



Scan-Shipping A/S

Snorresgade 18-20
2300 Copenhagen S
CVR No. 32444199

Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the
annual report on 11.05.2023

John Hemming

Chairman of the General Meeting

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Entity details

Entity

Scan-Shipping A/S
Snorresgade 18-20
2300 Copenhagen S

Business Registration No.: 32444199
Registered office: Copenhagen
Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022
Phone number: +45 32668100
URL: www.scan-shipping.com
E-mail: cph@scan-shipping.dk

Board of Directors

Morten Jæpelt, Chairman
Klaus Henry Jepsen
Ulrik Kamstrup Jespersen
Sune Simonsen

Executive Board

Sune Simonsen, Chief Executive Officer

Bank

A/S Arbejdernes Landsbank
Vesterbrogade 5
1502 Copenhagen V

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Scan-Shipping A/S for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 11.05.2023

Executive Board

Sune Simonsen

Chief Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Morten Jæpelt

Chairman

Klaus Henry Jepsen

Ulrik Kamstrup Jespersen

Sune Simonsen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Scan-Shipping A/S

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of Scan-Shipping A/S for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent, and the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in

Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 11.05.2023

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR No. 33963556

Anders Kreiner

State-Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne26765

Christian Sanderhage

State-Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne23347

Management commentary

Financial highlights

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000	2020 DKK'000	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Key figures					
Revenue	1,341,213	1,128,915	750,050	819,021	832,541
Gross profit/loss	113,841	107,914	71,926	63,358	50,229
EBITDA	26,415	28,281	(5,657)	(16,975)	(21,827)
Operating profit/loss	24,567	27,752	(7,077)	(18,492)	(23,765)
Net financials	(2,390)	734	(1,671)	1,857	(1,110)
Profit/loss before tax	22,177	28,486	(8,748)	(16,635)	(24,874)
Profit/loss for the year	11,752	17,772	(9,357)	(15,134)	(24,044)
Balance sheet total	283,675	348,669	222,241	218,953	290,218
Investments in property, plant and equipment	5,561	1,247	1,460	922	1,303
Equity	129,799	30,773	12,570	3,710	22,116
Average number of employees	237	245	242	249	252
Ratios					
Gross margin (%)	8.49	9.56	9.59	7.74	6.03
Net margin (%)	0.88	1.57	(1.25)	(1.85)	(2.89)
Return on equity (%)	14.64	82.01	(114.95)	(117.20)	(122.25)
Equity ratio (%)	45.76	8.83	5.66	1.69	7.62

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with the current version of "Recommendations & Ratios" issued by the CFA Society Denmark.

Gross margin (%):

$\frac{\text{Gross profit/loss} * 100}{\text{Revenue}}$

Net margin (%):

$\frac{\text{Profit/loss for the year} * 100}{\text{Revenue}}$

Return on equity (%):

$\frac{\text{Profit/loss for the year} * 100}{\text{Average equity}}$

Equity ratio (%):

$\frac{\text{Equity} * 100}{\text{Balance sheet total}}$

Primary activities

The Company's primary activities are logistics solutions, global transport and other related services in close cooperation with its subsidiaries and agents.

Development in activities and finances

Profit for the year amounts to DKK 22,177 before tax.

Equity totals DKK 129,799 thousand at 31.12.2022.

The cargo volume increased in 2022, however, not to the same extent as the financial turnover, as freight rates were at a historically high level throughout the year.

Profit/loss for the year in relation to expected developments

The financial results are as expected and expressed in the annual report for 2021, as the results after tax are positive but not at the same level as in 2021. The Board of Directors considers the performance satisfactory for 2022.

Outlook

The Board of Directors expects the results for 2023 to be positive but not close to the level for 2022 due to the general freight rates, global trade, and thereby the cargo volume being drastically lower than in previous years.

Use of financial instruments

Price risks

The Group is to a wide extent dependent on the development in global shipping prices and in the USD exchange rate.

Currency exposure

Due to foreign activities, results, cash flows and equity are affected by the exchange rate movements in a number of foreign currencies. Exchange rate adjustments of investments in subsidiaries are recognised directly in equity. It is not company policy to hedge the above risks by means of financial instruments as purchase and sale of shipping services to a wide extent take place in the same foreign currency.

