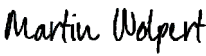


## Ab Sciex ApS

Åkandevvej 21  
2700 Brønshøj  
CVR No. 32448615

## Annual report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 15.06.2022

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**Juan Martin Wolpert**

Chairman of the general meeting

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# Entity details

## Entity

Ab Sciex ApS

Åkandevej 21

2700 Brønshøj

Business Registration No.: 32448615

Date of foundation: 11.09.2009

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

## Executive Board

Juan Martin Wolpert

Michael Thomas Cowhig

Joseph Patrick Fox

## Auditors

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Dirch Passer Alle 36

2000 Frederiksberg

CVR No.: 30700228

# Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Ab Sciex ApS for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

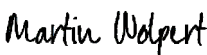
In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

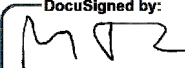
We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 15.06.2022


## Executive Board

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**Juan Martin Wolpert**

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**Michael Thomas Cowhig**

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**Joseph Patrick Fox**

# Independent auditor's extended review report

**To the shareholder of Ab Sciex ApS**

## **Report on extended review of the financial statements**

### **Conclusion**

We have performed an extended review of the financial statements of Ab Sciex ApS for the financial year 1 January 2021 – 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2021 – 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

### **Independence**

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

### **Management's responsibilities for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements**

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on the financial statements and in addition

perform specifically required supplementary procedures to obtain further assurance for our conclusion. An extended review comprises procedures that primarily consist of making inquiries of Management and others within the Company, as appropriate, analytical procedures and the specifically required supplementary procedures as well as evaluation of the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit, and accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our conclusion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

#### **Report on other legal and regulatory requirements**

##### **Violation of the Danish Bookkeeping Act**

In our opinion, the Company has not complied with the requirements of the Danish Bookkeeping Act regarding storing of accounting records abroad. Management may incur liability in the respect.

Copenhagen, 15.06.2022

#### **EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab**

CVR No. 30700228



**Henrik Kronborg Iversen**  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne24687



**Rasmus Bloch Jespersen**  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne35503

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The object of the company is to market and sell analytical instrumentation, consumables, service, other related products. The Company operates as a sales entity in the Danish market for the AB Sciex Group and a fully owned subsidiary of Danaher Corporation (Danaher).

## Description of material changes in activities and finances

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a profit of DKK 507,658 and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 32,105,725.

## Covid-19

In 2021, COVID-19 has become a significant emerging risk to the global economy. While the Company has not experienced a material adverse impact from COVID-19 on the financial statements for 2021, management continue to monitor the impact of the virus on the business as more information about the epidemic emerges, with particular focus on the potential impact on staff shortages and operating delays.

## Events after the balance sheet date

Russia's invasion of Ukraine and any related sanctions have not yet had a material impact on the Company and the Company is closely monitoring the potential impact on its financial reporting for 2022 and beyond. No other important events have occurred after the end of the financial year.

# Income statement for 2021

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>7,510,085</b>	<b>7,360,103</b>
Staff costs	1	(6,773,423)	(6,534,705)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	2	0	(130,465)
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>736,662</b>	<b>694,933</b>
Other financial income	3	2,567	21,402
Other financial expenses	4	(60,825)	(36,116)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>678,404</b>	<b>680,219</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	5	(170,746)	(147,980)
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>507,658</b>	<b>532,239</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>			
Retained earnings		507,658	532,239
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>507,658</b>	<b>532,239</b>



# Balance sheet at 31.12.2021

## Assets

	Notes	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		0	406,848
<b>Property, plant and equipment</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>406,848</b>
Investments in group enterprises		34,621,646	34,621,646
<b>Financial assets</b>	6	<b>34,621,646</b>	<b>34,621,646</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>34,621,646</b>	<b>35,028,494</b>
Manufactured goods and goods for resale		364,503	1,189,019
<b>Inventories</b>		<b>364,503</b>	<b>1,189,019</b>
Trade receivables		5,579,274	1,957,864
Receivables from group enterprises	7	11,261,554	10,885,770
Other receivables		45,151	45,151
Prepayments		7,032	35,428
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>16,893,011</b>	<b>12,924,213</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>343,044</b>	<b>370,785</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>17,600,558</b>	<b>14,484,017</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>52,222,204</b>	<b>49,512,511</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2021 DKK</b>	<b>2020 DKK</b>
Contributed capital		125,000	125,000
Retained earnings		31,980,725	31,473,067
<b>Equity</b>		<b>32,105,725</b>	<b>31,598,067</b>
Deferred tax		0	19,600
<b>Provisions</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>19,600</b>
Prepayments received from customers		1,264,414	1,816,320
Trade payables		1,333,358	174,646
Payables to group enterprises	8	8,368,935	6,721,481
Income tax payable		537,200	368,200
Other payables		3,398,330	3,399,897
Deferred income		5,214,242	5,414,300
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>20,116,479</b>	<b>17,894,844</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>20,116,479</b>	<b>17,894,844</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>52,222,204</b>	<b>49,512,511</b>
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	9		
Contingent liabilities	10		
Related parties with controlling interest	11		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2021

