Elcore Solutions ApS Alhambravej 3 1826 Frederiksberg C Central Business Registration No 33 07 53 75

**Annual report 2019** 

Adopted at the Annual General Meeting on September 10, 2020

Lars Phillip Comerford, Chairman of the General meeting

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## Company details

## **Company**

Elcore Solutions ApS

Central Business Registration No:33 07 53 75

Registered in: Frederiksberg

## Executive Board

Lars Phillip Comerford

## Company auditors

Gundsø Revision Registreret Revisionsanpartsselskab

## Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive and Supervisory Boards have today discussed and adopted the annual report of Elcore Solutions ApS for 2019.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We consider the applied accounting policies appropriate for the annual report to provide a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's assets, equity and liabilities, financial position and results and the consolidated cash flows. We believe that the management review contains a fair view of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, September 10, 2020

#### **Executive Board**

Lars Phillip Comerford Chief Executive Officer

## **Independent auditor's reports**

# To the shareholders of Elcore Solutions ApS Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of Elcore Solutions ApS for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent, and the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2019, and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2019- 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Independent auditor's reports

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exits. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fairview.

## Independent auditor's reports

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management' review

Management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management's review does not contain sufficient and complete information about the description of the company's knowledge resources, special risks within the company's industry, the company's impact on the external environment, description of the company's social responsibilities, which is not in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Herringløse, September 10, 2020

#### **Gundsø Revision**

Registreret Revisionsanpartsselskab Central Business Reg No 76 47 55 12

Claus Nielsen, mne1770
Registreret revisor HD (R) Registrered accountant

## Management's review

## **Group overview**

Parent company: Elcore Solutions ApS

100% owned subsidiaries: Elcore Distributions AG, Switzerland

Elcore Distribution Ltd., Georgia
Elcore Distributions LLC, Armenia
Elcore Distribution SRL, Moldova
Elcore Distributions UA, Ltd., Ukraine
Elcore Distributions LLC, Azerbaijan
Elcore Distributions CA LLC, Uzbekistan
Elcore Distributions KZ LLP, Kazakhstan

Financial highlights of the Group	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK.'000	2017 DKK.'000	2016 DKK.'000
Key figures				
Revenue	559.383	581.576	622.368	385.642
Operating profit	14.013	24.719	22.148	13.731
Net financials	(5.846)	(945)	(4.296)	(2.323)
Net profit for the year	7.613	19.712	16.020	10.399
Equity	90.555	79.816	59.265	47.719
Balance sheet total	161.543	176.534	167.612	171.480
Average number of employees	70	48	41	41
Ratios				
Profit margin(%)	3	4	4	4
Return on assets(%)	9	14	14	8
Return on equity (%)	9	28	30	22
Equity ratio (%)	56	45	35	28

## Management's review

For the information given the "company" includes both the parent and the consolidated entities.

#### **Key activities**

The Group's main activities comprises trade in goods of all kinds, in particular imports, exports and distribution of IT hardware and software. Sales activities are handled by the company's subsidiaries and affiliates. The Objects for the parent company is to act as a holding company for owners foreign companies.

The products are primarily sold in the European market.

#### Development in activities and finances

Profit for the year for the group amounts to T.DKK 7.613, which is in line with expectations.

#### Special risks – operating risks and financial risks

#### **Business risks**

There does not seem to be any imminent risks that matters may arise in respect of the market.

#### Financial risks

The Group is exposed to exchange rate adjustments. No attempts are made to minimize this exposure. The Elcore Group does not make use of financial instruments.

#### Credit risks

Credit risks attached to financial assets correspond to the values recognized in the balance sheet.

#### **Environmental performance**

The Company does not have its own independent policy for external environment and consequently does not prepare an independent statement on the topic.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

As far as currently known, the first cases of coronavirus infections in humans became known at the end of 2019, when spread was locally limited. Only the significant expansion of the coronavirus since January 2020 has led to the current statements as of 31 December 2019, it is not considered an event subsequent to the balance sheet date with material effect on such financial statements. While the spread of the coronavirus has a negative impact on business activities, it is currently not possible to make a reliable estimate on the depth of the impact on business activities. We assume that this does not represent a threat to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. There are no further events after the balance sheet date that requires disclosure.

