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Hovmarksvej Holding ApS

Hovmarksvej 38, 2920 Charlottenlund

CVR no. 33 23 90 84

Annual report for the period 1 January to 31 December 2021

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 31 May 2022

Torsten Brovang chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Hovmarksvej Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the company and the group financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the group and the company operations and consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Gentofte, 31 May 2022

Executive board

Torsten Brovang

Helene Seck Brovang



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Hovmarksvej Holding ApS Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of Hovmarksvej Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, for both the group and the parent company as well as consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the group and the parent company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the group and the parent company's operations and consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and parent company" section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the group or the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the
 circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the group's and the parent company's
 internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures
 made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group and the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information for the group's entities or business activities to
 express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for directing, supervising and conducting the audit
 of the group. We alone are responsible for our audit opinion.



Independent auditor's report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and

significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements does not cover management's review,

and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, our responsibility is to

read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the consolidated

financial statements and parent company financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be

materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish

Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the consolidated financial

statements and parent company financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish

Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2022

Baker Tilly Denmark

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 35 25 76 91

Peter Aagesen statsautoriseret revisor

MNE no. mne41287

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Company details

The company

Hovmarksvej Holding ApS Hovmarksvej 38 2920 Charlottenlund

CVR no.: 33 23 90 84

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2021 Incorporated: 30 September 2010

Domicile: Gentofte

Executive board

Torsten Brovang Helene Seck Brovang

Auditors

Baker Tilly Denmark Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Poul Bundgaards Vej 1, 1.

2500 Valby



Financial highlights

Seen over a 4-year period, the development of the Company may be described by means of the following financial highlights:

	Group			
	2021	2020	2019	2018
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Key figures				
Gross profit/loss	143.021	165.340	186.674	148.546
Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses	132.145	154.513	176.785	140.697
Profit/loss before net financials	78.462	99.133	120.145	97.787
Net financials	-35.459	-42.957	-59.104	-67.613
Profit/loss for the year	33.293	38.161	48.489	19.610
Balance sheet				
Balance sheet total	613.747	664.058	770.070	757.452
Investment in property, plant and equipment	-233	-232	-115	0
Equity	131.038	103.668	70.093	22.760
Number of employees	15	13	13	11
Financial ratios				
Gross margin	93,5%	93,9%	94,4%	95,6%
EBIT margin	51,3%	56,3%	60,8%	63,0%
Return on assets	12,3%	13,8%	15,7%	25,8%
Solvency ratio	21,4%	15,6%	9,1%	3,0%
Current ratio	78,2%	68,2%	631,8%	571,3%

The financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's recommendations and guidelines. For definitions, see the summary of significant accounting policies..



Management's review

Business review

The company's main activity is to own companies in the artistic industry and companies in the financial industry.

Hovmarksvej Holding ApS (the "Company"), is a company incorporated in Denmark. The Company's activities are to act as a Danish intermediate holding company to its subsidiaries incorporated in Denmark and the UK, and an indirect subsidiary incorporated in Poland (together the "Indigo Group").

The UK and Danish subsidiaries operate as independent insurance underwriting agencies focused onunderwriting speciality lines of insurance and reinsurance.

The UK subsidiary, Indigo Underwriters Ltd also provides Track Day Insurances under the brand name "Moris track day" insurance.

Its sister company Indigo Underwriters Danmark ApS has started offering Track Day Insurances in Denmark and Sweden as well. Furthermore, a new travel insurance product has been introduced allowing travelers, who previously have had their application for travel insurances from other insurance companies declined, to obtain a travel insurance.

The Polish companiy handle various agency tasks related to the bancassurance industry.

Financial review

The group's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a profit of DKK 33.293.081, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 131.037.598.

Future development

The management of HHA expects to continue the growth of the group including further acquisitions in the insurance market.

Plans also exists to make further acquisitions in Poland, due to the positive experience of the Polish bancassurance business.

The Directors do not foresee any significant changes to the Indigo Group's and Company's activities going forward.