Interest rate exposure

Reasonable changes in the interest rate level will have no material impact on the Group. Consequently, no agreements are made on hedging of interest rate exposure.

Group relations

Please refer to notes 17, 18 and 19 in the consolidated financial statements for a specification of the group relations.

Statutory report on corporate social responsibility

Please refer to the management commentary in the annual report for 2022 of the Ultimate Parent, A. Simonsen Holding ApS, Business Registration No. 40129774, which can be found on cvr.dk.

Statutory report on the underrepresented gender

The policy of Scan-Shipping A/S is to secure the best professional competence possible at all levels in the Company. The members of Management are solely appointed based on their qualifications and not their gender. By doing so, equal opportunities for both genders are secured, provided that the candidates applying for the

management positions possess the professional skills required. Scan-Shipping A/S supports gender equality in relation to career opportunities and salary conditions. Our equal opportunities policy is put into practice in the Company's employee manual, and we always encourage our female colleagues to apply for leadership positions. When recruiting for management positions, we strive to have both genders represented. Furthermore, we focus on developing leadership talents of both genders.

At the time of the presentation of the annual report, the Board of Directors of Scan-Shipping A/S has no female members. In contrast, the Parent, A.S. Scan Holding A/S, has two female board members out of five, corresponding to 40%. The Ultimate Parent, A. Simonsen Holding ApS, has one female board member out of three, corresponding to 33.3%.

No female candidates were identified for the Board of Directors at Scan-Shipping A/S in 2022. However, based on a specific assessment of the Company's situation, including the competencies to be present on the Board of Directors, the target is to have at least one female candidate for the Board of Directors at Scan-Shipping A/S before 2025. This target figure is considered achievable and ambitious.

The current gender split is 20% females and 80% males at other management levels. We strive to improve the gender balance by continuous awareness and promotion of our policy in this field. The target is to have at least 40% female candidates for the other management levels at Scan-Shipping A/S before 2025.

Statutory report on data ethics policy

The Group established a data ethics policy in 2022 as part of its IT security policies.

The following initiatives have been implemented as part of the work on data ethics and policies on this subject:

- System-supported personal data policies, ensuring that we process all personal data under existing laws.
- We strive to ensure that all agreements we enter into explain how we process, monitor, and protect personal data.
- Internal data security guidelines to ensure availability, confidentiality, and integrity of data processing.
- Confidentiality and secrecy clauses for relevant employees.

The Group will continue its work on data ethics in 2023 through the training of employees and communications about data ethics.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred or been recorded between the balance sheet date and the date of presentation of these financial statements, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Consolidated income statement for 2022

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Revenue	1	1,341,213	1,128,915
Other operating income		10,303	11,385
Cost of sales		(1,163,984)	(960,225)
Other external expenses	2	(73,691)	(72,161)
Gross profit/loss		113,841	107,914
Staff costs	3	(87,426)	(79,633)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	4	(1,848)	(529)
Operating profit/loss		24,567	27,752
Other financial income	5	2,790	3,100
Other financial expenses	6	(5,180)	(2,366)
Profit/loss before tax		22,177	28,486
Tax on profit/loss for the year	7	(10,425)	(10,714)
Profit/loss for the year	8	11,752	17,772

Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2022

Assets

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		4,008	2,611
Leasehold improvements		2,601	666
Property, plant and equipment	9	6,609	3,277
Fixed assets		6,609	3,277
Trade receivables		136,105	229,255
Receivables from group enterprises		18,720	19,457
Deferred tax	10	582	1,350
Other receivables		5,806	7,682
Prepayments	11	6,814	17,281
Receivables		168,027	275,025
Cash		109,039	70,367
Current assets		277,066	345,392
Assets		283,675	348,669