#### Outlook

The Company expects a development in the market in 2020, at a lower level than 2019.

## Management's review

# Statutory statement of Corporate social responsibility cf. § 99a in the Danish Financial Statements Act

Management has decided not to implement a systematic reporting in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act §99a on these matters. The decision is based on the evaluation of resources needed and materiality for a company of Elcore Solutions ApS' nature.

# Gender composition, Management position cf. § 99b in the Danish Financial Statements Act

With less than 50 employees, the company falls below the threshold of the requirement to set up policy for women in other management teams, and consequently has not formulated a policy

## **Ownership**

Elcore Solutions ApS is owned by individuals.

## **Accounting policies**

This annual report for the Elcore Group for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to class C enterprises (large) under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies applied as described below remain the same as last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Group as a result of an event prior to the balance date has a legal or constructive obligation, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Group, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year, defrayed to obtain the profit for the year.

The Annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK) thousand unless otherwise stated.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements comprise Elcore Solutions ApS (the parent company) and Group enterprises where the parent company directly or indirectly is in control, cf the Group overview page 6.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation intra-group income and expenses, intra-group balances and dividend between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Investments in affiliates are offset against the pro rata share of the fair value of the affiliates 'net assets and liabilities at the time of the establishment of the Group relations.

## **Accounting policies**

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Income and losses - that arises between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date - are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Differences between the exchange rate at the balance sheet date and the exchange rate at the transaction date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

When recognising foreign affiliates, that constitute separate entities, the income statements are translated at average exchange rates and balance sheet items are translated using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange rate adjustments arising out of the translation of foreign subsidiaries' equity at the beginning of the year at the balance sheet date exchange rates as well as out of the translation of income statements from average rates to the exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised directly on equity.

Exchange adjustments of outstanding accounts with foreign affiliates which are considered part of the total investment are classified directly as equity.

#### **Income statement**

#### Revenue

Revenue from sale of articles of commerce and finished goods are recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised exclusive of Vat, duties and rebates in connection with the sale and is measured at the fair value of the agreed compensation.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise expenses for payroll and wages including social expenses, pensions etc. for personnel.

#### Other external costs

Other external costs comprise expenses for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, rentals, loss on bad debt etc.

Other external costs further more include IT costs that do not comply with recognition for capitalisation.

## Accounting policies

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised income and loss from transactions in foreign exchange, bank charges together with charges and compensations for the tax on account scheme.

#### Tax on profit for the year

Tax on profit for the year which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year, and classified directly as equity by the portion attributable to entries directly on equity.

#### **Balance** sheet

#### Impairment of intangible and tangible assets

The carrying amount of intangible and tangible assets are annually assessed whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired.

If any such indications exist, an impairment test is calculated to determine whether the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount.

#### **Investments in affiliates**

Investments in affiliates are measured in the Parent's Annual report at cost. In case of indication for impairment an impairment test is prepared. Cost is reduced with received dividend, if the dividend exceeds the accumulated profit recognised since the time of the takeover.

In the Parent's income statement dividend from affiliates are recognised upon declaration.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost of goods for resale consists of purchase price plus landing and handling costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price reduced for completion- and sales costs.

The net realisable value is fixed in consideration of marketability and obsolescence.

## Accounting policies

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which in general are nominal value reduced with provision for anticipated losses.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments classified as assets comprise prepaid costs incurred that relates to subsequent accounting periods. Prepayments are measured at cost.

#### **Proposed dividends**

Dividends are measured as a liability at the time of the resolution made on the Annual General Meeting. The proposed dividend for the accounting period is classified as a separate item under equity.

