

Datter Rosetum K/ S

Rosengårdcentret
Ørbækvej 75, DK-5220 Odense SØ

CVR no. 32 34 89 20

Annual report 2022

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 25 April 2023

Chair of the meeting:

.....
Markus Oskar Schmitt-Habersack

Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management's review	6
Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December	9
Income statement	9
Balance sheet	10
Statement of changes in net assets attributable to limited partners	12
Cash flow statement	13
Notes to the financial statements	14

Statement by the Board of Directors

Today, the Management has discussed and approved the annual report of Datter Rosetum K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Group's and the Company's operations and of the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Odense, 25 April 2023

Board of Directors:

Dr. Volker Kraft

Andre Scharf

Jakob Folkenberg Eriksen

Markus Oskar Schmitt-
Habersack

Independent auditor's report

To the limited partners of Datter Rosetum K/S

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of Datter Rosetum K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in net assets attributable to limited partners and notes, including accounting policies, for the Group and the Parent Company, and a consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2022, and of the results of the Group's and Parent Company's operations as well as the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent Company financial statements" (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the financial statements") section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- ▶ Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 25 April 2023
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Kaare K. Lendorf
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne33819

Management's review

Company details

Name	Datter Rosetum K/S
Address, Postal code, City	Rosengårdcentret Ørbækvej 75, DK-5220 Odense SØ
CVR no.	32 34 89 20
Registered office	Odense
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Limited partners	Dr. Volker Kraft Andre Scharf Jakob Folkenberg Eriksen Markus Oskar Schmitt-Habersack
General Partner	RGC JV CO. S.á r.l. Arbejdsmarkedets Tillægspension
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

Management's review

Financial highlights for the Group

DKK'000	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Key figures					
Revenue	158,938	157,297	155,706	154,194	151,871
Gross profit	119,518	125,900	115,477	122,754	120,685
Profit/loss before net financials	-23,971	156,016	-2,334	244,104	96,211
Net financials	340,514	62,669	-118,520	-46,436	-45,470
Profit for the year	316,543	218,685	-120,854	197,668	50,741
Total assets	4,222,792	3,932,859	3,890,912	3,982,718	3,828,862
Investments in property, plant and equipment	0	0	-28,636	-54,433	-84,784
Net assets attributable to limited partners	2,216,989	1,928,583	1,805,085	1,994,571	1,951,797
Financial ratios					
Operating margin	-15.1%	99.2%	-1.5%	158.3 %	63.4 %
Gross margin	75.2%	80.0%	74.2%	79.6%	79.5%
Return on assets	-0.6%	4.0%	-0.1%	6.2%	2.5%
Current ratio	82.8%	51.3%	70.7%	18.3%	68.5%
Solvency ratio	52.5%	49.0%	46.4%	50.1%	51.0%
Return on net assets attributable to limited partners	15.3%	11.7%	-6.4%	10.0%	2.6%

Management's review

Business review

The Group's primary activity is to own and to carry on letting of real property.

Financial review

In 2022, the group's revenue came in at DKK 158,938 thousand compared to DKK 157,297 thousand last year. The income statement for 2022 shows a profit of DKK 316,543 thousand against a profit of DKK 218,685 thousand last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows net assets attributable to limited partners of DKK 2,216,989 thousand.

As the company's purpose is investment in properties, the Company is affected by changes in the property market, including the general economic conditions.

The market situation in the real estate sector is affected by uncertainty, as a result high inflation and increasing interest rates. However the company's activities have not been significantly affected by this.

The uncertainty related to interest rates and yields has created a gap between buyers' and sellers' expectation to sales prices of properties which is reflected in the lower transaction volume for investment properties in late 2022.

This has been reflected in the valuation of the company's properties.