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Contributed capital	12	1,000	1,000
Translation reserve		(3,719)	(993)
Retained earnings		132,518	30,766
Equity		129,799	30,773
Trade payables		87,501	136,974
Payables to group enterprises		41,903	155,736
Tax payable		8,682	6,056
Other payables		15,790	19,130
Current liabilities other than provisions		153,876	317,896
Liabilities other than provisions		153,876	317,896
Equity and liabilities		283,675	348,669
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	14		
Contingent liabilities	15		
Transactions with related parties	16		
Group relations	17		
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Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Translation reserve DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	1,000	(993)	30,766	30,773
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(2,726)	0	(2,726)
Group contributions etc.	0	0	90,000	90,000
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	11,752	11,752
Equity end of year	1,000	(3,719)	132,518	129,799

Consolidated cash flow statement for 2022

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Operating profit/loss		24,567	27,752
Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses		1,848	529
Working capital changes	13	(62,994)	(11,057)
Cash flow from ordinary operating activities		(36,579)	17,224
Financial income received		2,790	3,100
Financial expenses paid		(5,180)	(2,366)
Taxes refunded/(paid)		(7,031)	(2,371)
Cash flows from operating activities		(46,000)	15,587
Acquisition etc. of property, plant and equipment		(5,561)	(1,247)
Sale of property, plant and equipment		233	1,285
Cash flows from investing activities		(5,328)	38
Free cash flows generated from operations and investments before financing		(51,328)	15,625
Group contribution		90,000	0
Cash flows from financing activities		90,000	0
Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		38,672	15,625
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year		70,367	54,742
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		109,039	70,367
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of:			
Cash		109,039	70,367
Cash and cash equivalents end of year		109,039	70,367

Notes to consolidated financial statements

1 Revenue

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Freight forwarding services related to shipping and logistics	1,341,213	1,128,915
Total revenue by activity	1,341,213	1,128,915

2 Fees to the auditor appointed by the Annual General Meeting

DKK'000	2022			2021		
	Deloitte	Others	Total	Deloitte	Others	Total
Statutory audit services	416	866	1.282	487	767	1.254
Other assurance engagements	0	5	5	17	2	19
Tax services	59	109	168	11	89	100
Other services	7	83	90	5	41	46
	482	1.063	1.545	520	899	1.419

3 Staff costs

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Wages and salaries	78,344	73,340
Pension costs	4,824	3,473
Other social security costs	4,258	2,820
	87,426	79,633
Average number of full-time employees	237	245

According to section 98b(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, information on Management's remuneration is not disclosed.

4 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	1,848	529
	1,848	529

5 Other financial income

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial income from group enterprises	139	0
Other financial income	2,651	3,100
	2,790	3,100

6 Other financial expenses

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial expenses from group enterprises	287	113
Other financial expenses	4,893	2,253
	5,180	2,366

7 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Current tax	10,370	10,677
Change in deferred tax	102	(16)
Adjustment concerning previous years	(47)	53
	10,425	10,714

8 Proposed distribution of profit/loss

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Retained earnings	11,752	17,772
	11,752	17,772

9 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000	Leasehold improvements DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	14,996	3,763
Exchange rate adjustments	(216)	127
Transfers	939	(1,065)
Additions	2,857	2,704
Disposals	(3,487)	(35)
Cost end of year	15,089	5,494
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(12,385)	(3,097)
Exchange rate adjustments	149	(112)
Transfers	(769)	799
Depreciation for the year	(1,330)	(518)
Reversal regarding disposals	3,254	35
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(11,081)	(2,893)
Carrying amount end of year	4,008	2,601

10 Deferred tax

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Changes during the year		
Beginning of year	1,350	3,998
Recognised in the income statement	(102)	16
Reclassification	0	(1,925)
Other adjustments	(666)	(739)
End of year	582	1,350

Deferred tax consists of balances on fixed assets, trade receivables, tax loss carryforwards, etc.

Deferred tax assets

The tax asset has been recognised because expectations are that it will be possible to deduct it from the Group's future taxable income.

11 Prepayments

Prepayments comprise various prepaid expenses. Prepayments are measured at cost.

12 Contributed capital

The share capital consists of 1,000,000 shares, each with a par value of DKK 1.