#### Income taxes and deferred tax

The current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

#### **Deferred income**

Deferred income comprises received payments for income that relates to subsequent accounting periods. Deferred income is measured at cost.

## Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement of the Group shows cash flows for the year from operating-, investing- and financing activities for the year, change of cash for the year as well as the Group's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the Group's share of profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payment in connection with purchase and sale of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the Company's share capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, instalments on interest-bearing debt, and payment of dividends to members.

A cash flow statement for the Parent' has not been prepared separately as this is included in the Group cash flow statement.

## Accounting policies

#### **Ratios**

The ratios have been compiled in accordance with "Anbefalinger & Nøgletal 2016" (Recommendations & Ratios 2016), issued by the Danish Society of Financial Analysts, and generally accepted calculation formulas.

Profit margin Operating profit/loss x 100

Revenue

Return on assets Operating profit/ x 100

Average operating assets

Return on equity Net profit/loss for the year x 100

Average equity

Equity ratio  $\underline{\text{Equity x 100}}$ 

Balance sheet total

## **Income statement**

Parent	Group
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2018	2019		Note	2019	2018
DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	•		DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
0	0	Revenue	1	559.383	581.576
0	0	External costs	_	-510.068	-530.690
0	0	Gross profit		49.315	50.886
0	0	Staff costs	2	-7.812	-5.903
0	0	Depreciation and amortisation, fixed assets	3	-744	-1.127
-293	-169	Other external costs	_	-26.746	-19.137
-293	-169	Operating profit		14.013	24.719
496	106	Other financial income affiliates		0	0
0	0	Other financial income	4	897	4.978
-5	-2	Other financial expenses	5	-6.743	-5.923
198	-65	Profit before tax	_	8.167	23.773
0	0	Tax on profit for the year	6	-554	-4.061
198	-65	Profit for the year		7.613	19.712

## Proposed distribution of profit/(loss)

198	-65	
198	-65 Retained earning	S
0	0 Dividend	

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# **Balance Sheet, December 31**

Par	rent		Grou	p
2018 DKK 1.000	2019 DKK 1.000	Notes	2019 DKK 1.000	2018 DKK 1.000
0	0 Software development costs		941	1.516
0	0 Intangible assets		941	1.516
0	0 Land and buildings		3.283	3.952
0	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		200	214
0	0 Tangible assets		3.483	4.166
4.555	4.555 Investments in affiliates	7	0	0
4.555	4.555 Financial assets			0
4.555	4.555 Fixed assets		4.424	5.683
0	0 Finish goods and goods for resale		41.783	38.201
0	0 Inventories		41.783	38.201
0	0 Trade receivables and receivables from services		75.406	47.810
0	0 Receivables from affiliates		0	39.626
25	25 Other receivables		19.976	18.599
0	0 Prepayments		873	7.818
25	25 Receivables		96.255	113.853
63	0 Cash		19.081	18.797
88	25 Current assets		157.119	170.852
4.643	4.580 Assets		161.543	176.534

Parent

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Group

# **Balance Sheet, December 31**

2018 DKK 1.000	2019 DKK 1.000	Notes	2019 DKK 1.000	2018 DKK 1.000
606	606 Share capital	8	606	606
3.919	3.854 Retained earnings		89.949	79.210
4.525	4.460 Equity		90.555	79.816
0	0 Deferred tax provision		0	0
0	0 Other provisions		0	0
0	<u> </u>		0	0
0	0 Short term loans		0	7.110
0	0 Trade payables		32.175	69.242
0	0 Income tax payables		1.638	3.523
118	Other payables		37.175	16.843
118	Short-term liabilities		70.988	96.718
4.643	4.580 Equity, provision and liabilities		161.543	176.534

Fee to auditor appointed at the General Meeting
Related parties

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## Statement of changes in equity

