# Damco (Brazil) Holding A/S

Esplanaden 50, 1263 København K

CVR no. 32 76 21 07

Annual report 2020

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 25 June 2021

Chairman of the meeting:

DocuSigned by:

/////Jacob Ramsgaard Nielsen

# Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board		2
Independent audito	r's report	3
Management's review		5
Financial statements	s 1 January - 31 December	7
Inc	ome statement	7
Bal	ance sheet	8
Sta	tement of changes in equity	9
Not	tes to the financial statements	10

# Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Damco (Brazil) Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 25 June 2021

**Executive Board:** 

DocuSigned by:

Director

**Board of Directors:** 

Jakob Wegge-larsen

Chairman

Jesper Cyril Jergensen Jesper Egyfit 955 fetensen

Steffen Hurkel Steinsbæk

DocuSigned by:

Jacob Ranisga and Nielsen

#### Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Damco (Brazil) Holding A/S

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2020, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Damco (Brazil) Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they

could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
  fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 25 June 2021
PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 33 77 12 31

DocuSigned by:

ਜਦਸ਼ਾਂ ਮਿੰਝੀ ਅੰਗਰੇਵਿੰਦੀ Kristensen State Authorised Public Accountant

Henrik Trangeled Kristensen

mne23333

# Management's review

Company details

Name Damco (Brazil) Holding A/S Address, Postal code, City Esplanaden 50, 1263 København K

CVR no. 32 76 21 07
Established 21 January 2010
Registered office København

Financial year 1 January - 31 December

Board of Directors Jakob Wegge-Larsen, Chairman

Jesper Cyril Jørgensen Steffen Therkel Steensbæk

Casper Munch

Jacob Ramsgaard Nielsen

Executive Board Jesper Cyril Jørgensen, Director

Auditors PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS Statsautoriseret

Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44, 2900 Hellerup

Damco (Brazil) Holding A/S Annual report 2020

# Management's review

#### **Business review**

The company has no activity besides acting as a holding company. The company owns Damco Brazil Ltda, which operates logistics business in Brazil.

#### **Financial review**

The income statement for 2020 shows a loss of DKK 39 thousand against a loss of DKK 17 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of DKK 314 thousand. During the financial year 2020 there has been no operational activity of the company. The company has no employees. Management and Board have not received any remuneration. The result for 2021 is expected to be in line with 2020 figures excluding the tax impact.

### Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2020	2019
2	Gross margin Financial expenses	-14 -1	-14 -1
_	Profit/loss before tax	-15	-15
3	Tax for the year	-24	-2
	Profit/loss for the year	-39	-17
	Recommended appropriation of profit/ loss		
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-39	-17
		-39	-17

# **Balance sheet**

Note	DKK'000	2020	2019
	ASSETS		
	Non-current assets		
4	Financial assets		
	Investments in subsidiaries	0	0
		0	0
	Total non-current assets	0	0
	Current assets		
	Receivables		
	Receivables from group enterprises	325	364
	Joint taxation contribution receivable	3	3
	Total current assets	328	367
	TOTAL ASSETS	328	367
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share capital	500	500
	Retained earnings	-186	-147
	Total equity	314	353
	Current liabilities		
	Other payables	14	14
	Total current liabilities	14	14
	Total liabilities	14	14
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	328	367

<sup>1.</sup> Accounting Policies

<sup>5.</sup> Contractual Obligations and Contingencies etc.

<sup>6.</sup> Collateral

<sup>7.</sup> Related Parties

# Statement of changes in equity

	Share	Retained	
DKK'000	capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2019	500	-130	370
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-17	-17
Equity at 1 January 2020	500	-147	353
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-39	-39
Equity at 31 December 2020	500	-186	314

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Damco (Brazil) Holding A/S for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements are reflected for the higher-ranking parent company A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S, CVR-no. 22 75 62 14, Copenhagen.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### Income statement

## **Gross margin**

The items operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **External expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses relating to administration.

#### **Financial expenses**

Financial expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest expenses as well as exchange rate gains and losses.

#### Notes to the financial statements

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The entity is jointly taxed with other group entities. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost, which includes the cost of acquisition calculated at fair value plus direct costs of acquisition. If there is evidence of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. Where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to such lower value.

For subsidiaries and other equity investments acquired from other companies, where the ultimate parent company A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S has a controlling influence, the difference between the consideration paid and the fair value is recognized directly in equity.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

#### Notes to the financial statements

# 1 Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

	DKK'000	2020	2019
2	Financial expenses		
	Bank charges	1	1
		1	1
•	To facility was		
3	Tax for the year		2
	Estimated tax charge for the year	-3	-3
	Adjustments to prior year tax	27	5
		24	2
4	Investments		
			Investments in
	DKK'000		subsidiaries
	Cost at 1 January 2020		18,800
	Cost at 31 December 2020		18,800
	Value adjustments at 1 January 2020		-18,800
	Value adjustments at 31 January 2020		-18,800
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2020		0
	Name	Domicile	Interest
	Subsidiaries		
	Damco Brazil Ltda	Brazil	52.60 %

#### Notes to the financial statements

# 5 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with all other Danish companies in the A.P. Møller - Mærsk Group. As a consolidated entity, the Company has unlimited and joint liability together with the other companies under joint taxation for Danish corporation tax and withholding tax on dividends, interest and royalties within the jointly taxed companies.

The company has no further contractual obligations and contingencies etc.

#### 6 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2020

# 7 Related parties

Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile	Requisitioning of the parent company's consolidated financial statements
A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S	Esplanaden 50, 1263 Copenhagen K	www.maersk.com
A.P. Møller Holding A/S	Esplanaden 50, 1263 Copenhagen K	www.maersk.com