Østhavnsvej 43 8000 Aarhus C Denmark

APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S

Annual report 2015

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting

on

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chairman

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S for the financial year 1 January -31 December 2015.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2015 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2015.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's activities and financial matters, of the results for the year and of the Company's financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Aarhus, 9 May 2016 Executive Board:

Johan Pedersson Hay

Uggla, CEO

Board of Directors:

Willem Adriaan Lagaay

Chairman

Søren Halsted

Theis Martin Malmborg

Jana Boyd

Astrid van Druten



KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Bredskifte Allé 13 8210 Aarhus V Denmark Telephone +45 70 70 77 60 www.kpmg.dk CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S

Independent auditor's report on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2015. The financial statements comprise accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and additional requirements under Danish audit regulation. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our audit has not resulted in any qualification.



Independent auditor's report

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2015 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2015 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Statement on the Management's review

In accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, we have read the Management's review. We have not performed any further procedures in addition to the audit of the financial statements. On this basis, it is our opinion that the information provided in the Management's review is consistent with the financial statements.

Aarhus, 9 May 2016

KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Benny Lynge Sørensen State Authorised

Public Accountant

Elife Savas

State Authorised Public Accountant

Company details

APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S Østhavnsvej 43 8000 Aarhus C Denmark

Telephone:

+45 89 34 87 18

CVR no.:

32 65 83 93

Established:

14 December 2009

Registered office:

Aarhus

Financial year:

1 January – 31 December

Board of Directors

Willem Adriaan Lagaay, Chairman Søren Halsted, Deputy Chairman Theis Martin Malmborg Iana Boyd Astrid van Druten

Executive Board

Johan Pedersson Hay Uggla, CEO

Auditor

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Bredskifte Allé 13 8210 Aarhus V Denmark

Annual general meeting

The annual general meeting will be held on 9 May 2016.

Financial highlights

DKKm	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Revenue	349.9	325.2	296.3	294.1	298.0
Gross profit	238.6	218.0	196.4	182.7	187.6
Ordinary operating profit	60.1	51.2	37.9	29.6	20.5
Profit/loss from financial income and expenses	-0.2	-0.3	-0.5	-0.9	-2.4
Profit for the year	45.3	37.6	27.0	20.5	12.9
Non-current assets	100.7	116.5	132.7	143.5	153.6
Current assets	109.0	122.5	109.0	109.7	96.2
Total assets	210.0	239.0	241.7	253.2	249.8
Share capital	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Equity	150.3	167.5	157.0	150.0	142.9
Provisions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	0.0	8.0	24.0	40.0	56.0
Current liabilities other than provision	59.4	63.5	60.7	62.7	50.9
Gross margin	68.2%	67.0%	66.3%	62.1%	63.0%
Current ratio	183.5%	192.9%	179.6%	175.0%	189.0%
Operating margin	17.2%	15.7%	12.8%	10.1%	6.9%
Solvency ratio	71.6%	70.1%	65.0%	59.4%	57.2%
Average number of full-time employees	257	250	240	232	236

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Society of Financial Analysts' guidelines on the calculation of financial ratios "Recommendations and Financial Ratios 2015". For terms and definitions, please see the accounting policies.

Operating review

Principal activities of the Company

The principal activities of APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S comprise container handling at the Port of Aarhus for the purpose of the transportation of ships, trucks and trains. As related business, the activity also comprises repair and storage of containers.

Development in activities and financial position

Profit for the year

Revenue grew by 8% from DKK 325.2 million in 2014 to DKK 349.9 million in 2015. Profit was also significantly on the increase, rising from DKK 37.6 million in 2014 to DKK 45.3 million in 2015.

The Company proposes that profit for the year be distributed as dividends.

Management considers the profit for 2015 as satisfactory. The Company managed to increase revenue and profit from its principal activities while still focusing on activities that generate value to its customers. The Company posted strong volumes both on quay and landside in 2015.

Investments

Apart from investment of DKK 3.0 million in a reach stacker, only minor adjustments to non-current assets were conducted in 2015 – among these facility, equipment and IT software.

Capital resources

APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S is financial sound; even after an extraordinary dividend payout to its shareholders. The solvency ratio accounted for 71.6% (2014: 70.1%) corresponding to equity at 31 December 2015 of DKK 150.3 million (2014: DKK 167.5 million).

The Company's current assets totalled DKK 109.0 million at the end of the financial year. Of the amounts owed by group entities, DKK 38 million is deposited in a cash pool scheme.

Operating review

Outlook

Management expects that growth in the Company's principal activities only will be marginal due to low growth in the Danish society. Accordingly, revenue for 2016 is expected to be in line with 2015.

With a constant focus on optimising the business, the Company expects profit for 2016 to be slightly up on 2015.