## Group

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000	DKK 1.000
Equity, January 1st 2019	606	79.210	79.816
Profit for the year		7.613	7.613
Exchange adjustment, affiliates		3.126	3.126
Dividend to shareholders	0	0	0
Equity, December 31st 2019	606	89.949	90.555

## Parent

	Share capital	Retained earnings DKK 1.000	Total DKK 1.000
Equity, January 1st 2019	606	3.919	4.525
Profit for the year	0	-65	-65
Dividend to shareholders	0	0	0
Equity, December 31st 2019	606	3.854	4.460

## **Cash flow statement**

## Group

	Notes	2019 DKK 1.000	2018 DKK 1.000
Operating profit		14.013	24.719
Depreciation and amortisation, fixed assets		744	1.127
Change in working capital	11	-11.720	-7.432
		3.037	18.414
Other financial income received		897	4.978
Other financial expenses paid		-6.743	-5.923
Income taxes paid		-554	-4.061
Cash flows from operating activities		-3.363	13.408
Acquisition of intangible and tangible assets		-1.040	-889
Change financial assets		0	-195
Cash flows from investing activities		-1.040	-1.084
Dividends paid		0	0
Change in cash		-4.403	12.324
Cash at the beginning of the year		18.797	8.662
Value adjustments		4.687	-2.189
Cash at the end of the year		19.081	18.797

# Notes

Parei	Parent		Group	
2018 DKK 1.000	2019 DKK 1.000	Notes	2019 DKK 1.000	2018 DKK 1.000
	1. Revenue			
	The division of revenue into geographical a cause significant damage in relation to the cor			on may
	2. Staff costs			
0	0 Salaries and wages	_	-7.812	-5.903
0	0	_	-7.812	-5.903
0	Average number of employees	_	70	48
	3. Depreciation & amortisation, fix	xed assets		
0	0 Software and licenses		611	975
0	0 Buildings and other fixtures and fittings	_	133	152
0	0	_	744	1.127
	4. Other financial income			
15	0 Other financial income		897	4.978
15	0	_	897	4.978
	5. Other financial expenses			
0	0 Other financial expenses	_	-6.743	-5.923
0	0	_	-6.743	-5.923
	6. Tax on profit for the year			
0	0 Current tax	_	-554	-4.061
	0	_	-554	-4.061

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#### 7. Investments in affiliates

Name	Registered	Group Share	Share capital	Equity  DKK 1.000	Profit/loss DKK 1.000
Elcore D. AG	ZUG, CH	100%	CHF 1300000	96.513	11.682
Elcore D. Ltd.	Tbilisi, GE	100%	USD 94405	-12.311	6.083
Elcore D. SRL	Chisnau, MOL	100%	USD 17998	2.023	531
Elcore D. LLC	Yerevan, ARM	100%	USD 21	2.723	968
Elcore D. AG	Kyiv, UA	100%	USD 27800	2.702	2.211
Elcore D. LLC	Azerbaijan Rep	100%	USD 20001	-309	-443
Elcore D. LLC	Uzber	100%	USD 10131	68	0
Elcore D. LLC	Kaz	100%	USD 447	-756	-1.082

## 8. Share Capital

The share capital consist of DKK 1 shares or multiples. The shares have not been divided into classes. In the period 2013 to 2017 there have been no changes to the share capital.

## 9. Fee to auditors appointed at the General Meeting

Parent Group

2018 DKK 1.000	2019 DKK 1.000	Notes	2019 DKK 1.000	2018 DKK 1.000
69	104 Audit fees for the annual report		201	156
0	0 Non-audit fees		393	443
69	104		594	599

#### 10. Related parties

During the financial year the Group have had the following transactions, besides dividend, with related parties; Revenue, External costs, Receivables from affiliates, Payables to affiliates.

The transactions have been carried out in accordance with normal trading terms without interest.

## 11. Cash flow statements -working capital changes

	-11.720	-7.432
Trade payable changes etc	-25.730	-8.408
Change in receivables	17.598	-6.570
Change in inventories	-3.588	7.546