Impact on the external environment

Datter Rosetum K/S is dedicated to reduce and minimize its own environmental impact. Therefore, the Centre offers a DGNB Gold energy certificate. Our overall goal is to reduce CO₂-emissions e.g. use of electricity and water as well as reduce waste in the Centre. Measures are for example changing all lighting to LED and use of intelligent lighting plans and time schedules for the centre. Furthermore, the centre's technical management system will be further optimized in terms of controlling cooling, heating and overall electricity consumption. In 2022, 1 million kWh energy have already been saved compared to 2019.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Group's and the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Outlook

For 2023 revenues are expected to amount to DKK 189,140 thousand. On this basis, a profit of DKK 111,856 thousand has been budgeted for 2023. The expectations are based on the assumption that the market value of the investment property remains unchanged.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Income statement

Note	DKK'000	Group		Parent company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Revenue	158,938	157,297	120,319	119,169
	Other external expenses	-39,420	-31,397	-30,734	-22,206
	Gross profit	119,518	125,900	89,585	96,963
	Fair value adjustments of investment property	-143,489	30,116	-100,412	23,500
	Profit/ loss before net financials	-23,971	156,016	-10,827	120,463
	Income from investments in group entities	0	0	92,095	55,030
	Financial income	362,305	84,087	250,465	58,110
	Financial expenses	-21,791	-21,418	-15,190	-14,918
	Profit for the year	316,543	218,685	316,543	218,685

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	Group		Parent company		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
2	Property, plant and equipment					
3	Investment property	3,682,903	3,806,458	2,791,347	2,875,951	
	Lease incentives	115,097	84,542	57,587	41,797	
		<u>3,798,000</u>	<u>3,891,000</u>	<u>2,848,934</u>	<u>2,917,748</u>	
4	Financial assets					
	Investments in group entities, net asset value	0	0	528,747	436,653	
	Derivative financial instruments	371,016	8,719	256,485	6,028	
		<u>371,016</u>	<u>8,719</u>	<u>785,232</u>	<u>442,681</u>	
	Total non-current assets	<u>4,169,016</u>	<u>3,899,719</u>	<u>3,634,166</u>	<u>3,360,429</u>	
Current assets						
Receivables						
5	Trade receivables	18,712	15,493	11,342	8,781	
	Prepayments	2,639	500	2,639	500	
		<u>21,351</u>	<u>15,993</u>	<u>13,981</u>	<u>9,281</u>	
	Cash	<u>32,425</u>	<u>17,147</u>	<u>31,172</u>	<u>14,702</u>	
	Total current assets	<u>53,776</u>	<u>33,140</u>	<u>45,153</u>	<u>23,983</u>	
	TOTAL ASSETS	<u>4,222,792</u>	<u>3,932,859</u>	<u>3,679,319</u>	<u>3,384,412</u>	

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	Group		Parent company		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO LIMITED PARTNERS AND LIABILITIES						
Net assets attributable to limited partners						
Limited partnership						
capital	1,040,057	1,040,057	1,040,057	1,040,057	1,040,057	
Retained earnings	1,176,932	888,526	1,176,932	888,526		
Total net assets attributable to limited partners	2,216,989	1,928,583	2,216,989	1,928,583		
Liabilities						
6 Non-current liabilities						
Mortgage debt	1,940,858	1,939,650	1,341,721	1,340,946		
Total non-current liabilities	1,940,858	1,939,650	1,341,721	1,340,946		
Current liabilities						
Trade payables	8,577	2,688	4,894	2,751		
Payables to group entities	0	0	80,436	78,335		
Other payables	56,368	61,938	35,279	33,797		
Total current liabilities	64,945	64,626	120,609	114,883		
Total liabilities	2,005,803	2,004,276	1,462,330	1,455,829		
TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO LIMITED PARTNERS AND LIABILITIES						
	4,222,792	3,932,859	3,679,319	3,384,412		

- 1 Accounting policies
- 7 Derivative financial instruments
- 8 Collateral
- 9 Related parties
- 10 Appropriation of profit

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Statement of changes in net assets attributable to limited partners

Note	DKK'000	Group		
		Limited partnership capital	Retained earnings	Total
	Net assets attributable to limited partners at 1 January 2021	1,040,057	765,028	1,805,085
	Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	123,498	123,498
	Net assets attributable to limited partners at 1 January 2022	1,040,057	888,526	1,928,583
	Transfer through appropriation of profit	0	288,406	288,406
	Net assets attributable to limited partners at 31 December 2022	1,040,057	1,176,932	2,216,989

