

Annual report for 2023

EPS Scandinavia ApS

C/O Ideal Office, Maglebjergvej 6, 2800 Kongens Lyngby

CVR no. 32 64 45 70

(14th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 7 March 2024

Martin Dötterl chairman



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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of EPS Scandinavia ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Hørsholm, 7 March 2024

Executive board

Fredrik Zetterberg Director

Auditor's report on compilation of the financial statements

To the shareholder of EPS Scandinavia ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of EPS Scandinavia ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes.

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Brøndby, 7 March 2024

Vadskær Krømmelbein Statsautoriseret Revisionsanpartsselskab CVR no. 40 68 97 45

Michael Kodama Krømmelbein Statsautoriseret revisor mne44139

Company details

The company	EPS Scandinavia ApS C/O Ideal Office Maglebjergvej 6 2800 Kongens Lyngb	у
	CVR no.:	32 64 45 70
	Reporting period: Incorporated:	1 January - 31 December 2023 20 November 2009
	Domicile:	Lyngby-Taarbæk
Executive board	Fredrik Zetterberg, d	irector
Auditors	Vadskær Krømmelbein Statsautoriseret Revisionsanpartsselskab Vibeholms Allé 16 2605 Brøndby	

Management's review

Business review

The Company rents out and sells protection systems, barriers, seating and other site materials related to live events, tours and festivals along with the assistance with infrastructure tasks related hereto.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023 shows a loss of DKK 161,606, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows negative equity of DKK 1,742,662.

The result for has significally increased post Covid-19 as it was the concert business was opened again. However, the company expects a lower activity and result for 2023 due to the Group focusing on other markets, with lower attention towards Denmark.

Financing

Management is aware that the Company has lost more than 50% of its share capital and therefore is covered by § 119 of the Danish Companies Act. It is Management's assessment that the company still has the necessary capital base to ensure continued operations. The equity is expected to be reestablished through future earnings. Management continuously assesses the capital base.

Management believes that the capital ressources are sufficient.

For more information we refer to note 1 in the financial statements.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

The annual report of EPS Scandinavia ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to class B entities, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in DKK

Pursuant to sections §110 subsection 1, of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Changes in management estimates

In 2022 an accrual for an expected fine of DKK 250,000 in relation to missing submitted transfer pricing documentation was accrued. As the case has been settled with the tax authorities resulting in no fine, Management has decided to reverse the accrual in 2023. Thus the other operating costs has been reversed with DKK 250,000 which has effected the result positively with DKK 250,000 and the equity with DKK 250,000.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Revenue

The company uses IAS 18 as an interpretation contribution for recognising revenue.

Income from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Raw materials and consumables

Direct costs of materials and consumables used in generating the year's revenue.

Other operating income - governmental financial support

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities.

Governmental financial support i.e., financial support programmes relating to Covid-19 is recognised when it is certain that the Company meets the requirements for receiving the governmental provided financial support. The grant is systematically recognised in the income statement over the period that it relates to or immediately if the grant is not conditional to future costs or investments being incurred. Public grants are recognized as other operating income or in the balance sheet if the grant is provided for investments in assets.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividend from investments is recognised in the reporting year in which the dividend is declared.

Income from investments in subsidiaries includes income from debt conversion.

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes income from debt conversion for the year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5-12 years	0 %

Assets costing less than DKK 32,000 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

The useful life and residual value are re-assessed annually. A change is accounted for as an accounting estimate, and the impact on amortisation/depreciation is recognised going forward.

Gains and losses on the sale of items of property, plant and equipment are calculated as the difference between the selling price, less costs to sell, and the carrying amount at the time of sale. Gains or losses on the sale of items of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement under other operating income or other operating expenses, respectively.

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and participating interests

Investment in subsidiaries, associates and participating interests are measured at cost. If cost exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Provisions

Provisions comprise expected expenses relating to fines. Provisions are recognised when, as a result of a past event, the company has a legal or constructive obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

	Note	2023	2022
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit		-340,888	2,387,964
Staff costs	1	-4,179	-311,006
Other operating costs		250,000	-250,000
Profit/loss before net financials		-95,067	1,826,958
Financial income		558	0
Financial costs	3	-67,097	-114,944
Profit/loss before tax		-161,606	1,712,014
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Profit/loss for the year		-161,606	1,712,014
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		-161,606	1,712,014
		-161,606	1,712,014

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Assets			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	4	0	0
Tangible assets		0	0
Investments in subsidiaries	5	23,014	23,014
Fixed asset investments		23,014	23,014
Total non-current assets		23,014	23,014
Other receivables		67,266	170,346
Receivables		67,266	170,346
Cash at bank and in hand		415,237	383,976
Total current assets		482,503	554,322
Total assets		505,517	577,336

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		125,000	125,000
Retained earnings		-1,867,662	-1,706,056
Equity		-1,742,662	-1,581,056
Other provisions		0	250,000
Total provisions		0	250,000
Trade payables Payables to Group entities Other payables		353,566 1,894,613 0	137,298 1,764,165 6,929
Total current liabilities		2,248,179	1,908,392
Total liabilities		2,248,179	1,908,392
Total equity and liabilities		505,517	577,336
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern) Contingent liabilities Related parties and ownership structure	6 7 8		

Statement of changes in equity

		Retained	
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2023	125,000	-1,706,056	-1,581,056
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-161,606	-161,606
Equity at 31 December 2023	125,000	-1,867,662	-1,742,662

Notes

		2023	2022
1	Staff costs	DKK	DKK
	Wages and salaries	3,993	311,006
	Other social security costs	186	0
		4,179	311,006
	Number of fulltime employees on average	0	0

2 Other operating income

In 2022 an accrual for an expected fine of DKK 250,000 in relation to missing submitted transfer pricing documentation was accrued. As the case has been settled with the tax authorities resulting in no fine, Management has decided to reverse the accrual in 2023. Thus the other operating costs has been reversed with DKK 250,000.

		2023	2022
3	Financial costs	ОКК	DKK
	Financial expenses, group entities	65,055	44,391
	Other financial costs	2,042	6,164
	Exchange loss	0	64,389
		67,097	114,944

Notes

4 Tangible assets

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Cost at 1 January 2023	158,479
Cost at 31 December 2023	158,479
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2023	158,479
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2023	158,479
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	0

		2023	2022
5	Investments in subsidiaries	DKK	DKK
	Cost at 1 January 2023	23,014	23,014
	Cost at 31 December 2023	23,014	23,014
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2023	23,014	23,014

Notes

6 Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)

It is Management's assessment that the company still has the necessary capital base to ensure continued operations. The equity is expected to be reestablished through future earnings. Management continuously assesses the capital base.

7 Contingent liabilities

The company has a pending repayment claim relating to received prepayments for the delivery of services to an event which was cancelled due to Covid-19.

It is Management's opinion that the claim is directed to the wrong company and is against the agreement and, therefore, has no hold and should be dismissed. Management, therefore, strongly believes that it is highly unlikely there will be a liability for the Company.

The company has no other contingent liabilities.

8 Related parties and ownership structure

Consolidated financial statements

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company EPS Holding GmbH

The group report of EPS Holding GmbH can be obtained at the following address:

Fraunhoferstr. 22 82152 Martinsried