The Company is dependent on the general activity level in society. Management's expectations are based on a stabilisation of the Danish economy in 2015 as well as an unchanged market share.

Risks

Operating risks

The most significant operational risk of the Company relates to the level of trading in Scandinavia as well as Danish exports to Asia. The risk moreover depends on the volume of trading being handled through the Port of Aarhus.

Further, there lies a potential risk with the mainliner not calling Aarhus. Most containers will probably be transported by feeder to a port with mainliner call; but expectation is that some volume will be lost for Aarhus if unable to offer a mainliner call.

Financial risks

Following the Company's solvency ratio and financial resources, it is only to a limited extent exposed to changes in the interest level since external loans were of a very limited scale at the end of 2015. The Company is not exposed to any foreign exchange risks as all major settlements are made in DKK and is not exposed to any major risks regarding one particular customer or cooperative partner. Company policy in respect of credit risks implies that all major customers and other co-operators are credit rated on an ongoing basis.

Environmental matters

APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S is environmentally conscious and is engaged in regularly reducing environmental impact from its operations.

In 2014, the Company succeeded in obtaining approval of EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment). The Company regularly assesses the environmental impact from its operations. Operations are directly interconnected with the environmental impact, as two significant cost categories are energy consumption, including energy consumption and fuel consumption (primarily diesel).

We give environmental aspects a high priority when we order new equipment; both in terms of pollution and noise.

Operating review

Corporate social responsibility

According to section 99a (6) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company does not make any disclosures on corporate social responsibility. We refer to the parent company, A.P. Møller – Mærsk A/S' separate report on sustainability at its webpage:

http://www.maersk.com/en/the-maersk-group/sustainability

Goals and policies for the underrepresented gender

The Company is encompassed by section 99b of the Danish Financial Statements Act, regarding gender diversity in management.

At the Board Meeting in A.P. Møller – Mærsk A/S on 21st February 2013 a group policy was adopted with the aim to increase the share of the under-represented gender in the company's other management levels (link to policy: http://mrsk.co/174tNiF).

In accordance with this policy APM Terminals – Aarhus A/S has focus on gender diversity with regards to relevant management positions and key positions in general. Currently the Board consists of 5 members of whom 2 are women and 3 are male and 3 out of 8 members of the senior management team are women. Consequently, the target for gender diversity has been met.

We refer to the parent company, A.P. Møller – Mærsk A/S' separate report on sustainability at its webpage:

http://www.maersk.com/en/the-maersk-group/sustainability

Accounting policies

The annual report of APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S for 2015 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class C large entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Cash flow statement

Pursuant to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement has been prepared. The Company's cash flows are included in the cash flow statement in the consolidated financial statements of A.P. Møller – Mærsk A/S.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

Income is recognised in revenue when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place, the income may be reliably measured and is expected to be received. The date of transfer of the most significant benefits and risks is determined using standard Incoterms ® 2010.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed remuneration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts granted are included in revenue.

Accounting policies

External costs

External costs comprise costs incurred in generating revenue for the year, including costs of raw materials and consumables, lease of port space and administrative expenses.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise expenses incurred during the year for management and administration of the Company, including other payroll-related costs.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items secondary to the activities of the Company, including gains on the disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other operating costs

Other operating costs comprise items secondary to the activities of the Company, including losses on the disposal of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises current corporation tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including effect of changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Corporation tax is expenses at the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year. APM Terminals - Aarhus A/S is jointly taxed with A.P. Møller - Mærsk A/S and other Danish companies within the A.P. Møller - Mærsk Group. Current Danish corporation tax is allocated between the jointly taxed Danish companies in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption with refunds for tax losses).

Accounting policies

Balance sheet

Intangible assets

Goodwill, terminal rights and software are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Goodwill, terminal rights and software are amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the intangible asset. The expected useful lives are as follows:

Goodwill15 yearsTerminal rights18 yearsSoftware3 years

Gains and losses on the disposal of intangible assets are determined as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as operating income or operating costs, respectively.

Property, plant and equipment

Buildings, plant, machinery and vehicles and fixtures and fittings and other plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use.

The depreciable amount, which is calculated as cost less any projected residual values after the end of the useful life, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 5-20 years
Plant, machinery and vehicles 3-10 years
Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment 3-10 years

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Accounting policies

Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value.

Goods for resale and raw materials and consumables are measured at cost, comprising purchase price plus delivery costs.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Accounting policies

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability at the date on which they are adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). The expected dividend payment for the year is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill non-deductible for tax purposes, office premises and other items where the temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement and equity, respectively.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at cost, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between cost and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan together with interest expenses.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Accounting policies

Segment information

Segment information is provided on business segments. The segment information is in line with the Company's accounting policies, risks and internal financial management.

Financial ratios

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Society of Financial Analysts' guidelines on the calculation of financial ratios "Recommendations and Financial Ratios 2015".