Note	DKK'000	Parent company		
		Limited partnership capital	Retained earnings	Total
	Net assets attributable to limited partners at 1 January 2021	1,040,057	765,028	1,805,085
10	Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit"	0	123,498	123,498
	Net assets attributable to limited partners at 1 January 2022	1,040,057	888,526	1,928,583
10	Transfer, see "Appropriation of profit"	0	288,406	288,406
	Net assets attributable to limited partners at 31 December 2022	1,040,057	1,176,932	2,216,989

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Cash flow statement

Note	DKK'000	Group	
		2022	2021
	Profit for the year	316,543	218,685
11	Adjustments	-182,890	-80,057
	Cash generated from operations (operating activities)	133,653	138,628
12	Changes in working capital	-5,039	-5,099
	Cash generated from operations (operating activities)	128,614	133,529
	Interest received, etc.	8	155
	Interest paid, etc.	-20,583	-20,388
	Cash flows from operating activities	108,039	113,296
	Additions of property, plant and equipment	-64,624	-33,610
	Cash flows to investing activities	-64,624	-33,610
	Dividends distributed	-28,137	-95,187
	Cash flows from financing activities	-28,137	-95,187
	Net cash flow	15,278	-15,501
	Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	17,147	32,648
13	Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	32,425	17,147

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Datter Rosetum K/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized reporting class C entities.

The figures regarding Datter Rosetum II K/S are included in the consolidated financial statements for Datter Rosetum K/S, and consequently there is no requirement to submit stand-alone financial statements for this entity. Instead of submitting stand-alone financial statements for Datter Rosetum II K/S, Management will submit an exemption statement in accordance with section 5(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Consolidated financial statements

Control

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent Company, Datter Rosetum K/S, and subsidiaries controlled by the Parent Company.

Control means a parent company's power to direct a subsidiary's financial and operating policy decisions. Besides the above power, the parent company should also be able to yield a return from its investment.

In assessing if the parent company controls an entity, de facto control is taken into consideration as well.

The existence of potential voting rights which may currently be exercised or converted into additional voting rights is considered when assessing if an entity can become empowered to direct another entity's financial and operating decisions.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements are prepared as a consolidation of the parent company's and the individual subsidiaries' financial statements, which are prepared according to the group's accounting policies. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, shareholdings, intra-group balances and dividends, and realised and unrealised gains on intra-group transactions are eliminated. Unrealised gains on transactions with associates are eliminated in proportion to the group's interest in the entity. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains if they do not reflect impairment.

In the consolidated financial statements, the accounting items of subsidiaries are recognised in full. Non-controlling interests' share of the profit/loss for the year and of the equity of subsidiaries which are not wholly-owned are included in the group's profit/loss and equity, respectively, but are disclosed separately.

Acquisitions and disposals of non-controlling interests which are still controlled are recognised directly in equity as a transaction between shareholders.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are recognised at cost in the balance sheet and are subsequently measured at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are presented as separate items in the balance sheet.

Fair value adjustments of derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized in the income statement on a current basis.

Income statement

Revenue

Rental income receivable from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, except for contingent rental income which is recognised when it arises.

Incentives for lessees to enter into lease agreements are spread evenly over the lease term, even if the payments are not made on such a basis.

The lease period is the non-cancellable period of the lease together with any further term for which the tenant has the option to continue the lease, where at the inception of the lease the directors are reasonably certain that the tenant will exercise that option. Amounts received from tenants to terminate leases or to compensate for dilapidations are recognised in the income statement when they arise.

Service charges and expenses recoverable from tenants:

Income arising from expenses recharged to tenants is recognised in the period in which the expense can be contractually recovered. Service charges and other such receipts are included gross of the related costs in revenue when the directors deem that the Group acts as principal and net when the directors deem that the Group acts as agent.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to sales activities, maintenance, administration in general, bad debts, etc.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Profit/loss from investments in subsidiaries

The item includes the Parent Company's proportionate share of the profit/loss for the year in subsidiaries after elimination of intra-group income or losses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses.

Tax

The financial statements do not include tax as the individual limited partners include results from the limited partnership in their income statements.