Covid 19 had minor impact on the Group's activities in 2021 and it is believed that the conflict in Ukraine will not impact the Group's 2022 performance.

Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The Group's assets, liabilities and financial position per 31 December 2021 and the result of the Group's activities and cash flows for the financial year 2021 are not affected by unusual circumstances.

Furthermore, there are no uncertainties in recognition and measurement in the consolidated financial statement.



Management's review

Risks and uncertainties

The Group has some exposure to foreign exchange risk as income arises in currencies other than Danish Kroner (DKK). However, most of its expense base are matched with similar income in the same currency.

The Company has no significant exposure to other market risk (price or interest risk), credit or liquidity risk.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No event has occurred who could significantly affect the group's financial position.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

		Group		Group			mpany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020		
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK		
Gross profit		143.020.891	165.340.039	-264.353	-218.250		
Staff costs	1	-10.875.949	-10.827.443	0	0		
Profit/loss before amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses		132.144.942	154.512.596	-264.353	-218.250		
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment Other operating costs		-53.683.241 0	-55.378.986 -205	0	0		
Profit/loss before net financials		78.461.701	99.133.405	-264.353	-218.250		
Income from investments in subsidiares Financial income Financial costs		0 4.687.205 -40.146.379	0 1.981.045 -44.938.042	26.936.653 4.574.440 -11.424	34.057.858 515.705 -1.333		
Profit/loss before tax		43.002.527	56.176.408	31.235.316	34.353.980		
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	-9.709.446	-18.014.985	-935.198	23.237		
Profit/loss for the year		33.293.081	38.161.423	30.300.118	34.377.217		

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Balance sheet 31 December

		Group		Parent company	
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Assets					
Software and license		370.103	672.239	0	0
Goodwill		530.995.342	589.857.406	0	0
Intangible assets	5	531.365.445	590.529.645	0	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		461.161	514.341	0	0
Tangible assets	6	461.161	514.341	0	0
Investments in subsidiaries	7	0	0	105.196.454	80.028.078
Deposits		52.685	43.309	0	0
Fixed asset investments		52.685	43.309	105.196.454	80.028.078
Total non-current assets		531.879.291	591.087.295	105.196.454	80.028.078
Trade receivables		15.631.268	12.798.410	0	0
Receivables from related parties		0	0	468.833	830.710
Other receivables		3.477.395	795.688	62.023	76.317
Deferred tax asset		9.078.402	10.401.128	0	0
Corporation tax		89.667	3.658.058	0	0
Prepayments	8	10.398.547	15.879.157	0	0
Receivables		38.675.279	43.532.441	530.856	907.027
Current asset investments		15.907.761	15.234.465	15.907.761	15.234.465
Securities		15.907.761	15.234.465	15.907.761	15.234.465
Cash at bank and in hand		27.284.724	14.203.338	543.495	26.026
Total current assets		81.867.764	72.970.244	16.982.112	16.167.518
Total assets		613.747.055	664.057.539	122.178.566	96.195.596



Balance sheet 31 December

		Group		Parent company	
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity and liabilities					
Share capital		80.000	80.000	80.000	80.000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		0	0	103.970.892	78.802.516
Reserve for exchange rate adjustment		-5.950.622	-3.985.870	0	0
Retained earnings		125.219.725	98.682.348	15.377.428	15.893.963
Non-controlling interests		11.688.495	8.892.009	0	0
Equity		131.037.598	103.668.487	119.428.320	94.776.479
Provision for deferred tax		26.746.496	20.284.381	0	0
Total provisions		26.746.496	20.284.381	0	0
Other credit institutions		351.155.335	432.964.522	0	0
Other payables		159.675	195.542		0
Total non-current liabilities	9	351.315.010	433.160.064	0	0
Short-term part of long-term debet	9	88.408.371	94.937.450	0	0
Trade payables		12.078.782	5.671.606	0	0
Payables to related parties		0	0	1.259.980	1.209.303
Corporation tax		770.236	227.718	770.236	38.038
Other payables		2.698.953	5.020.642	720.030	171.776
Deferred income	10	691.609	1.087.191	0	0
Total current liabilities		104.647.951	106.944.607	2.750.246	1.419.117
Total liabilities		455.962.961	540.104.671	2.750.246	1.419.117
Total equity and liabilities		613.747.055	664.057.539	122.178.566	96.195.596
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related parties and ownership structure	13				



