

# Strait Air Transport A/S

Snorresgade 18-20 2300 Copenhagen S CVR No. 32444202

# Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 11.05.2023

**John Hemming** Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# Entity

Strait Air Transport A/S Snorresgade 18-20 2300 Copenhagen S

Business Registration No.: 32444202 Registered office: Copenhagen Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 Phone number: +45 32460800 URL: www.straitair.com E-mail: cph@straitair.com

# **Board of Directors**

Sune Simonsen, Chairman Ulrik Kamstrup Jespersen Morten Jæpelt

# Executive Board

Morten Jæpelt, Chief Executive Officer

# Bank

A/S Arbejdernes Landsbank Vesterbrogade 5 1502 Copenhagen V

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Strait Air Transport A/S for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 11.05.2023

**Executive Board** 

Morten Jæpelt Chief Executive Officer

**Board of Directors** 

Sune Simonsen Chairman **Ulrik Kamstrup Jespersen** 

**Morten Jæpelt** 

# Independent auditor's report

# To the shareholders of Strait Air Transport A/S

# Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of Strait Air Transport A/S for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent, and the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in

Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 11.05.2023

## Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### **Anders Kreiner**

State-Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne26765

# **Management commentary**

# **Financial highlights**

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Key figures					
Revenue	205,697	208,500	178,376	167,579	145,934
Gross profit/loss	21,842	21,255	14,431	14,609	13,286
EBITDA	6,239	7,178	1,435	638	701
Operating profit/loss	6,158	7,054	1,309	507	476
Net financials	1,023	(532)	(1,174)	108	80
Profit/loss before tax	7,181	6,522	135	615	558
Profit/loss for the year	5,780	6,247	19	195	209
Balance sheet total	68,542	74,494	40,794	49,706	54,815
Investments in property, plant and equipment	64	19	8	43	210
Equity	21,451	16,427	10,139	10,233	9,790
Average number of employees	36	33	33	32	28
Ratios					
Gross margin (%)	10.62	10.19	8.09	8.72	9.10
Net margin (%)	2.81	3.00	0.01	0.12	0.14
Return on equity (%)	30.52	47.03	0.19	1.95	2.16
Equity ratio (%)	31.30	22.05	24.85	20.59	17.86

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with the current version of "Recommendations & Ratios" issued by the CFA Society Denmark.

# Gross margin (%):

<u>Gross profit/loss \* 100</u> Revenue

**Net margin (%):** <u>Profit/loss for the year \* 100</u> Revenue

**Return on equity (%):** Profit/loss for the year \* 100 / Average equity

Equity ratio (%):

Equity \* 100 / Balance sheet total

#### **Primary activities**

The Company's primary activities are to provide logistics services, international transportation and other related services.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

Profit for the year amounts to DKK 7,181 thousand before tax.

Equity totals DKK 21,451 thousand at 31.12.2022.

The cargo volume increased in 2022, however, not to the same extent as the financial turnover, as freight rates were at a historically high level throughout the year.

### Profit/loss for the year in relation to expected developments

The financial results meet the expectations expressed in the annual report for 2021. The Board of Directors considers the performance for the year acceptable.

# Outlook

The Board of Directors expects the results for 2023 to be positive but not close to the level for 2022 due to the general freight rates, global trade, and thereby the cargo volume being dratiscally lower than in previous years.

## **Use of financial instruments**

# **Price risks**

The Group is to a wide extent dependent on the development in global shipping prices and in the USD exchange rate.

## **Currency exposure**

Due to foreign activities, results, cash flows and equity are affected by the exchange rate movements in a number of foreign currencies. Exchange rate adjustments of investments in subsidiaries are recognised directly in equity. It is not company policy to hedge the above risks by means of financial instruments as purchase and sale of shipping services to a wide extent take place in the same foreign currency.

#### Interest rate exposure

Reasonable changes in the interest rate level will have no material impact on the Group. Consequently, no agreements are made on hedging of interest rate exposure.

#### **Group relations**

Please refer to notes 15 and 16 in the consolidated financial statements for a specification of the group relations.

### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred or been recorded between the balance sheet date and the date of presentation of these financial statements, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# Consolidated income statement for 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Revenue	1	205,697	208,500
Other operating income		60	48
Cost of sales		(169,217)	(170,501)
Other external expenses		(14,698)	(16,792)
Gross profit/loss		21,842	21,255
Staff costs	2	(15,603)	(14,077)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(81)	(124)
Operating profit/loss		6,158	7,054
Other financial income	4	1,521	940
Other financial expenses	5	(498)	(1,472)
Profit/loss before tax		7,181	6,522
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	(1,401)	(275)
Profit/loss for the year	7	5,780	6,247

# Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2022

# Assets

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		79	99
Property, plant and equipment	8	79	99
Receivables from group enterprises		787	0
Financial assets	9	787	0
Fixed assets		866	99
Trade receivables		21,562	44,633
Receivables from group enterprises		2,008	9,894
Deferred tax	10	137	395
Other receivables		2,352	1,373
Tax receivable		0	35
Receivables		26,059	56,330
Cash		41,617	18,065
Current assets		67,676	74,395
Assets		68,542	74,494

# **Equity and liabilities**

-1		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital	11	1,000	1,000
Translation reserve		(828)	(72)
Retained earnings		21,279	15,499
Equity		21,451	16,427
Trade payables		19,527	25,853
Payables to group enterprises		23,276	28,625
Tax payable		1,144	0
Other payables		3,144	3,589
Current liabilities other than provisions		47,091	58,067
Liabilities other than provisions		47,091	58,067
Equity and liabilities		68,542	74,494
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	13		
Contingent liabilities	14		
Group relations	15		
Subsidiaries	16		

# Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Translation reserve DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	1,000	(72)	15,499	16,427
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(756)	0	(756)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	5,780	5,780
Equity end of year	1,000	(828)	21,279	21,451

# Consolidated cash flow statement for 2022

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Operating profit/loss		6,158	7,054
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses		81	124
Working capital changes	12	16,323	3,987
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		22,562	11,165
Financial income received		1,521	940
Financial expenses paid		(498)	(1,472)
Taxes refunded/(paid)		31	(770)
Cash flows from operating activities		23,616	9,863
Acquisition etc. of property, plant and equipment Cash flows from investing activities		(64) <b>(64)</b>	(19) <b>(19)</b>
Free cash flows generated from operations and investments before financing		23,552	9,844
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		23,552	9,844
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		18,065	8,221
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		41,617	18,065
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of:			
Cash		41,617	18,065
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		41,617	18,065

# Notes to consolidated financial statements

# **1** Revenue

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Freight forwarding services related to air freight	205,697	208,500
Total revenue by activity	205,697	208,500
2 Staff costs		
	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Wages and salaries	13,918	12,105
Pension costs	1,685	1,972
	15,603	14,077
Average number of full-time employees	36	33

According to section 98b(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, information on Management's remuneration is not disclosed.

# 3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	81	124
	81	124

# 4 Other financial income

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Financial income from group enterprises	12	38
Other financial income	1,509	902
	1,521	940

# **5 Other financial expenses**

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial expenses from group enterprises	135	17
Other financial expenses	363	1,455
	498	1,472

# 6 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2022	2021
	2022 DKK'000 1,368 33	DKK'000
Current tax	1,368	1,517
Change in deferred tax	33	(1,242)
	1,401	275

# 7 Proposed distribution of profit/loss

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Retained earnings	5,780	6,247
	5,780	6,247

# 8 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures
	and fittings, tools and
	equipment
	DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	1,420
Exchange rate adjustments	(12)
Additions	64
Disposals	(323)
Cost end of year	1,149
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(1,321)
Exchange rate adjustments	9
Depreciation for the year	(81)
Reversal regarding disposals	323
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(1,070)
Carrying amount end of year	79

# 9 Financial assets

	Receivables from group enterprises DKK'000
Additions	787
Cost end of year	787
Carrying amount end of year	787

# **10 Deferred tax**

	2022	2021	
Changes during the year	DKK'000	DKK'000	
Beginning of year	395	154	
Recognised in the income statement	(33)	1,242	
Reclassification	(224)	(956)	
Other changes	(1)	(45)	
End of year	137	395	

# **Deferred tax assets**

The tax asset has been recognised because expectations are that it will be possible to deduct it from the Group's future taxable income.

# **11 Contributed capital**

**Contingent liabilities** 

The share capital consists of 1,000,000 shares, each with a par value of DKK 1.