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost. Investment property is subsequently measured at fair value, and the value adjustment for the year is recognised in the income statement under the item "Fair value adjustment of investment property". The fair value is based on the expected future cash flows for the investment property.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured according to the equity method.

On initial recognition, investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost and subsequently at the proportionate share of the entities' net asset values calculated in accordance with the parent company's accounting policies. Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are measured at DKK 0 (nil), and any amounts owed by such entities are written down by the parent company's share of the net asset value if the amount owed is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative net asset value exceeds the amounts owed, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the parent company has a legal or a constructive obligation to cover the entity's deficit. Net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries are transferred to the net revaluation reserve according to the equity method where the carrying amount exceeds the acquisition cost.

Newly acquired or formed entities are recognised in the financial statements from the date of acquisition or formation. Entities sold or otherwise disposed of are recognised up to the date of disposal.

Corporate acquisitions are accounted for using the purchase method accounting to which the acquired entity's identifiable assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. In connection with the acquisition, a provision is made for expenses related to adopted plans to restructure the acquired entity.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash at bank.

Net assets attributable to limited partners

According to the Company's Articles of Association, the net results of operations are distributed to the limited partners in proportion to the individual limited partner's share of the Aggregate Commitments.

Any non-discretionary obligation to pay dividends entails a liability that must be recorded on initial recognition of the instrument.

The fact that the limited partners are entitled to a distribution of the net results of the operations establishes an additional liability for the Company, as the Company has a contractual obligation to pay cash in respect of both the redemption of paid commitment and the required dividend payments.

The liability must be recognised at an amount equal to the present value of both the redemption amount of the paid commitment and the non-discretionary dividends. As the dividends were set at market rate, this resulted in an overall liability classification of both the paid commitment and the required dividend payments.

The paid commitment and retained earnings have therefore been presented as net assets attributable to limited partners in the financial statements.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Fair value

The fair value measurement is based on the principal market. If no principal market exists, the measurement is based on the most advantageous market, i.e. the market that maximises the price of the asset or liability less transaction and/or transport costs.

All assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value, or whose fair value is disclosed, are classified based on the fair value hierarchy, see below:

Level 1: Value in an active market for similar assets/liabilities

Level 2: Value based on recognised valuation methods on the basis of observable market information

Level 3: Value based on recognised valuation methods and reasonable estimates (non-observable market information).

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the Group's net cash flows broken down according to operating, investing and financing activities, the year's changes in cash and cash equivalents as well as the cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the profit/loss for the year adjusted for non-cash operating items and changes in working capital.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisitions and disposals of entities and activities and of investment property.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the Group's net assets and related expenses as well as raising of loans, repayment of interest bearing debt and payment of dividends to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, short term bank loans and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial ratios

The financial ratios stated under "Financial highlights" have been calculated as follows:

Operating profit/loss	Profit/loss before financial items adjusted for other operating income and other operating expenses
Operating margin	$\frac{\text{Operating profit (EBIT)} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$
Gross margin	$\frac{\text{Gross profit/loss} \times 100}{\text{Revenue}}$
Return on assets	$\frac{\text{Profit/loss from operating activites} \times 100}{\text{Average assets}}$
Current ratio	$\frac{\text{Current assets} \times 100}{\text{Current liabilities}}$
Solvency ratio	$\frac{\text{Net assets attributable to limited partners at year end} \times 100}{\text{Total net assets attributable to limited partners and liabilities at year end}}$
Return on net assets attributable to limited partners	$\frac{\text{Profit/loss after tax} \times 100}{\text{Average net assets attributable to limited partners}}$

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

2 Property, plant and equipment

DKK'000	Group		
	Investment property	Lease incentives	Total
Cost at 1 January 2022	3,117,713	151,557	3,269,270
Additions in the year	19,934	59,907	79,841
Disposals in the year	0	-2,902	-2,902
Cost at 31 December 2022	<u>3,137,647</u>	<u>208,562</u>	<u>3,346,209</u>
Revaluations at 1 January 2022	688,745	0	688,745
Revaluations in the year	-143,489	0	-143,489
Revaluations at 31 December 2022	<u>545,256</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>545,256</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2022	0	67,015	67,015
Amortisation/depreciation in the year	0	27,935	27,935
Reversal of prior-year impairment losses	0	-1,485	-1,485
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2022	<u>0</u>	<u>93,465</u>	<u>93,465</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	<u>3,682,903</u>	<u>115,097</u>	<u>3,798,000</u>

