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Danmeter ApS

Falen 21 A, 3. th 5000 Odense C CVR No. 32931235

Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 28.06.2024

Flemming Himmelstrup Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Danmeter ApS Falen 21 A, 3. th 5000 Odense C

Business Registration No.: 32931235 Registered office: Odense Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

Executive Board

Flemming Himmelstrup

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Tværkajen 5 P. O. Box 10 5100 Odense

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Danmeter ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend to the Annual General Meeting that the financial statements for the next financial year not be audited.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Odense, 28.06.2024

Executive Board

Flemming Himmelstrup

Independent auditor's extended review report

To the shareholders of Danmeter ApS

Adverse conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Danmeter ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, due to the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for adverse conclusion" section of this extended review report, the financial statements do not give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial positions at 31.12.2023 or of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for adverse conclusion

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. In previous years the company has realized significant losses and as at 31.12.2023 the equity is negative. In order for the company to continue operations, it is necessary that sufficient liquidity is provided. In our opinion, it is uncertain whether the company can provide the necessary liquidity, and we therefore qualify our auditor's report regarding the use of going concern principles.

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section of this extended review report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of Management and, if appropriate, of other entity personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

The information in the management's commentary is based on the fact that the financial statements can be prepared on the assumption of going concern. As stated in the "Basis for adverse conclusion" section, we do not find that the company can present the financial statement subject to going concern, and in our view, the management's commentary should have reflected this.

Odense, 28.06.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Martin Lund Nielsen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne45861

Management commentary

Primary activities

Trade and production and related activites.

Description of material changes in activities and finances

Financial performance for the year was a loss of DKK 2 k, which Management considers unsatisfactory.

Management expects to have the necessary liquidity to 2024 based on the assumptions in note 1 to which we refer.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		5,628	(9,075)
Other financial expenses		(7,378)	(8,462)
Profit/loss for the year		(1,750)	(17,537)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(1,750)	(17,537)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(1,750)	(17,537)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

	2023	2022
Notes	DKK	DKK
	19,070	19,070
	19,070	19,070
	59,638	4,128
	22,738	25,424
	3,500	3,500
	85,876	33,052
	10,309	59,413
	115,255	111,535
	115,255	111,535
	Notes	Notes DKK 19,070 19,070 19,070 59,638 22,738 3,500 3,500 85,876 10,309 115,255

Equity and liabilities

	2023	2022
Notes	DKK	DKK
	150,000	150,000
	(973,045)	(971,295)
	(823,045)	(821,295)
	0	675
	922,500	916,355
	15,800	15,800
	938,300	932,830
	938,300	932,830
	115,255	111,535
1		
2		
	1	Notes DKK 150,000 (973,045) (823,045) (823,045) 0 922,500 15,800 938,300 938,300 115,255 1 1

Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained	
		earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	150,000	(971,295)	(821,295)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(1,750)	(1,750)
Equity end of year	150,000	(973,045)	(823,045)

Notes

1 Going concern

Financial performance for the year was a loss of DKK 2 k, which Management considers very unsatisfactory. By end of 2023 the equity is negative with DKK (823) k.

A statement of resignation has been issued for the majority of the company's debt at 31.12.2023. There is no budget for 2024 or estimation of sales for 2024. The company is developing a new generation of Cerebral State Monitor. However, management doesn't have a date for which the new generation is expected to be finalized and approved and the management expect that the resultat will balance in 2024. The Management expect that other group companies will provide the company with sufficent liquidity but the company has not received a letter of support from other group companies.

The sale for the first 5 months are below 2022, but there has been cost savings as well. The cash flow is expected by management to be sufficient to cover the part of the company's debt where no declaration of resignation has been submitted as well as the planned operations in the company in 2024.

It is therefore the management's opinion that the Annual Report for 2023 can be presented according to the going concern principle. This condition is subject to the natural uncertainty inherent in the market.

2 Employees Average number of emplyees

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for normal inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables and transactions in foreign currencies etc.

Balance sheet

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.