13 Changes in working capital

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Increase/decrease in receivables	106,230	(113,909)
Increase/decrease in trade payables etc.	(169,224)	102,852
	(62,994)	(11,057)

14 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Total liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity	7,367	8,764

15 Contingent liabilities

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Recourse and non-recourse guarantee commitments	4,001	2,738
Contingent liabilities	4,001	2,738

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which A. Simonsen Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

16 Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties are made on an arm's length basis.

17 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:
A. Simonsen Holding ApS, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:
Scan Group A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S

18 Pro-rata consolidated companies

	Ownership %
Scan-Shipping Pakistan (Pvt.) Ltd., Pakistan	50.00

19 Subsidiaries

	Ownership %
Scan-Shipping AB, Sweden	100.00
Scanway Shipping AS, Norway	100.00
OY Scan-Shipping AB, Finland	100.00
Scan-Shipping GmbH, Germany	100.00
Scan-Group Agencies Sp.z.o.o, Poland	100.00
Scan-Shipping (Pte.) Ltd., Singapore	100.00
Scanway Shipping LLC, Russia	100.00
Shipco-Shipping Jylland A/S, Denmark	100.00
Scan-Shipping Inc., USA	100.00
Scan-Shipping LLC, Ukraine	100.00
Scan-Shipping OU, Estonia	100.00
Shipco-Shipping AB, Sweden	100.00
Expa-Services (Pte.) Ltd., Singapore	100.00
Seaway Shipping AS, Norway	100.00
Scanway Shipping AB, Sweden	100.00
Scanway Shipping Real Estate AB, Sweden	100.00
Scan-Shipping d.o.o, Slovenia	100.00
Scan-Shipping Hong Kong Ltd., Hong Kong	100.00
Scan-Shipping (Thailand) Ltd., Thailand	100.00
Scan-Shipping (Turkey) Ltd., Turkey	100.00
Scan-Shipping Norway AS, Norway	100.00
PT Scan-Shipping, Indonesia	100.00
Scan-Shipping LLC, United Arab Emirates	100.00
Scan-Shipping (Shanghai) Ltd., China	100.00
Scan-Shipping Colombo (Pte.) Ltd., Sri Lanka	100.00
Scan Group DMCC, United Arab Emirates	100.00
Scan-Shipping srl, Romania	100.00

Parent income statement for 2022

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Revenue	1	534,289	492,078
Other operating income		14,967	14,315
Cost of sales		(459,774)	(409,167)
Other external expenses		(24,658)	(20,066)
Gross profit/loss		64,824	77,160
Staff costs	2	(43,590)	(44,588)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	3	(238)	(339)
Operating profit/loss		20,996	32,233
Income from investments in group enterprises		(3,372)	(10,442)
Income from investments in joint ventures		1	0
Other financial income	4	1,246	1,965
Other financial expenses	5	(1,437)	(404)
Profit/loss before tax		17,434	23,352
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	(5,682)	(5,580)
Profit/loss for the year	7	11,752	17,772

Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2022

Assets

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		958	782
Property, plant and equipment	8	958	782
Investments in group enterprises		35,588	31,873
Receivables from group enterprises		25,955	0
Investments in joint ventures		155	0
Financial assets	9	61,698	31,873
Fixed assets		62,656	32,655
Trade receivables		55,313	120,918
Receivables from group enterprises		40,272	72,209
Deferred tax	10	542	493
Other receivables		1,249	159
Prepayments	11	155	5,610
Receivables		97,531	199,389
Cash		31,445	5,442
Current assets		128,976	204,831
Assets		191,632	237,486

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Contributed capital		1,000	1,000
Translation reserve		(3,719)	(993)
Retained earnings		132,518	30,766
Equity		129,799	30,773
Provisions for investments in group enterprises	12	1,897	27
Provisions		1,897	27
Trade payables		27,338	66,613
Payables to group enterprises		14,665	126,468
Joint taxation contribution payable		5,731	3,567
Other payables		12,202	10,038
Current liabilities other than provisions		59,936	206,686
Liabilities other than provisions		59,936	206,686
Equity and liabilities		191,632	237,486
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	13		
Contingent liabilities	14		
Related parties with controlling interest	15		
Transactions with related parties	16		