# 12 Changes in working capital

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Increase/decrease in receivables	29,191	(23,686)
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc.	(12,868)	27,673
	16,323	3,987

## 13 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Total liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity	1,648	1,244
Of this, liabilities under rental or lease agreements with group enterprises	662	350
14 Contingent liabilities		
	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Recourse and non-recourse guarantee commitments	979	1,015

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which A. Simonsen Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

979

1,015

# **15 Group relations**

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: A. Simonsen Holding ApS, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Scan Group A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S

# **16 Subsidiaries**

	Ownership %
Strait Air Transport AB, Sweden	100
Strait Air Transport Eesti A/S, Estonia	100
OY Strait Air Transport AB, Finland	100
Strait Air Transport AS, Norway	100

# Parent income statement for 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Revenue	1	77,292	75,376
Other operating income		0	105
Cost of sales		(58,997)	(61,955)
Other external expenses		(6,493)	(9,582)
Gross profit/loss		11,802	3,944
Staff costs	2	(8,438)	(4,967)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(58)	(91)
Operating profit/loss		3,306	(1,114)
Income from investments in group enterprises		3,432	7,171
Other financial income	4	81	44
Other financial expenses	5	(343)	(97)
Profit/loss before tax		6,476	6,004
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	(696)	243
Profit/loss for the year	7	5,780	6,247

# Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2022

# Assets

	2022	2021	
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		27	53
Property, plant and equipment	8	27	53
Investments in group enterprises		17,616	14,718
Receivables from group enterprises		3,111	0
Financial assets	9	20,727	14,718
Fixed assets		20,754	14,771
Trade receivables		8,652	14,852
Receivables from group enterprises		1,673	5,832
Deferred tax	10	122	348
Other receivables		1,475	512
Receivables		11,922	21,544
Cash		12,131	5,732
Current assets		24,053	27,276
Assets		44,807	42,047

# **Equity and liabilities**

		2022	2021
	Notes	DKK'000	DKK'000
Contributed capital		1,000	1,000
Translation reserve		(222)	0
Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method		7,039	4,141
Retained earnings		13,634	11,286
Equity		21,451	16,427
Trade payables		8,041	9,536
Payables to group enterprises		12,968	14,869
Joint taxation contribution payable		694	0
Other payables		1,653	1,215
Current liabilities other than provisions		23,356	25,620
Liabilities other than provisions		23,356	25,620
Equity and liabilities		44,807	42,047
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	11		
Contingent liabilities	12		
Related parties with controlling interest	13		
Transactions with related parties	14		

# Parent statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed	Translation	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity	Retained	
	capital DKK'000	reserve DKK'000	method DKK'000	earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	1,000	0	4,141	11,286	16,427
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(222)	(534)	0	(756)
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	3,432	2,348	5,780
Equity end of year	1,000	(222)	7,039	13,634	21,451

# Notes to parent financial statements

# **1** Revenue

2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
77,292	75,376
2022	2021
DKK'000	DKK'000
7,833	4,633
605	334
8,438	4,967
16	11
	DKK'000 77,292 77,292 2022 DKK'000 7,833 605

According to section 98b(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, information on Management's remuneration is not disclosed.

# 3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	58	91
	58	91

# 4 Other financial income

	2022 DKK'000	2021
		DKK'000
Financial income from group enterprises	18	9
Other financial income	63	35
	81	44

# **5 Other financial expenses**

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial expenses from group enterprises	135	0
Other financial expenses	208	97
	343	97

# 6 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Current tax	694	0
Change in deferred tax	2	(243)
	696	(243)

# 7 Proposed distribution of profit and loss

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Retained earnings	5,780	6,247
	5,780	6,247

# 8 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures
	and fittings, tools and
	equipment DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	633
Additions	32
Disposals	(327)
Cost end of year	338
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(580)
Depreciation for the year	(58)
Reversal regarding disposals	327
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(311)
Carrying amount end of year	27

# **9 Financial assets**

	Investments in group enterprises DKK'000	Receivables from group enterprises DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	10,577	0
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(222)
Additions	0	3,333
Cost end of year	10,577	3,111
Revaluations beginning of year	4,141	0
Exchange rate adjustments	(534)	0
Share of profit/loss for the year	3,432	0
Revaluations end of year	7,039	0
Carrying amount end of year	17,616	3,111

A specification of investments in subsidiaries is evident from the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

# **10 Deferred tax**

	2022	2021
Changes during the year	DKK'000	DKK'000
Beginning of year	348	109
Recognised in the income statement	(2)	243
Other adjustments	0	(4)
Reclassification	(224)	0
End of year	122	348

# **Deferred tax assets**

The tax asset has been recognised because expectations are that it will be possible to deduct it from the Company's future taxable income.