	<b>Contributed capital DKK</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK</b>	<b>Total DKK</b>
Equity beginning of year	125,000	31,473,067	31,598,067
Profit/loss for the year	0	507,658	507,658
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>125,000</b>	<b>31,980,725</b>	<b>32,105,725</b>

# Notes

## 1 Staff costs

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Wages and salaries	6,168,946	5,933,344
Pension costs	530,001	533,472
Other social security costs	74,476	67,889
	<b>6,773,423</b>	<b>6,534,705</b>
Average number of full-time employees	6	7

## 2 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Amortisation of intangible assets	0	19,507
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	0	110,958
	<b>0</b>	<b>130,465</b>

## 3 Other financial income

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Exchange rate adjustments	2,567	21,402
	<b>2,567</b>	<b>21,402</b>

## 4 Other financial expenses

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Financial expenses from group enterprises	28,704	21,468
Exchange rate adjustments	21,726	0
Other financial expenses	10,395	14,648
	<b>60,825</b>	<b>36,116</b>

## 5 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2021 DKK	2020 DKK
Current tax	169,000	136,700
Change in deferred tax	(19,600)	(5,400)
Adjustment concerning previous years	21,346	16,680
	<b>170,746</b>	<b>147,980</b>

## 6 Financial assets

	Investments in group enterprises DKK
Cost beginning of year	34,621,646
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>34,621,646</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>34,621,646</b>

### Impairment considerations

At year-end, the Company has performed a review of impairment indicators and concluded that no impairment indicators were present. The Company has prepared an impairment test and thereby calculated the recoverable amount of the Company's investment in group enterprises.

The impairment test is based on Danaher's standard internal valuation methodology. This method is based on financial reporting as of 31 December 2021, and representative EBITDA multiplied by bench-marked multiplier based on a peer group analysis, adjusted for control premiums if applicable and non-operating assets/liabilities.

The Impairment test did not result in need for impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries	Registered in	Corporate form	Equity interest %	Equity DKK	Profit/loss DKK
Phenomenex ApS	Hareskovby	Corporation	100	35,229,159	1,729,520

## 7 Receivables from group enterprises

Receivables from group enterprises comprise cash-pool deposits and other receivables from group enterprises.

## 8 Payables to group enterprises

The Company is covered by the Group's treasury policy. The treasury policy ensures that the Company will have sufficient liquidity to settle its obligations as they are due. Furthermore, the cash pool arrangement is set up in such a way that the payables amounts will not be called unless the Company has sufficient liquidity or has obtained sufficient financing to pay off the balance.

## 9 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	992,000	450,000

## 10 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with Danaher Tax Administration ApS, which is the Management Company (Administrationssselskab) for the Danish joint taxation. The company is jointly and severally unlimited liable with the other jointly taxed companies for payment of corporation tax for the income year 2013 and later, and for withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, which are payable on 1 July 2012 or later. At 31 December 2019, the jointly taxed companies' net liability to SKAT is disclosed in the annual report for Danaher Tax Administration ApS, registration number 28 31 68 87. Any subsequent assessments of the taxable income subject to joint taxation or withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties may entail that the Company's liability will increase.

## 11 Related parties with controlling interest

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:

Danaher Corporation  
2200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW  
Suite 800W  
Washington, DC 20037  
USA

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:  
Danaher Corporation, Washington DC

The consolidated financial statements for the Danaher Group can be acquired as the following link:  
<http://investors.danaher.com/annual-report-and-proxy>

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

Effective from the financial year 2021, the Company has implemented amending act no. 1716 of 27 December 2018 to the Danish Financial Statements Act. The implementation of the amending act has not affected the Company's accounting policies on recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities but has solely entailed a requirement for further disclosures. The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

## Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

The financial statements for AB Sciex ApS and its subsidiary are part of the consolidated financial statements for Danaher Corporation, USA.

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, cost of raw materials and consumables and external expenses.

### Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition. Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

**Other operating income**

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

**Cost of sales**

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

**Other external expenses**

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

**Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

**Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses**

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

**Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with Danish Danaher group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

**Balance sheet****Property, plant and equipment**

Plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the



asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation. For assets held under finance leases, cost is the lower of the asset's fair value and present value of future lease payments.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3 - 5 years
--	-------------

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### **Investments in group enterprises**

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount. In case of evidence of impairment, an impairment test must be conducted. Investments are written down to the lower of the carrying amount and the recoverable amount.

### **Impairment of non-current assets**

The carrying amount of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment as well as investments in subsidiaries is tested annually for evidence of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by amortisation/depreciation.

Impairment tests are conducted on individual assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the anticipated net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets. Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost of goods for resale and consumables consists of purchase price plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial assets.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

**Cash**

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

**Cash Pool**

Balances in the group's cash pool scheme are not, due to the nature of the scheme, considered cash, but are recognised under 'Receivables from group enterprises' and 'Payables to group enterprises', as applicable.

**Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

**Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

**Tax receivable or payable**

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

**Deferred income**

Deferred income comprises income received for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income is measured at cost.