# **Deloitte.**



# **Enslev & Company ApS**

Christian IX's Gade 2, 4. th 1111 København K CVR No. 33144970

# **Annual report 2023**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 17.05.2024

# **Stig Duus Enslev**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

Enslev & Company ApS Christian IX's Gade 2, 4. th 1111 København K

Business Registration No.: 33144970

Date of foundation: 28.08.2010 Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

# **Executive Board**

Stig Duus Enslev

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Ensley & Company ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 17.05.2024

**Executive Board** 

**Stig Duus Enslev** 

# Independent auditor's report

# To the shareholder of Enslev & Company ApS

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Enslev & Company ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 17.05.2024

## **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

### Michael Thorø Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

# **Management commentary**

# **Primary activities**

The Company's main activity is to provide advisory and consulting services, including ownership of such companies and other property management.

# **Development in activities and finances**

The development in the financial year's activities and finances is as expected.

# **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2023**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Other external expenses		(55,178)	(29,909)
Gross profit/loss		(55,178)	(29,909)
Staff costs	1	(302,599)	0
Operating profit/loss		(357,777)	(29,909)
Income from investments in associates		23,718,403	0
Income from financial assets		1,000,000	900,000
Other financial income		207,436	27,689
Other financial expenses		(322,771)	(11,143)
Profit/loss before tax		24,245,291	886,637
Tax on profit/loss for the year		27	(63)
Profit/loss for the year		24,245,318	886,574
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		2,200,000	3,000,000
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year		16,000,000	0
Retained earnings		6,045,318	(2,113,426)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		24,245,318	886,574

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2023**

# **Assets**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investments in associates		143,069	58,005
Receivables from associates		1,853,782	550,349
Investments in participating interests		205,000	205,000
Financial assets		2,201,851	813,354
Fixed assets		2,201,851	813,354
Income tax receivable		3,937	13,937
Receivables		3,937	13,937
Cash		7,459,701	3,562,655
Current assets		7,463,638	3,576,592
Assets		9,665,489	4,389,946

# **Equity and liabilities**

	2023	2022
Notes	DKK	DKK
	80,000	80,000
	7,320,961	1,275,643
	2,200,000	3,000,000
	9,600,961	4,355,643
	25,553	25,553
	38,975	8,750
	64,528	34,303
	64,528	34,303
	9,665,489	4,389,946
	Notes	Notes DKK  80,000 7,320,961 2,200,000 9,600,961  25,553 38,975 64,528

Contingent liabilities

2

# **Statement of changes in equity for 2023**

	Proposed					
	Contributed	Retained	extraordinary	Proposed		
	capital	earnings	dividend	dividend	Total	
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	
Equity beginning of year	80,000	1,275,643	0	3,000,000	4,355,643	
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)	
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	(16,000,000)	0	(16,000,000)	
Profit/loss for the year	0	6,045,318	16,000,000	2,200,000	24,245,318	
Equity end of year	80,000	7,320,961	0	2,200,000	9,600,961	

# **Notes**

# 1 Staff costs

2023	2022
DKK	DKK
Average number of full-time employees	. 0

Management has not received remuneration.

# 2 Contingent liabilities

There is a remaining loan commitment to associate enterprises of DKK 1,9m. There are no guarantees or other contingent liabilities of the Company.

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Reporting currency is Danish kroner (DKK).

## **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## **Income statement**

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

# **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for entity staff.

# Income from investments in associates

Income from investments in associates comprises dividends etc. received from the individual associates in the financial year.

# Income from other fixed asset investments

Income from other fixed asset investments comprises gains in the form of interest, dividends, etc on fixed asset investments which are not investments in group enterprises or associates.

## Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from associates.

## Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to Stig Duus Enslev.

# Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

### **Balance sheet**

### Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

## Investments in participating interests

Investments in participating interests are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

## Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

### Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

# Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

## Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.