Parent statement of changes in equity for 2022

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Translation reserve DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	1,000	(993)	30,766	30,773
Exchange rate adjustments	0	(2,726)	0	(2,726)
Group contributions etc.	0	0	90,000	90,000
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	11,752	11,752
Equity end of year	1,000	(3,719)	132,518	129,799

Notes to parent financial statements

1 Revenue

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Freight forwarding services related to shipping and logistics	534,289	492,078
Total revenue by activity	534,289	492,078

2 Staff costs

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Wages and salaries	40,599	41,978
Pension costs	2,462	2,183
Other social security costs	529	427
	43,590	44,588
Average number of full-time employees	68	72

According to section 98b(3) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, information on Management's remuneration is not disclosed.

3 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	238	339
	238	339

4 Other financial income

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial income from group enterprises	1,107	177
Other financial income	139	1,788
	1,246	1,965

5 Other financial expenses

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial expenses from group enterprises	251	113
Other financial expenses	1,186	291
	1,437	404

6 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Current tax	5,731	3,567
Change in deferred tax	(49)	2,013
	5,682	5,580

7 Proposed distribution of profit and loss

	2022	2021
	DKK'000	DKK'000
Retained earnings	11,752	17,772
	11,752	17,772

8 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	3,581
Additions	494
Disposals	(422)
Cost end of year	3,653
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year	(2,799)
Depreciation for the year	(238)
Reversal regarding disposals	342
Depreciation and impairment losses end of year	(2,695)
Carrying amount end of year	958

9 Financial assets

	Investments in group enterprises DKK'000	Receivables from group enterprises DKK'000	Investments in joint ventures DKK'000
Cost beginning of year	158,786	0	0
Additions	0	52,914	154
Cost end of year	158,786	52,914	154
Impairment losses beginning of year	(126,913)	0	0
Exchange rate adjustments	(5,646)	0	0
Transfers	0	(13,296)	0
Share of profit/loss for the year	(3,372)	0	1
Dividend	(2,330)	0	0
Investments with negative equity value depreciated over receivables	13,794	(13,663)	0
Investments with negative equity value transferred to provisions	1,871	0	0
Other adjustments	(602)	0	0
Impairment losses end of year	(123,198)	(26,959)	1
Carrying amount end of year	35,588	25,955	155

A specification of investments in subsidiaries is evident from the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Investments in joint ventures	Ownership %
Scan-Shipping Pakistan (Pvt.) Ltd., Pakistan	50.00

10 Deferred tax

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Changes during the year		
Beginning of year	493	3,137
Recognised in the income statement	49	(2,013)
Other changes	0	(631)
End of year	542	493

Deferred tax relates to fixed assets, trade receivables, tax loss carryforwards, etc.

Deferred tax assets

The tax asset has been recognised because expectations are that it will be possible to deduct it from the Company's future taxable income.

11 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid costs.

12 Provisions for investments in group enterprises

Provisions for investments in group enterprises relate to group enterprises with negative equity.

13 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Total liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity	5,467	5,153
Of this, liabilities under rental or lease agreements with group enterprises	474	553

14 Contingent liabilities

	2022 DKK'000	2021 DKK'000
Recourse and non-recourse guarantee commitments	1,220	1,141
Contingent liabilities	1,220	1,141

The Company is currently involved in a few lawsuits as part of its general operations. However, these lawsuits are not considered to have any material impact on the annual report.

The Parent has issued letters of support to several subsidiaries.

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which A. Simonsen Holding ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities, and also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

15 Related parties with controlling interest

Related parties are the A. Simonsen Holding ApS Group as well as the Board of Directors and the Executive Board of the Company.

Related parties with control of Scan-Shipping A/S: Scan Group A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S, the immediate parent company of Scan-Shipping A/S, A.S. Scan Holding A/S, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S, the higher-level parent company of Scan Group A/S, A. Simonsen Holding ApS, Snorresgade 18-20, 2300 Copenhagen S, the ultimate parent company of Scan-Shipping A/S, and Arne Simonsen, the beneficial owner of the Group.

16 Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties are made on an arm's length basis.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (large).