Statement of changes in equity

Group

		Reserve for exchange		Proposed	Non-	
	Share	rate	Retained	extraordina	controlling	
_	capital	adjustment	earnings	ry dividend	interests	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	80.000	-3.985.870	98.603.130	0	8.892.009	03.589.269
Exchange adjustments	0	-1.964.752	196.475	0	-196.475	-1.964.752
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	-3.880.000	0	-3.880.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	26.420.120	3.880.000	2.992.961	33.293.081
Equity at 31 December	80.000	-5.950.622	25.219.725	0	11.688.495	31.037.598

Parent company

		Reserve for			
		net revaluation		Proposed	
	Share	under the	Retained	extraordina	
	capital	equity method	earnings	ry dividend	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	80.000	78.802.516	15.893.963	0	94.776.479
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	-3.880.000	-3.880.000
Exchange adjustment, foreign	0	-1.768.277	0	0	-1.768.277
Net profit/loss for the year	0	26.936.653	-516.535	3.880.000	30.300.118
Equity at 31 December	80.000	103.970.892	15.377.428	0	119.428.320

Extra ordinary dividend of T.DKK 2.000 was approved and distributed in May 2022.



Cash flow statement 1 January - 31 December

		Gro	up
	Note	2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
Net profit/loss for the year		33.293.081	38.161.423
Adjustments		109.037.512	162.655.900
Change in working capital		3.610.706	-21.145.219
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income and expenses		145.941.299	179.672.104
Financial income		4.687.205	1.981.045
Financial expenses		-40.146.379	-44.938.042
Cash flows from ordinary activities		110.482.125	136.715.107
Corporation tax paid		-4.275.811	-7.135.678
Cash flows from operating activities		106.206.314	129.579.429
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-233.366	-231.507
Current asset investments		-673.296	-15.234.465
Cash flows from investing activities		-906.662	-15.465.972
Loans from credit institutions		-88.338.266	-122.130.072
Dividend paid		-3.880.000	-600.000
Other adjustments		0	-438.320
Cash flows from financing activities		-92.218.266	-123.168.392
Change in cash and cash equivalents		13.081.386	-9.054.935
Cash and cash equivalents		14.203.338	23.258.273
Cash and cash equivalents	;	27.284.724	14.203.338
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash at bank and in hand		27.284.724	14.203.338
Cash and cash equivalents		27.284.724	14.203.338
	:		



		Grou	Group		Parent company		
		2021	2020	2021	2020		
		DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK		
1	Staff costs						
	Wages and salaries	9.893.508	10.095.145	0	0		
	Pensions	511.153	510.580	0	0		
	Other social security costs	471.288	221.718	0	0		
		10.875.949	10.827.443	0	0		
	Executive Board	5.154.973	5.016.297	0	0		
		5.154.973	5.016.297	0	0		
	Average number of employees	15	13	2	2		
2	Fair value disclosure Securities						
	Fair value adjustments recognised in the income statement	3.912.480	512.425	3.912.480	512.425		
	Fair value of an asset or a liability that is measured at fair value, closing	15.907.761	15.234.465	15.907.761	15.234.465		
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year						
	Current tax for the year	8.386.720	3.539.306	935.198	0		
	Deferred tax for the year	1.322.726	14.498.345	0	0		
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	0	-22.666	0	-23.237		
		9.709.446	18.014.985	935.198	-23.237		
4	Distribution of profit						
	Extraordinary dividend for the year	3.880.000	600.000	3.880.000	600.000		
	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	0	0	26.936.653	34.057.858		
	Non-controlling interests Retained earnings	2.992.961 26.420.120	3.784.207 33.777.216	0 -516.535	-280.641		
		33.293.081	38.161.423	30.300.118	34.377.217		



