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# Morningstar Danmark Holding ApS

Lautrupsgade 7, 6th floor DK-2100 Copenhagen Ø Central Business Registration No 33037279

**Annual report 2017** 

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.05.2018

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Mark John Roomans

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# **Entity details**

### **Entity**

Morningstar Danmark Holding ApS Lautrupsgade 7, 6th floor DK-2100 Copenhagen Ø

Central Business Registration No: 33037279

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017

Phone: +45 33 18 60 00 Fax: +45 33 18 60 01

Website: www.morningstar.dk

### **Executive Board**

Mark John Roomans, Chief Executive Officer

### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 Postboks 1600 0900 København C

### Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Morningstar Danmark Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 31.05.2018

#### **Executive Board**

Mark John Roomans Chief Executive Officer

### **Independent auditor's report**

### To the shareholder of Morningstar Danmark Holding ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Morningstar Danmark Holding ApS for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2017 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2017 - 31.12.2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

### Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

# **Independent auditor's report**

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 31.05.2018

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Stine Eva Grothen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification number (MNE) mne29431

### **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

The Company's primary activity is to own and administer shares and ordinary related business transactions.

### **Development in activities and finances**

The financial statements shows a loss of DKK 981.807.

### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2017**

	_ Notes_	2017 DKK	2016 DKK
Other external expenses		0	(35.937)
Operating profit/loss		0	(35.937)
Other financial expenses	2	(1.259.301)	(1.400.121)
Profit/loss before tax		(1.259.301)	(1.436.058)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	277.494	315.933
Profit/loss for the year		(981.807)	(1.120.125)
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		(981.807)	(1.120.125)
		(981.807)	(1.120.125)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2017**

	Notes	2017 DKK	2016 DKK
Investments in group enterprises		122.750.277	122.750.277
Fixed asset investments	4	122.750.277	122.750.277
Fixed assets		122.750.277	122.750.277
Receivables from group enterprises		2.078.687	2.335.365
Deferred tax		0	176.523
Income tax receivable		453.569	734.053
Receivables		2.532.256	3.245.941
Cash		1.054.113	73.989
Current assets		3.586.369	3.319.930
Assets		126.336.646	126.070.207

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2017**

		2017	2016
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital	5	80.000	80.000
Retained earnings		17.377.257	18.359.064
Equity		17.457.257	18.439.064
Payables to group enterprises		108.855.639	107.607.393
Other payables		23.750	23.750
Current liabilities other than provisions		108.879.389	107.631.143
Liabilities other than provisions		100 070 200	107 621 142
Liabilities other than provisions		108.879.389	107.631.143
Equity and liabilities		126 226 646	126 070 207
Equity and nabilities		126.336.646	126.070.207
Chaff	4		
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	6		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2017

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	80.000	18.359.064	18.439.064
Profit/loss for the year	0	(981.807)	(981.807)
Equity end of year	80.000	17.377.257	17.457.257

### **Notes**

	2017	2016
1. Staff costs		
Average number of employees	<b>0</b>	0
	2017	2016
	DKK	DKK
2. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	1.248.246	1.391.429
Interest expenses	5.216	2.767
Other financial expenses	5.839	5.925
	1.259.301	1.400.121
	2017	2016
	DKK	DKK
3. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Tax on current year taxable income	(277.046)	(214.634)
Change in deferred tax for the year	176.523	(101.299)
Adjustment concerning previous years	(176.971)	0
	(277.494)	(315.933)

### 4. Fixed asset investments

			Equity		
		Corpo-	inte-		
		rate	rest	Equity	Profit/loss
	Registered in	<u>form</u>	%	DKK	DKK
Investments in					
group enterprises					
comprise:					
Morningstar	København	A/S	100.0	16.015.458	2.693.992
Danmark A/S	Nøbellidvii	A) 3	100,0	10.015.456	2.093.992

### **Notes**

			Nominal
		Par value	value
	Number	DKK	DKK
5. Contributed capital			
Ordinary shares	80	1000	80.000
	80		80.000

### 6. Contingent liabilities

The Company serves as the administration company in a Danish joint taxation scheme including all Danish subsidiaries. The Company is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed companies to pay any income taxes from the financial year 2013 as well as for tax at source regarding interest, royalties and dividends due for payment 1 July 2012 or later.

### **Accounting policies**

### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

### Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

#### **Income statement**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for administration.

### Other financial expenses

These items comprise interest expenses, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, cash discounts, etc as weel as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

### **Accounting policies**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

### **Investments in group enterprises**

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost and are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

### Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.