Nomad Digital (Denmark) ApS

c/o Elmann Advokatpartnerselskab Stockholmsgade 41 2100 Copenhagen Denmark

CVR no. 32 36 30 83

Annual report 2020/21

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

27 August 2021

<u>Anthony David Fowler</u> Chairman

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Statement by the Executive Board

The Executive Board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Nomad Digital (Denmark) ApS for the financial year 1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021.

The annual report, which has not been audited, is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 March 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 27 August 2021 Executive Board:

Xavier Hubert Marie Champaud Anthony David Fowler

Emmanuel Francois Marie Henry

Ole Biering

Management confirms that the Company fulfills the requirements to be exempt of audit.



Auditor's report on the compilation of financial statements

To the Management of Nomad Digital (Denmark) ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Nomad Digital (Denmark) ApS for the financial year 1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021 based on the Company's bookkeeping records and other information provided by you.

The financial statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410 Engagements to Compile Financial Statements.

We have applied our professional expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the IESBA Codes of Ethics, which is based on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

These financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion as to whether these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Copenhagen, 27 August 2021 **KPMG** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Morten Høgh-Petersen State Authorised Public Accountant mne34283

Management's review

Company details

Nomad Digital (Denmark) ApS c/o Elmann Advokatpartnerselskab Stockholmsgade 41 2100 Copenhagen Denmark

Website:

32 36 30 83

CVR no.: Established: Registered office: Financial year:

32 36 30 83 18 August 2009 Copenhagen 1 April – 31 March

http://nomad-digital.com

Executive Board

Xavier Hubert Marie Champaud Anthony David Fowler Emmanuel Francois Marie Henry Ole Biering

Annual general meeting

The annual general meeting will be held on 27 August 2021.

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company is to establish and maintain communication solutions for the transport industry.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for the period 1 April 2020 - 31 March 2021 shows a profit of DKK 131,381 as against DKK 179,073 for the period 1 April 2019 - 31 March 2020. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 March 2021 stood at DKK -4,762,801 as against DKK -4,894,182 at 31 March 2020.

Financial resources

The Company has lost its share capital, and management has assessed the impact of this on the going concern assumption.

Nomad Holdings Limited has given a letter of support to the entity, that the group will provide financial and other support to the Company for at least the next twelve months and thereafter for the foreseeable future, from the date of approval of the 31 March 2021 financial statements, to allow the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due in the ordinary course of business and to support its ability to trade.

Nomad Holdings Limited confirms that the company (the "Lender"), is not obliged to repay the Balance that the Company ownes to Nomad Holdings Limited within 12 months of the date of signature of this financial statements.

Based on the pleged support from the parent group in the UK, it is Managements view that the Company is a going concern.

Subsequent events

There have been no significant subsequent events after the balance sheet date.

Income statement

DKK	Note	2020/21	2019/20
Gross profit		3,056,866	3,096,404
Staff costs	3	-2,921,516	-2,912,113
Profit before financial income and expenses		135,350	184,291
Other financial expenses		-3,969	-5,218
Profit before tax		131,381	179,073
Tax on profit for the year		0	0
Profit for the year		131,381	179,073
Proposed profit appropriation			
Retained earnings		131,381	179,073
		131,381	179,073

Balance sheet

DKK ASSETS	Note	31/3 2021	31/3 2020
Fixed assets Property, plant and equipment Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	4	0	0
Current assets Inventories Work in progress		420	420
Receivables Other receivables		441	1,717
Prepayments		22,585 23,026	22,585 24,302
Cash at bank and in hand		1,082,161	817,538
Total current assets		1,105,607	842,260
TOTAL ASSETS		1,105,607	842,260

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	31/3 2021	31/3 2020
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Contributed capital		125,000	125,000
Retained earnings		-4,887,801	-5,019,182
Total equity		-4,762,801	-4,894,182
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables		49,174	29,320
Payables to group entities		5,109,571	5,082,657
Other payables		709,663	624,465
		5,868,408	5,736,442
Total liabilities		5,868,408	5,736,442
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,105,607	842,260
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Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 April 2020	125,000	-5,019,182	-4,894,182
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	131,381	131,381
Equity at 31 March 2021	125,000	-4,887,801	-4,762,801
	123,000	-4,007,001	-+,702,0

Financial statements 1 April – 31 March

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1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Nomad Digital (Denmark) ApS for 2020/21 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Change in comparative figures

There has been non-material reclassifications to PY numbers.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Gross profit

Pursuant to Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross profit.

Revenue

Income from the sale of services is recognised in revenue when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place, and the income may be reliably measured and is expected to be received.

A contract is broken down by individual transactions when the fair value of the individual sales transactions may be reliably measured, and the individual sales transactions are of separate value to the buyer. Sales transactions are deemed to be of a separate value to the buyer when the transaction is individually identifiable and usually sold individually. The contract price is broken down by the individual sales transactions in accordance with the relative current cost approach.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts granted are deducted from revenue.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises costs incurred to generate revenue for the year. This item also comprises direct costs for goods for resale and changes to inventory of goods for resale.

Financial statements 1 April – 31 March

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1 Accounting policies (continued)

Other external costs

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

Financial income and expenses

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish companies within the Group. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Financial statements 1 April – 31 March

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1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use. Indirect production overheads and borrowing costs are not recognised in cost.

Where individual components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items, which are depreciated separately.

The basis of depreciation is cost less any projected residual value after the end of the useful life. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Fixture, fittings, tools and equipment

5 years

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Work in progress

Work in progress are measured at cost, comprising the cost of direct wages and salaries.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Financial statements 1 April – 31 March

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1 Accounting policies (continued)

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at cost at the date of borrowing, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between cost and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan together with interest expenses.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or settlement of the liability. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill non-deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where the temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss or taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement or equity, respectively.

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2 Financial resources

The Company has lost its share capital, and management has assessed the impact of this on the going concern assumption.

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Nomad Holdings Limited confirms that the company (the "Lender"), is not obliged to repay the Balance that the Company ownes to Nomad Holdings Limited within 12 months of the date of signature of this financial statements.

Based on the pleged support from the parent group in the UK, it is Managements view that the Company is a going concern.

DKK	2020/21	2019/20
Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	2,659,593	2,663,223
Pensions	54,030	41,348
Other staff costs	207,893	207,542
	2,921,516	2,912,113
Average number of full-time employees	3	3
Property, plant and equipment		
		Fixtures and fittings, tools
		and
DKK		equipment
Cost at 1 April 2020		194,343
Cost at 31 March 2021		194,343
Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 April 2020		-194,343
Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 March 2021		-194,343
Carrying amount at 31 March 2021		0

5 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is therefore liable from the financial year 2013 for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies and from 1 July 2012 also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

Financial statements 1 April – 31 March

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Apart from this, the Company has no additional continget liabilities.

6 Related party disclosures

Consolidated financial statements

Alstom holds the majority of the contributed capital in the Company.

Nomad Digital ApS is part of the consolidated financial statements of Alstom, 48, rue Albert Dhalenne 93400 Saint-Ouen-sur-Seine (France), in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements of Alstom can be obtained on the Companies website.

Ownership

The following shareholders are registered in the Company's register of shareholders as holding a minimum of 5% of the votes or a minimum of 5% of the contributed capital:

Nomad Digital ApS, c/o Elmann Advokatpartnerselskab, Stockholmsgade 41, 2100 Copenhagen, Denmark.