# 11 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Total liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity	968	142
Of this, liabilities under rental or lease agreements with group enterprises	418	106

#### **12 Contingent liabilities**

The Company is currently involved in a few lawsuits as part of its general operations. However, these lawsuits are not considered to have any material impact on the annual report.

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which A. Simonsen Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

# **13 Related parties with controlling interest**

Related parties are the A. Simonsen Holding ApS Group as well as the Board of Directors and the Executive Board of the Company.

Related parties with control of Strait Air Transport A/S: Scan Group A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S, the immediate parent company of Strait Air Transport A/S, A.S. Scan Holding A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copgenhagen S, the higher-level parent company of Scan Group A/S, A. Simonsen Holding ApS, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S, the ultimate parent company of Strait Air Transport A/S, and Arne Simonsen, the beneficial owner of the Group.

# 14 Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties are made on an arm's length basis.

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (medium).

The accounting policies applied to these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated financial statements include Strait Air Transport A/S (Parent) and subsidiaries in which Strait Air Transport A/S either directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way have controlling influence. Jointly controlled entities are consolidated on a pro rata basis.

# **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. Minority interests' pro rata shares of the profit/loss and the net assets are disclosed as separate items in Management's proposal for the distribution of net profit/loss and equity, respectively.

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the takeover date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

#### **Business combinations**

Newly acquired or newly established enterprises are recognised in the financial statements from the time of acquiring or establishing such enterprises. Divested or wound-up enterprises are recognised in the income statement up to the time of their divestment or winding-up.

The purchase method is applied at the acquisition of new enterprises, under which identifiable assets and liabilities of these enterprises are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. Provisions for costs of restructuring of the enterprise acquired are only made in so far as such restructuring was decided by the enterprise acquired prior to acquisition. Allowance is made for the tax effect of restatements.

Positive differences in amount (goodwill) between cost of the acquired share and fair value of the assets and liabilities taken over are recognised under intangible assets, and they are amortised systematically over the income statement based on an individual assessment of their useful lives, however, no more than 20 years. Negative differences in amount (negative goodwill), corresponding to an estimated adverse development in the relevant enterprises, are recognised in the balance sheet under deferred income, and they are recognised in the income statement, when such adverse development is realised.

# Profit or loss from divestment of enterprises

Profits or losses from divestment or winding-up of enterprises are calculated as the difference between selling price or settlement price and the carrying amount of the net assets at the time of divestment and winding-up, respectively, including any non-amortised goodwill and estimated selling or winding-up expenses.

#### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

If the foreign subsidiaries meet the criteria of independent entities, their income statements and balance sheets are translated applying the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise from translation of foreign subsidiaries' equity at the beginning of the year, applying the exchange rates at the balance sheet date, are recognised directly in equity.

# **Income statement**

## Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery to the Group's customers or cooperators has taken place before year-end and if the income can be computed reliably. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts.

### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

## **Cost of sales**

Costs relating to revenue are accrued according to the method of revenue recognition. Other costs relating to the financial year in terms of time are charged to the income statement.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

## **Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

#### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

# Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

## Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

# **Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with its Ultimate Parent, A. Simonsen Holding ApS, and all of the Ultimate Parent's other Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

#### **Balance sheet**

## Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-10 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

On initial recognition, lease contracts regarding property, plant and equipment in which the Company holds all material risks and advantages related to the ownership (finance leasing) are measured in the balance sheet at fair value or present value, if lower, of future lease payments. At the computation of present value, the internal interest rate of the lease contract or an approximate value is used as discount factor. Assets held under finance leases are then treated as the Company's other property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# Investments in group enterprises

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised in the balance sheet at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity in accordance with the Parent's accounting policies plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits and losses and plus or minus the residual value of positive, or negative, goodwill calculated according to the purchase method.

Subsidiaries with negative equity are measured at zero value, and any receivable from these enterprises is written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity. If the negative equity exceeds the amounts receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions.

Net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is taken to reserve for net revaluation under the equity method if the carrying amount exceeds cost less amortisation of goodwill.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

## **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

#### Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

# Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### **Operating leases**

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

## **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

### **Cash flow statement**

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, and cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of enterprises, activities and fixed asset investments, and purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc. of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs, and the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, repayments of interest-bearing debt, purchase of treasury shares and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less short-term bank loans.

# Segment information

The Group's activities comprise freight forwarding services related to air freight on the world market. Consequently, it is not relevant to provide further disclosures on business segments by activity, just as it is not relevant to provide disclosures on geographical markets.