest rates and economic conditions. For a description of significant assumptions for the fair value recognition as 31 December 2021, please refer to note 5 and 6.

Financial review

The income statement for 2021 shows a profit of DKK 34,919 thousand against a loss of DKK 12,810 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 423,037 thousand.

The Company was converted from limited partnership (Kommanditaktieselskab) to a private limited company (Aktieselskab). With the conversion the Company changed from a tax transparent entity to a taxable entity, and the Company therefor succeeding in the shareholders' tax position. Due the conversion the Company therefor recognising its new tax position. With the effective date of 1 January 2021 the Company carried out an inverted vertical merger the shareholders PELARGONIE INVESTORAKTIESELSKAB, PELARGONIE INVESTORAKTIESELSKAB II and PELARGONIE INVESTORSELSKAB NR. 3 ApS, with the Company as the successor entity. For the presentation in the Company's financial statements, such merger is treated in accordance with the book-value method, meaning that the comparison figures have not been restated. All intercompany balances for the merged entities have been eliminated.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

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Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2021	2020
	Gross profit	11,472	20,930
	Fair value adjustment of investment property	46,185	-23,619
3	Profit/loss before net financials	57,657	-2,689
	Financial income	1	17
	Financial expenses	-10,205	-10,138
4	Profit/loss before tax	47,453	-12,810
	Tax for the year	-12,534	0
	Profit/loss for the year	34,919	-12,810

Recommended appropriation of profit/loss Proposed dividend recognised under equity	20.200	10.800
Retained earnings/accumulated loss	14,719	-23,610
	34,919	-12,810

Balance sheet

Total fixed assets 870,100 837,667 Non-fixed assets Receivables	Note	DKK'000	2021	2020
5 Property, plant and equipment 6 Investment property 870,100 837,667 870,100 837,667 Total fixed assets Non-fixed assets Receivables		ASSETS		
6 Investment property 870,100 837,667 870,100 837,667 870,100 837,667 Total fixed assets 870,100 837,667 Non-fixed assets 870,100 837,667 Receivables 870,100 837,667	_			
Total fixed assets870,100837,667Non-fixed assets Receivables870,100837,667			070 100	007 / / 7
Total fixed assets 870,100 837,667 Non-fixed assets Receivables	0	investment property	870,100	837,007
Non-fixed assets Receivables			870,100	837,667
Receivables		Total fixed assets	870,100	837,667
		Non-fixed assets		
Trade receivables 310 (Receivables		
114010001140100		Trade receivables	310	0
Receivables from group enterprises 0 1,785		Receivables from group enterprises	0	1,785
Other receivables 1,465		Other receivables	1,465	0
1,775 1,785			1,775	1,785
Cash 58,737 54,055		Cash	58,737	54,055
Total non-fixed assets60,51255,840		Total non-fixed assets	60,512	55,840
TOTAL ASSETS 930,612 893,507		TOTAL ASSETS	930,612	893,507

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2021	2020
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
	Share capital	91,110	91,110
	Retained earnings	311,727	326,596
	Dividend proposed	20,200	10,800
	Total equity	423,037	428,506
	Provisions		
	Deferred tax	35,284	0
	Total provisions	35,284	0
	Liabilities other than provisions		
7	Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	Mortgage debt	358,565	363,087
	Payables to group entities	75,800	75,800
		434,365	438,887
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
7	Short-term part of long-term liabilities other than provisions	186	163
	Trade payables	10,382	1,290
	Payables to group enterprises	10,529	4,625
	Joint taxation contribution payable	188	0
	Deposits	13,677	12,934
	Other payables	355	7,102
	Deferred income	2,609	0
		37,926	26,114
	Total liabilities other than provisions	472,291	465,001
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	930,612	893,507

Accounting policies
Staff costs
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

9 Collateral

10 Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Dividend proposed	Total
Equity at 1 January 2020 Transfer through appropriation of loss Dividend distributed	91,110 0 0	350,206 -23,610 0	19,000 10,800 -19,000	460,316 -12,810 -19,000
Equity at 1 January 2021 Capital increase Reductions caused by mergers Transfer through appropriation of profit Dividend distributed	91,110 0 0 0 0	326,596 170,948 -200,536 14,719 0	10,800 0 20,200 -10,800	428,506 170,948 -200,536 34,919 -10,800
Equity at 31 December 2021	91,110	311,727	20,200	423,037