5 Intangible assets

Group	

	Software and		
	license		
	DKK	DKK	
Cost at 1 January	1.566.979	733.282.501	
Exchange adjustment	-14.108	-7.403.898	
Cost at 31 December	1.552.871	725.878.603	
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January	894.741	143.425.095	
Exchange adjustment	-10.117	-1.624.908	
Depreciation for the year	298.144	53.083.074	
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December	1.182.768	194.883.261	
Carrying amount at 31 December	370.103	530.995.342	

6 Tangible assets

Group

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
	DKK
Cost at 1 January	1.274.540
Exchange adjustment	14.697
Additions for the year	237.395
Disposals for the year	-4.029
Cost at 31 December	1.522.603
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	760.199
Exchange adjustment	-780
Depreciation for the year	302.023
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	1.061.442
Carrying amount at 31 December	461.161



		Parent company	
		2021	2020
		DKK	DKK
7	Investments in subsidiaries		
	Cost at 1 January	1.225.562	1.225.562
	Cost at 31 December	1.225.562	1.225.562
	Revaluations at 1 January	78.802.516	48.331.941
	Exchange rate adjustment	-1.768.277	-3.587.283
	Profit of the year	26.936.653	34.057.858
	Revaluations at 31 December	103.970.892	78.802.516
	Carrying amount at 31 December	105.196.454	80.028.078

Group

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Registered office	Ownership interest	
Indigo Agencies Holdings Ltd	United Kingdom	90%	

8 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid costs relating to rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions, etc.

9 Long term debt

Group	Debt at 1 January DKK	Debt at 31 December DKK	Instalment next year	Debt outstanding after 5 years DKK
Other credit institutions Other payables	527.901.972 195.542	351.155.335 159.675	88.408.371 0	140.396.868
	528.097.514	351.315.010	88.408.371	140.396.868



10 Deferred income

Prepayments are prepaid income received in subsequent years, etc.

11 Contingent liabilities

The company has provided a letter of support to Indigo Agencies Holdng Ltd and Indigo Underwriters Limite to assist in meeting their liabilities.

The Group has entered into operating leasing and leasing agreements where the total obligations is T.DKK 395.

The affiliated companies in the Group are jointly taxed and jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed companies for payment of income taxes as well as for payment of withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties.

12 Mortgages and collateral

As security for subsidiaries bank debt, the group has pledged the shares in the subsidiary, Latona S.A.

13 Related parties and ownership structure

Transactions

Apart from intercompany transactions eliminated in the group financial statements and usual management remuneration, there have been no significant transactions with the board of directors, affiliated companies, or other related parties. All transactions have been on market terms.

Ownership structure

According to the company's register of shareholders, the following shareholder holds at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

Torsten Brovang Hovmarksvej 38 2920 Charlottenlund

Helene Seck Brovang Hovmarksvej 38 2920 Charlottenlund



The annual report of Hovmarksvej Holding ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized enterprises of reporting class C.

The accounting policies are identical for both the parent company financial statements and the consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2021 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the group's and the parent company's and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the group's and the parent company's and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the parent company Hovmarksvej Holding ApS and subsidiaries in which the parent company, directly or indirectly, holds more than 50% of the voting rights or otherwise has a controlling interest. Entities in which the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and over which it exercises significant influence, but which it does not control, are considered participating interests or associates, cf. the group chart.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared as a consolidation of the parent company's and subsidiaries' financial statements by aggregating uniform accounting items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, holdings of shares, intra-group balances and dividends as well as realised and unrealised gains and losses on intra-group transactions are eliminated.

Investments in subsidiaries are set off against the proportionate share of the subsidiaries' fair value of net assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.



Entities acquired or formed during the year are recognised in the consolidated financial statements from the date at which control is obtained. Entities sold during the year are recognised in the consolidated income statement until the date of disposal. Comparative figures are not restated for acquisitions or disposals.