DKK'000	Parent company		
	Investment property	Lease incentives	Total
Cost at 1 January 2022	2,222,696	85,893	2,308,589
Additions in the year	15,808	33,581	49,389
Disposals in the year	0	-2,015	-2,015
Cost at 31 December 2022	<u>2,238,504</u>	<u>117,459</u>	<u>2,355,963</u>
Revaluations at 1 January 2022	653,255	0	653,255
Revaluations in the year	-100,412	0	-100,412
Revaluations at 31 December 2022	<u>552,843</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>552,843</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2022	0	44,096	44,096
Amortisation/depreciation in the year	0	16,748	16,748
Reversal of prior-year impairment losses	0	-972	-972
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2022	<u>0</u>	<u>59,872</u>	<u>59,872</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	<u>2,791,347</u>	<u>57,587</u>	<u>2,848,934</u>

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

3 Investment property

Group

Fair value estimation

The fair value is based on a level 3 assessment.

The fair value of the investment property is an estimate calculated by the appraiser based on information available and actual expectations for the future provided by management.

The independent appraisers CBRE have been consulted for purposes of estimating the fair value of the investment property.

The valuation model used to estimate the fair value is a DCF model with a ten-year budget model.

Expected future cash flows are based on budgets approved by Management for the coming years and an estimated terminal value for the remaining life of the property. The discount factor comprises the risk-free interest rate and a risk premium for the property.

The most significant fair value assumptions are the following:

- ▶ Discount rate 7.00%
- ▶ Exit yield 5.00%
- ▶ Inflation rate 2.00 %

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

4 Financial assets

DKK'000	Group
	Derivative financial instruments
Cost at 1 January 2022	0
Value adjustments at 1 January 2022	8,719
Fair value of swap	362,297
Value adjustments at 31 December 2022	371,016
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	371,016
	371,016

DKK'000	Parent company		
	Investments in group entities, net asset value	Derivative financial instruments	Total
Cost at 1 January 2022	317,500	0	317,500
Cost at 31 December 2022	317,500	0	317,500
Value adjustments at 1 January 2022	119,153	6,028	125,181
Share of the profit/loss for the year	92,094	0	92,094
Fair value of swap	0	250,457	250,457
Value adjustments at 31 December 2022	211,247	256,485	467,732
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	528,747	256,485	785,232

Parent company

Name	Legal form	Domicile	Interest	Equity DKK'000	Profit/ loss DKK'000
Datter Rosetum II K/S		Odense	100.00%	528,747	92,094

5 Prepayments

Group

Prepayments include accrual of expenses relating to subsequent financial years DKK 2,639 thousand (2021: DKK 500 thousand).

Parent company

Prepayments include accrual of expenses relating to subsequent financial years, DKK 2,639 thousand (2021: DKK 500 thousand).

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

6 Non-current liabilities

DKK'000	Group			
	Total debt at 31/12 2022	Repayment, next year	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Mortgage debt	1,940,858	0	1,940,858	1,963,817
	<u>1,940,858</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,940,858</u>	<u>1,963,817</u>

Amortised borrowing costs recognised in mortgage debt represents DKK 14,322 thousand.

DKK'000	Parent company			
	Total debt at 31/12 2022	Repayment, next year	Long-term portion	Outstanding debt after 5 years
Mortgage debt	1,341,721	0	1,341,721	1,357,592
	<u>1,341,721</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,341,721</u>	<u>1,357,592</u>

Amortised borrowing costs recognised in mortgage debt represents DKK 9,901 thousand.

7 Derivative financial instruments

Group

Interest rate risks

The Group uses interest rate swaps to hedge interest rate risks, whereby floating interest payments are rescheduled into fixed interest payments.