The merger affected the Company's equity negatively with t.DKK 29,588.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Pelargonie Aktieselskab for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The Company was converted from limited partnership (Kommanditaktieselskab) to a private limited company (Aktieselskab). With the conversion the Company changed from a tax transparent entity to a taxable entity, and the Company therefor succeeding in the shareholders' tax position. Due the conversion the Company therefor recognising its new tax position. With the effective date of 1 January 2021 the Company carried out an inverted vertical merger the shareholders PELARGONIE INVESTORAKTIESELSKAB, PELARGONIE INVESTORAKTIESELSKAB II and PELARGONIE INVESTORSELSKAB NR. 3 ApS, with the Company as the successor entity. For the presentation in the Company's financial statements, such merger is treated in accordance with the book-value method, meaning that the comparison figures have not been restated. All

intercompany balances for the merged entities have been eliminated.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are otherwise consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue (rent) is recognized in the income statement, when the company has achieved final rights for the sale. Revenue is recognized linear over the terms of the contracts.

Gross profit

The items revenue, expenses, property and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Expenses, property

Property expenses include expenses relating to renting out the Company's investment property, including expenses relating to running and maintaining such property.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

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Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost. Investment property is subsequently measured at fair value, and the value adjustment for the year is recognised in the income statement under the item "Fair value adjustment of investment property". The fair value is based on the expected future cash flows for the investment property.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Equity

Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Payables to credit institutions

Mortgage debt is recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, mortgage debt is measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Borrowing costs, including capital losses, are recognised as financing costs in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised as a liability comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.

Fair value

The fair value measurement is based on the principal market. If no principal market exists, the measurement is based on the most advantageous market, i.e. the market that maximises the price of the asset or liability less transaction and/or transport costs.

All assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value, or whose fair value is disclosed, are classified based on the fair value hierarchy, see below:

- Level 1: Value in an active market for similar assets/liabilities
- Level 2: Value based on recognised valuation methods on the basis of observable market information
- Level 3: Value based on recognised valuation methods and reasonable estimates (non-observable market information).

Notes to the financial statements

- 2 Staff costs
 - The Company has no employees.

	DKK'000	2021	2020
3	Financial expenses Interest expenses, group entities Other financial expenses	4,611 5,594	4,624 5,514
		10,205	10,138
4	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year	188 12,346 12,534	0 0 0

5 Property, plant and equipment

DKK'000	Investment property
Cost at 1 January 2021 Disposals	635,663 -11,613
Cost at 31 December 2021	624,050
Revaluations at 1 January 2021 Value adjustments for the year	202,004 44,046
Revaluations at 31 December 2021	246,050
Carrying amount at 31 December 2021	870,100

6 Investment property

Fair value estimation

The fair value of investment property has been estimated for every single property by discounting the expected, future cash flows, using a relevant discount factor. Expected future cash flows are based on budgets, approved by management, for the coming x-year period and an estimated terminal value for the remaining life of the property concerned. The discount factor comprises the risk-free interest rate and a risk premium for the property concerned.

Cushman & Wakefield is as independent valuer consulted for purposes of estimating the fair values.

The most significant fair value assumptions are: Residential area (total): 20,473 sqm Vacancy based on area: 0.00 - 0.80% Net initial yield: 3.30 - 3.40% Exit yield: 1.60 - 3.30% Average rent: 1,301 - 1,910 DKK/sqm/year (actual rent) Operating and maintenance costs: 328 - 628 DKK/sqm/year (estimated)

Parking (total): 121 units Vacancy based on units: 71.10% Average rent: 10,332 DKK/unit/year (actual rent)

Notes to the financial statements

7 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

DKK'000	Total debt at 31/12 2021	Repayment, next year	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Mortgage debt Payables to group entities	358,751 75,800	186 0	358,565 75,800	358,473 75,800
	434,551	186	434,365	434,273

8 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The Company is jointly taxed with its parent, Ejendomsselskabet PADK-3 ApS, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities.

9 Collateral

As securities for the Company´s mortgage debt, assets worth a total of t.DKK 870,100 have been pledge as collateral or otherwise charged.

10 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	company's consolidated financial statements
Universal-Investment-Luxembourg S.A.	Luxembourg	Rue de Flaxweiler 15,

Rue de Flaxweiler 15, L-6776 Grevenmacher, Luxembourg

Requisitioning of the parent