The financial ratios have been calculated as follows:

Gross margin Gross profit/loss x 100

Revenue

Current ratio

Current liabilities

Current liabilities

Current natinues

Operating margin

Operating profit/loss x 100

Revenue

Solvency ratio Equity ex. non-controlling interests at year end x 100

Total equity and liabilities at year end

Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2015	2014
Revenue Other operating income External costs	1 2	349,912 5 -111,339	325,234 0 -107,199
Gross profit Staff costs Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation of intangible assets and impairment	3	238,578 -157,341	218,035 -146,047
losses	7,8	-21,161	-20,837
Ordinary operating profit Other operating expenses		60,076	51,151 -22
Operating profit Financial income Financial expenses	4 5	60,076 229 -462	51,129 368 -620
Profit before tax Tax on profit for the year	6	59,843 -14,537	50,877 -13,319
Profit for the year		45,306	37,558
Proposed profit appropriation			
Proposed dividends for the financial year		45,306	37,558
Retained earnings		0	0
		45,306	37,558

Balance sheet

DKK'000 Note 2015 2	
ASSETS	
Non-current assets	
Intangible assets 7	
Goodwill 20,507	22,628
Terminal rights 1,801	1,919
Software 1,757	1,572
Intangible assets under construction 1,071	1,570
25,136	27,689
Property, plant and equipment 8	
Buildings 43,476	48,093
Plant, machinery and vehicles 27,013	34,175
Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment 4,958	5,466
Property, plant and equipment under construction 132	1,105
75,579	88,839
Total non-current assets 100,715	116,528
Current assets	
Inventories	
Consumables 7,596	6,391
7,596	6,391
Receivables	
Trade receivables 28,333	24,746
Amounts owed by group entities 59,829	76,136
Other receivables 2,151	4,235
Prepayments 1,965	1,143
Deferred tax 10 9,029	9,760
101,307	116,020
Cash at bank and in hand 60	56
Total current assets 108,963	122,467
TOTAL ASSETS 209,678	238,995

Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	2015	2014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			
Share capital	9	7,500	7,500
Retained earnings		97,476	122,476
Proposed dividends for the financial year		45,306	37,558
Total equity		150,282	167,534
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities	11		
Credit institutions		0	8,000
		0	8,000
Current liabilities			
Current portion of non-current liabilities	11	8,000	16,000
Trade payables		7,402	6,976
Amounts owed to group entities		1,200	179
Joint taxation contribution	12	13,804	11,955
Other payables		28,990	28,351
		59,396	63,461
Total liabilities		59,396	71,461
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		209,678	238,995
Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.	13		
Related party disclosures	14		

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Share capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends	Total
Equity at 1 January 2014	7,500	122,476	27,029	157,005
Distributed dividends	0	0	-27,029	-27,029
Transferred; see the profit appropriation	0	0	37,558	37,558
Equity at 1 January 2015	7,500	122,476	37,558	167,534
Distributed dividends	0	0	-37,558	-37,558
Extraordinary dividends	0	-25,000	25,000	0
Extraordinary dividend payout	0	0	-25,000	-25,000
Transferred; see the profit appropriation	0	0	45,306	45,306
Equity at 31 December 2015	7,500	97,476	45,306	150,282

Notes

1 Segment information

Activities - primary segment - revenue

DKK'000	2015	2014
Handling of containers	256,035	232,685
Repair of containers, etc.	93,877	92,549
	349,912	325,234

2 Fees paid to the auditors appointed at the annual general meeting

Pursuant to section 96(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, fees paid to the Company's auditor appointed at the general meeting have not been disclosed.

3 Staff costs

DKK'000	2015	2014
Wages and salaries	144,105	133,490
Pensions	11,298	10,544
Other social security costs	1,938	2,013
	157,341	146,047
Average number of full-time employees	257	250

Remuneration of the Company's Management and Board of Directors is not disclosed pursuant to section 98b(3)(ii) of the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Board of Directors did not receive any fees or any other kind of remuneration for their work.

Notes

DKK'000	2015	2014
Financial income		
	_	1
		306
Other interest income	52	61
	229	368
Financial expenses		
-		186
Other interest expense	275	434
	462	620
Tax on profit for the year		
Current tax for the year	13,804	11,955
Adjustment of deferred tax for the year	1,212	269
Adjustment in changed tax rate	-479	1,095
	14,537	13,319
	Financial income Interest income from group entities Foreign exchange gains Other interest income Financial expenses Foreign exchange losses Other interest expense Tax on profit for the year Current tax for the year Adjustment of deferred tax for the year	Financial income Interest income from group entities 0 Foreign exchange gains 177 Other interest income 52 Financial expenses Foreign exchange losses 187 Other interest expense 275 Tax on profit for the year Current tax for the year 13,804 Adjustment of deferred tax for the year 1,212 Adjustment in changed tax rate 479