Income statement

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities, including gains on the sale of intangible assets and items of property, plant and equipment.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities, including losses on the sale of intangible assets and items of property, plant and equipment.

Other external costs

Other external costs include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on foreign currency transactions, amortisation of mortgage loans and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.



Tax on profit/loss for the year

The parent company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Goodwill

Gains or losses on disposal of subsidiaries, participating interests and associates are stated as the difference between the sales amount and the carrying amount of net assets at the date of disposal plus non-amortised goodwill and anticipated disposal costs.

Acquisitions of entities are accounted for using the purchase method, according to which the acquirees' identifiable assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. Provision is made for expenses to adopted and announced plans to restructure the acquired entity in connection with the acquisition. Allowance is made for the tax effect of revaluations made.

Any excess of the cost over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired (goodwill), including restructuring provisions, is recognised as intangible assets and amortised on a systematic basis in the income statement based on an individual assessment of the useful life of the asset. Goodwill arising on acquisition can be restated until the end of the year after the acquisition.

Acquired goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Goodwill is amortised over the expected economic life of the asset, measured by reference to management's experience in the individual business segments. Goodwill is amortised on a straight-line basis over the amortisation period, which is between 5 and 14 years. The amortisation period is based on the assessment that the entities in question are strategically acquired entities with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile.

Software and license

Software and license are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Software are amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining period, and licenses are amortised over the term of the licence, however not more than 5 years.



Gains and losses on the disposal software and license are determined as the difference between the selling price less costs to sell and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains or losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income

or other operating expenses, respectively.

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation

and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for

use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

3-5 years

Gains or losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating

income or other operating expenses, respectively.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at the proportionate share of the net asset value of the entities, calculated on the basis of the group's accounting policies, plus or less unrealised intra-group gains or losses and plus or less any remaining value of positive

or negative goodwill stated according to the purchase method.

Investments in subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are measured at DKK 0, and the carrying amount of any receivables

from these entities is reduced to the extent that they are considered irrecoverable. If the parent company has a legal or constructive

obligation to cover a deficit that exceeds the receivable, the balance is recognised under provisions.

Net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries are taken to the net revaluation reserve according to the equity method in so far as

that the carrying amount exceeds the cost. Dividends from subsidiaries which are expected to be declared before the annual report

of Hovmarksvej Holding $\mbox{\sc ApS}$ is adopted are not taken to the net revaluation reserve.

Acquirees are accounted for using the purchase method, see the above description of consolidated financial statements and

calculation of goodwill.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

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An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Securities

Securities consist of listed shares and bonds, are measured at fair value at the balance sheet date. Non-listed securities are measured at fair value on the basis of the estimated value in use.

Provisions

Provisions comprise expected expenses relating to warranty commitments, losses on work in progress, restructuring, etc. Provisions are recognised when, as a result of a past event, the group has a legal or constructive obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between the net proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income recognised under 'Current liabilities' comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial years.



Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the group's cash flows for the year, broken down under cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, the year's changes in cash and cash equivalents and the group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and at the end of the year.

The cash flow effect of additions and disposals of entities is shown separately under cash flows from investing activities. The cash flow statement includes cash flows from acquired entities from the time of acquisition, and cash flows from sold entities are included until the date of sale

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are stated as the group's profit or loss for the year, adjusted for non-cash operating items, changes in working capital and paid income taxes. Dividend income from investments is recognised under 'Interest income and dividend received'.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments related to the acquisition and sale of entities and activities as well as intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the group's share capital and related costs, as well as the raising of loans, repayment of interest-bearing debt and payment of dividends to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities whose remaining life is less than three months and which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.



Financial highlights			
Definitions of financial ratios.			
	Gross profit x 100		
Gross margin ratio	Revenue		
EDIT.	Profit/loss before financials x 100		
EBIT margin	Revenue		
Return on assets	Profit/loss before financials x 100		
Return on assets	Average assets		
	Equity, end of year x 100		
Solvency ratio	Total assets at year-end		
November 4	Total current assets x 100		
Current ratio	Short-term liabilities		