The accounting policies applied to these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements include Scan-Shipping A/S (Parent) and subsidiaries in which Scan-Shipping A/S either directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way have controlling influence. Jointly controlled entities are consolidated on a pro rata basis.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. Minority interests' pro rata shares of the profit/loss and the net assets are disclosed as separate items in Management's proposal for the distribution of net profit/loss and equity, respectively.

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the takeover date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

Business combinations

Newly acquired or newly established enterprises are recognised in the financial statements from the time of acquiring or establishing such enterprises. Divested or wound-up enterprises are recognised in the income statement up to the time of their divestment or winding-up.

The purchase method is applied at the acquisition of new enterprises, under which identifiable assets and liabilities of these enterprises are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. Provisions for costs of restructuring of the enterprise acquired are only made in so far as such restructuring was decided by the enterprise acquired prior to acquisition. Allowance is made for the tax effect of restatements.

Positive differences in amount (goodwill) between cost of the acquired share and fair value of the assets and liabilities taken over are recognised under intangible assets, and they are amortised systematically over the income statement based on an individual assessment of their useful lives, however, no more than 20 years. Negative differences in amount (negative goodwill), corresponding to an estimated adverse development in the relevant enterprises, are recognised in the balance sheet under deferred income, and they are recognised in the income statement, when such adverse development is realised.

Profit or loss from divestment of enterprises

Profits or losses from divestment or winding-up of enterprises are calculated as the difference between selling price or settlement price and the carrying amount of the net assets at the time of divestment and winding-up, respectively, including any non-amortised goodwill and estimated selling or winding-up expenses.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

If the foreign subsidiaries meet the criteria of independent entities, their income statements and balance sheets are translated applying the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise from translation of foreign subsidiaries' equity at the beginning of the year, applying the exchange rates at the balance sheet date, are recognised directly in equity.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery to the Group's customers or cooperators has taken place before year-end and if the income can be computed reliably. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Cost of sales

Costs relating to revenue are accrued according to the method of revenue recognition. Other costs relating to the financial year in terms of time are charged to the income statement.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with its Ultimate Parent, A. Simonsen Holding ApS, and all of the Ultimate Parent's other Danish subsidiaries. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet**Property, plant and equipment**

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment as well as leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life.

Cost comprises the acquisition price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-8 years
Leasehold improvements	3-10 years

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

On initial recognition, lease contracts regarding property, plant and equipment in which the Company holds all material risks and advantages related to the ownership (finance leasing) are measured in the balance sheet at fair value or present value, if lower, of future lease payments. At the computation of present value, the internal interest rate of the lease contract or an approximate value is used as discount factor. Assets held under finance leases are then treated as the Company's other property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in group enterprises

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised in the balance sheet at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity in accordance with the Parent's accounting policies plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits and losses and plus or minus the residual value of positive, or negative, goodwill calculated according to the purchase method.

Subsidiaries with negative equity are measured at zero value, and any receivable from these enterprises is written down by the Parent's share of such negative equity. If the negative equity exceeds the amounts receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions.

Net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is taken to reserve for net revaluation under the equity method if the carrying amount exceeds cost less amortisation of goodwill.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the joint ventures' equity value plus or minus unrealised pro rata intra-group profits and losses.

Joint ventures with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these joint ventures are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant joint venture, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in joint ventures is transferred to the reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Investments in joint ventures are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value. Provisions for bad and doubtful debts are made at net realisable value.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other provisions

Other provisions comprise subsidiaries with negative equity. If the negative equity exceeds the amounts receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the negative balance of the relevant subsidiary.

Operating leases

Lease payments on operating leases are recognised on a straight-line basis in the income statement over the term of the lease.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities, and cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of enterprises, activities and fixed asset investments, and purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc. of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs, and the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, repayments of interest-bearing

debt, purchase of treasury shares and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less short-term bank loans.

Segment information

The Group's activities comprise freight forwarding services related to shipping and logistics on the world market. Consequently, it is not relevant to provide further disclosures on business segments by activity, just as it is not relevant to provide disclosures on geographical markets.