Notes

7 Intangible assets

DKK'000	Goodwill	Terminal rights	Software	Intangible assets under construction	Total
Cost at 1 January 2015	31,819	2,120	8,266	1,570	43,775
Additions	0	0	0	559	559
Transferred	0	0	1,058	-1,058	0
Cost at 31 December 2015	31,819	2,120	9,324	1,071	44,334
Amortisation and impairment losses at 1 January 2015 Amortisation	9,191	201	6,694	0	16,086
	2,121	118	873	0	3,112
Amortisation and impairment losses at 31 December 2015	11,312	319	7,567	0	19,198
Carrying amount at 31 December 2015	20,507	1,801	1,757	1,071	25,136
Amortised over	15 years	18 years	3 years		

Goodwill and terminal rights are amortised over 15 and 18 years, respectively based on the residual term of the lease for the Company's harbour areas.

Notes

8 Property, plant and equipment

DKK'000	Buildings	Plant, machinery and vehicles	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment under construc- tion	Total
Cost at 1 January 2015	91,680	95,340	24,840	1,105	212,965
Additions	206	113	0	4,470	4,790
Transferred	303	3,233	1,907	-5,443	0
Disposals	0	0	-5,640	0	-5,640
Cost at 31 December 2015	92,189	98,686	21,107	132	212,115
Depreciation and impairment losses					
at 1 January 2015	43,587	61,165	19,374	0	124,126
Depreciation	5,126	10,508	2,415		18,049
Depreciation on disposals	0	0	-5,640		-5,640
Reversed depreciation and					
impairment losses	0	0	0		0
Depreciation and impairment losses					
at 31 December 2015	48,713	71,673	16,149	0	136,535
Carrying amount at					
31 December 2015	43,476	27,013	4,958	132	75,579
Amortised over	5-20 years	3-10 years	3-10 years		

Notes

9 Share capital

10

Changes in share capital during the past five years are specified as follows:

DKK'000	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Balance at 1 January	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500
Cash capital increase	0	0	0	0	0
Reduction in capital to cover loss	0	0	0	0	0
	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500
The share capital consists o	f:				
DKK'000			2	015	2014
A shares, 1 shares of nom. I	OKK 7,500 each		_	7,500	7,500
			_	7,500	7,500
All shares rank equally.					
Deferred tax					
DKK'000			2	015	2014
Deferred tax at 1 January				9,760	11,124
Deferred tax adjustment for Reduction of Danish corpor		n 23.5% to 22	2% in	-115	-269
2016			_	-616	-1,095
			_	9,029	9,760
Provisions for deferred tax	relate to:				
Intangible assets				-146	95
Property, plant and equipme	ent			9,154	9,478
				2.1	107
Provision for bad debts			_	21	187

Notes

	DKK'000	2015	2014
11	Non-current liabilities		
	The loans are specified as follows:		
	Credit institutions		
	0-1 year	8,000	16,000
	1-5 years	0	8,000
	>5 years	0	0
	Other provisions at 31 December	8,000	24,000
	Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet as follows:		
	Non-current liabilities	0	8,000
	Current liabilities	8,000	16,000
	Other provisions at 31 December	8,000	24,000
12	Joint taxation contribution		
	Joint taxation payable at 1 January	-11,955	-7,606
	Joint taxation contribution for the year	13,804	11,955
	Joint taxation contribution paid during the year	11,955	7,606
	Corporation tax payable at 31 December	13,804	11,955

Notes

13 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

Operating lease obligations

Residual operating lease obligations fall due by DKK 16,819 thousand within 1 year (2014: DKK 16,171 thousand). Within 2-5 years, operating lease obligations amount to DKK 39,445 thousand (2014: DKK 37,530 thousand) and after 5 years DKK 4,623 thousand and by a total amount of DKK 60,888 thousand (2014: DKK 58,830 thousand).

14 Related party disclosures

APM Terminals – Aarhus A/S' related parties comprise the following:

Control

A.P. Møller – Mærsk A/S, Copenhagen, and group enterprises, including the direct parent company, APM Terminals B.V., the Hague, the Netherlands.

Parties exercising significant influence

Cargo Service Holding A/S, Aarhus and group enterprises.

Ownership

The following shareholders are registered in the Company's register of shareholders as holding a minimum of 5% of the votes or a minimum of 5% of the share capital:

APM Terminals B.V. 2511 DP the Hague the Netherlands.

Aarhus Service Holding A/S Oceanvej 13, 2 8000 Aarhus C Denmark

The consolidated financial statements of A.P Møller Mærsk – Mærsk A/S can be obtained at the following address:

Largest and smallest group

A.P. Møller – Mærsk A/S, Esplanaden 50, Copenhagen, Denmark.