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Euro Economics III ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1. 1256 København K CVR No. 32788823

Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.05.2024

Claus Molbech Bendtsen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Euro Economics III ApS Amaliegade 22, 1. 1256 København K

Business Registration No.: 32788823

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

Executive Board

Claus Molbech Bendtsen

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Euro Economics III ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 31.05.2024

Executive Board

Claus Molbech Bendtsen

Independent auditor's extended review report

To the shareholders of Euro Economics III ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Euro Economics III ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on our extended review, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the assurance engagement standard for small enterprises as issued by the Danish Business Authority and the standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act as issued by FSR - Danish Auditors. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance about our conclusion on the financial statements and that we also perform specifically required supplementary procedures for the purpose of obtaining additional assurance about our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of Management and, if appropriate, of other entity

personnel, performing analytical and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less in scope than in an audit, and accordingly we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the extended review or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 31.05.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Morten Gade Steinmetz

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34145

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's activity consists of acquiring and operating real estate.

Development in activities and finances

The result of the year of DKK 740k is considered expected.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

The Company's investment properties are measured at fair value. The fair value of the investment properties are recognized at DKK 108,600k. Revaluations and impairment losses of investment properties are based on accounting judgements based on market value calculations of the net rent.

The required rate of return is set so that it is considered to reflect the market's actual required rate of return on similar properties. There is uncertanty related to determining the required rate of return and an increase in this of 0.5 percentage points will reduce the fair value by approx. DKK 13.6m as per the mentioning in the annual report's notes for investment properties.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		3,328,126	3,265,571
Fair value adjustments of investment property		(1,400,629)	(204,667)
Operating profit/loss		1,927,497	3,060,904
Other financial income from group enterprises		6,939	6,761
Other financial income		9,222	0
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(424,346)	(403,725)
Other financial expenses		(570,162)	(491,852)
Profit/loss before tax		949,150	2,172,088
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	(208,843)	(478,846)
Profit/loss for the year		740,307	1,693,242
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		740,307	1,693,242
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		740,307	1,693,242

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Investment property		108,600,000	109,900,000
Property, plant and equipment	2	108,600,000	109,900,000
Fixed assets		108,600,000	109,900,000
Trade receivables		11,439	21,915
Receivables from group enterprises		180,407	173,468
Other receivables		274,382	352,053
Prepayments		68,183	0
Receivables		534,411	547,436
Cash		3,559	30,837
Current assets		537,970	578,273
Assets		109,137,970	110,478,273

Equity and liabilities

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		125,000	125,000
Retained earnings		36,757,493	30,096,191
Equity		36,882,493	30,221,191
Deferred tax		8,424,000	8,675,000
Other provisions		300,000	300,000
Provisions		8,724,000	8,975,000
Mortgage debt		54,318,552	55,962,911
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	3	54,318,552	55,962,911
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	3	1,646,678	1,636,034
Deposits	3	1,104,879	1,287,553
Prepayments received from customers		480,789	401,699
Trade payables		413,201	98,917
Payables to group enterprises		4,915,255	11,127,153
Joint taxation contribution payable		459,843	529,846
Other payables		192,280	237,969
Current liabilities other than provisions		9,212,925	15,319,171
Liabilities other than provisions		63,531,477	71,282,082
Equity and liabilities		109,137,970	110,478,273
Lydity and nabilities		105,137,570	110,470,273
Contingent liabilities	4		
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Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	125,000	30,096,191	30,221,191
Group contributions etc.	0	5,920,995	5,920,995
Profit/loss for the year	0	740,307	740,307
Equity end of year	125,000	36,757,493	36,882,493

Notes

1 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Current tax	459,843	529,846
Change in deferred tax	(251,000)	(51,000)
	208,843	478,846

2 Property, plant and equipment

Investment
property
DKK
73,493,538
100,629
73,594,167
36,406,462
(1,400,629)
35,005,833
108,600,000

Revaluations and impairment losses of investment properties are based on accounting judgements using market value calculations of the net rent.

As described under accounting policies, investment properties are measured at fair value using the return-based model. The average required rate of return of the Company's properties is 3.88% at 31.12.2023 compared to 3.60% last year. An increase of the required rate of return of 0.5 percentage points would reduce the total fair value by DKK 13.6m. A reduction of the required rate of return of 0.5 percentage points would increase the value by DKK 17.5m.

The size of the properties is 3,263 m2, primarily consisting of residential rentals and commercial rentals. The property is situated in Copenhagen. The actual rent per m2 of properties amounts to DKK 1,519 against DKK 1,444 last year.

In the financial year, there has minor vacancy as a result of vacating and moving in.

The Company has signed a lease with the tenant, which is terminable with six and three months' notice.

The fair value of the Company's investment property amounts to DKK 108,600k at the balance sheet date against DKK 109,900k last year. This yields a change in the fair value of DKK -1.401k, which is recognised directly in the income statement or as additions on investment property.

No external valuation expert has been engaged to determine the fair value.

3 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

		Due after			
	Due within 12	Due within 12	more than 12	Outstanding	
	months	months	months	after 5 years	
	2023	2022	2023	2023	
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	
Mortgage debt	1,646,678	1,636,034	54,318,552	44,574,640	
	1,646,678	1,636,034	54,318,552	44,574,640	

4 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Euro Economics ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

5 Assets charged and collateral

Mortage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties.

The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is DKK 108.600k.

The company guarantees for all mortgage debt of the group enterprises below:

Euro Economics ApS - Central Business Registration No 32763138

Euro Economics I ApS - Central Business Registration No 36730862

Euro Economics II ApS - Central Business Registration No 36074698

Euro Economics IV ApS - Central Business Registration No 37362670

Euro Economics V ApS - Central Business Registration No 37546208

Euro Economics VI ApS - Central Business Registration No 38133365

Euro Economics VII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38428276

Euro Economics VIII ApS - Central Business Registration No 38472739

Euro Economics IX ApS - Central Business Registration No 38667629

Euro Economics X ApS - Central Business Registration No 20805285

6 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Euro Economics ApS

Amaliegade 22, 1

1256 København K

Central Business Registration No 32763138

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue consists of rental income from renting of tenency to businesses and private. Rental income is recognized in the income statement according to the maturity principle.

Fair value adjustments of investment property

Fair value adjustments of investment property comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

Other financial income from group enterprises

Other financial income from group enterprises comprises interest income etc. on receivables from group enterprises.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc. from payables to group enterprises.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus directly related acquisition costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which is equivalent to the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer at the balance sheet date.

Fair value is determined by applying the yield-based model as the

calculated value in use of expected cash flows from each property. The calculation is based on budgeted net earnings for the next year that has been adjusted to normal earnings, and using a required yield rate that reflects current market yield rates for similar properties. The value is adjusted for factors not reflected in normal earnings, for example, actual vacancy rate, major refurbishments etc.

The financial year's adjustments of the properties' fair value are recognised in the income statement.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Deferred tax relating to retaxation of previously deducted losses in foreign subsidiaries is recognised on the basis of an actual assessment of the purpose of each subsidiary.

Other provisions

Other provisions comprise anticipated costs of rent repayment to tenants.

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to mature more than one year after the balance sheet date are measured at their discounted value.

Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Joint taxation contributions payable or receivable

Current joint taxation contributions receivable or joint taxation contributions payable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income of the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.