



## **NORTHSIDE ENTERTAINMENT ApS**

Studsgade 35, st.  
8000 Aarhus C  
CVR No. 32878814

## **Annual report 2021**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the  
annual report on 29.06.2022

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**Flemming Myllerup**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# Entity details

## Entity

NORTHSIDE ENTERTAINMENT ApS

Studsgade 35, st.

8000 Aarhus C

Business Registration No.: 32878814

Registered office: Aarhus

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

## Executive Board

Flemming Myllerup

Brian Nielsen

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

City Tower, Værkmestergade 2

8000 Aarhus C

Lead Client Service Partner : Mads Fauerskov

# Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of NORTHSIDE ENTERTAINMENT ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus, 29.06.2022

**Executive Board**

**Flemming Myllerup**

**Brian Nielsen**

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of NORTHSIDE ENTERTAINMENT ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NORTHSIDE ENTERTAINMENT ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 29.06.2022

**Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 33963556

**Mads Fauerskov**

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne35428

**Sune Pagh Sølvsteen**

State Authorised Public Accountant

Identification No (MNE) mne47819

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The Company's key activity is to arrange the festival Northside.

## Development in activities and finances

The income statement of the Company for 2021 shows a loss of DKK 594,912, and at 31 December 2021 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 3,799,548.

The festival was cancelled in the year, and no revenue from this was generated. The Danish government has granted compensation for cancelled events, which we have made use of. For further information on this compensation, please see note 2.

Ticket sales for the festival in 2022 have been good and exceed expectations. The Group's budget shows enough liquidity for the Group's future operations. For further information on this and our liquidity, please see note 1.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report. The Group expects all festivals and other operations to be held in 2022, and expects no further effects from COVID-19.



# Income statement for 2021

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>	2	<b>(585,394)</b>	<b>43,597</b>
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		0	(165,093)
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>(585,394)</b>	<b>(121,496)</b>
Other financial income	3	104,719	99,489
Other financial expenses	4	(18,808)	(89,735)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>(499,483)</b>	<b>(111,742)</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	(95,429)	19,150
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>(594,912)</b>	<b>(92,592)</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>			
Retained earnings		(594,912)	(92,592)
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>(594,912)</b>	<b>(92,592)</b>

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

## Assets

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	0
Prepayments for property, plant and equipment		457,359	0
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>	6	<b>457,359</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>457,359</b>	<b>0</b>
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		330,770	534,806
<b>Inventories</b>		<b>330,770</b>	<b>534,806</b>
Trade receivables		621,702	186,673
Receivables from group enterprises		7,459,462	11,376,234
Deferred tax	7	448,000	547,004
Other receivables		29,627,215	21,329,000
Joint taxation contribution receivable		3,575	0
Prepayments		169,565	435,329
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>38,329,519</b>	<b>33,874,240</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>5,595,003</b>	<b>1,039,497</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>44,255,292</b>	<b>35,448,543</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>44,712,651</b>	<b>35,448,543</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2021 DKK</b>	<b>2020 DKK</b>
Contributed capital		80,000	80,000
Retained earnings		3,719,548	4,314,460
<b>Equity</b>		<b>3,799,548</b>	<b>4,394,460</b>
Prepayments received from customers		31,403,391	21,912,937
Trade payables		7,266,453	8,483,148
Payables to group enterprises		0	657,998
Other payables	8	2,243,259	0
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>40,913,103</b>	<b>31,054,083</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>40,913,103</b>	<b>31,054,083</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>44,712,651</b>	<b>35,448,543</b>
Going concern	1		
Employees	9		
Contingent liabilities	10		
Non-arm's length related party transactions	11		
Group relations	12		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	80,000	4,314,460	4,394,460
Profit/loss for the year	0	(594,912)	(594,912)
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>80,000</b>	<b>3,719,548</b>	<b>3,799,548</b>

# Notes

## 1 Going concern

The Company is a part of Superstruct Denmark Group including Northside and Tinderbox. Like 2020, the Group's activity has been significantly affected by the implications of COVID-19, which has led to the cancellation of the Group's primary activities in 2020 and 2021. In 2020 and 2021, the Group has received compensation as partial allowance of the costs associated with restrictions. A significant proportion of customers have chosen to exchange tickets for later events, which is why repayment of sold tickets has so far only taken place to a very limited extent. The Company expects to have sufficient funds from own operations. Furthermore, the Company has received a statement of support from DTD Holding ApS should that be necessary.

Management expects to hold the festivals Northside and Tinderbox in 2022, which will generate profit in the Group for 2022. As it is Management's assessment that the Group is sufficiently secured for the future, Management presents the consolidated financial statements on the assumption of going concern.

## 2 Gross profit/loss

Other operating income, which is a part of the gross profit, included compensation from the Covid-19 support packages related to events due to the outbreak and spread of Covid-19, in 2021 with DKK 18,757k, and in 2020 DKK 20,438k.

## 3 Other financial income

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Financial income from group enterprises	104,154	99,489
Other interest income	565	0
	<b>104,719</b>	<b>99,489</b>

## 4 Other financial expenses

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Financial expenses from group enterprises	9,884	0
Other interest expenses	8,474	89,633
Exchange rate adjustments	450	102
	<b>18,808</b>	<b>89,735</b>

## 5 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Change in deferred tax	99,004	(19,161)
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	11
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(3,575)	0
	<b>95,429</b>	<b>(19,150)</b>

## 6 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK	Prepayments for property, plant and equipment DKK
Cost beginning of year	536,262	0
Additions	0	457,359
Disposals	(536,262)	0
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>457,359</b>
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(536,262)	0
Reversal regarding disposals	536,262	0
<b>Depreciation and impairment losses end of year</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>457,359</b>

## 7 Deferred tax

Deferred tax comprises tax loss carry-forwards expected to be utilised within the next year in the joint taxation contribution.

## 8 Other payables

	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
VAT and duties	2,187,259	0
Other costs payable	56,000	0
	<b>2,243,259</b>	<b>0</b>

## 9 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board. The Executive board has not received any remuneration in this company. The payment is performed through intercompany transactions.

## 10 Contingent liabilities

The Company has per 31 December 2021 entered into contractual obligations with third parties regarding the delivery of music services to the festival in 2022.

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where DTD Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the

withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

### **11 Non-arm's length related party transactions**

All related party transactions are carried out on an arm's length basis. The Group's intercompany loans, however, carry interest at a fixed rate which is different from the return on loans to the Group's foreign parent company.

### **12 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:  
Superstruct Denmark Holdings ApS, Aarhus

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year, with some reclassifications.

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed. Ticket revenue is recognized when the festival is held.



**Other operating income**

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities, here compensation from Covid-19 restrictions.

**Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

**Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for stationery and office supplies etc.

**Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses**

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to equipment comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of equipment.

**Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises etc.

**Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

**Balance sheet****Property, plant and equipment**

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

3-5 years

**Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price plus delivery costs, administration and management. Finance costs are not included in cost.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

**Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

**Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable**

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

**Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

**Cash**

Cash comprises bank deposits.

**Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

**Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.