Group

Interest rate risks

DKK'000	Paying interest	2022		
		Notional principal amount	Fair value	Time to maturity
Interest rate swaps	3,284	1,955,180	371,016	7 years

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

7 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Group

Fair values

The fair value of the below financial instruments deviates from the value recognised in the Group's balance sheet at 31 December 2022.

Fair value disclosures

The Group has the following assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

DKK'000	<u>Derivative financial instruments</u>
Group	
Fair value at year end	371,016
Unrealised fair value adjustments for the year, recognised in the income statement	362,297
Fair value level	2
Parent Company	
Fair value at year end	256,485
Unrealised fair value adjustments for the year, recognised in the income statement	250,457
Fair value level	2

Group

Interest rate swaps have been entered into in order to hedge future interest payments on floating-rate loans. The swaps have an original maturity term of 10 years. Under the contracts, an interest rate of CIBOR 6 months is exchanged for a fixed rate of interest of 0,36%on loans with a principal amount of T.DKK 1,955,180.

The interest rate swaps have been entered into in order for the total term of the grace period of the loans. The fair value of interest rate swaps at the balance sheet date amount to T.DKK 371,016. Which has been recognized as an asset under derivative financial instruments.

Parent company

Interest rate swap has been entered into in order to hedge future interest payments on floating-rate loan. The swap has an original maturity term of 10 years. Under the contract, an interest rate of CIBOR 6 months is exchanged for a fixed rate of interest of 0,36%on loan with a principal amount of T.DKK 1,351,622.

The interest rate swap has been entered into in order for the total term of the grace period of the loan. The fair value of interest rate swap at the balance sheet date amount to T.DKK 256,485. Which has been recognized as an asset under derivative financial instruments.

8 Collateral

Group

As security for the Group's debt to mortgage credit institutions and banks, DKK 1,940,858 thousand, the Group has pledged land and buildings. The total carrying amount of the assets placed as security was DKK 3,682,903 thousand at 31 December 2022.

Parent company

As security for the parent company's debt to mortgage credit institutions and banks, DKK 1,341,721 thousand, the parent company has placed land and buildings as security. The total carrying amount of the assets placed as security was DKK 2,791,347 thousand at 31 December 2022.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

9 Related parties

Parent company

Datter Rosetum K/S' related parties comprise the following:

Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control
ECE Progressive Income Growth Fund, SCA SICAV-RAIF	Luxembourg	Participating interest
Arbejdsmarkedets Tillægspension	Denmark	Participating interest

Transactions with related parties

All internal group transactions have been carried through on an arm's length basis.

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

		Parent company	
DKK'000		2022	2021
10 Appropriation of profit			
Recommended appropriation of profit			
Dividend to limited partners		28,137	95,187
Retained earnings		288,406	123,498
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		316,543	218,685
11 Adjustments			
Net adjustment lease incentives		14,135	12,728
Financial income		-362,305	-84,087
Financial expenses		21,791	21,418
Fair value adjustments of investment property		143,489	-30,116
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		-182,890	-80,057
12 Changes in working capital			
Change in receivables		-5,358	2,271
Change in trade payables, etc.		319	-7,370
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		-5,039	-5,099
13 Cash and cash equivalents at year-end			
Cash according to the balance sheet		32,425	17,147
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		32,425	17,147

PENNEO

The signatures in this document are legally binding. The document is signed using Penneo™ secure digital signature. The identity of the signers has been recorded, and are listed below.

"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

Jakob Folkenberg Eriksen

Board of Directors

On behalf of: Datter Rosetum K/S

Serial number: d5aa3452-a4a0-45f6-841b-0a7172cb348f

IP: 188.120.xxx.xxx

2023-04-25 15:04:13 UTC



Dr. Volker Kraft

Board of Directors

On behalf of: Datter Rosetum K/S

Serial number: volker.kraft@ece.com

IP: 80.187.xxx.xxx

2023-04-26 16:16:24 UTC

Kaare Kristensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

On behalf of: EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Serial number: CVR:30700228-RID:73827337

IP: 145.62.xxx.xxx

2023-04-28 08:59:13 UTC



Andre Scharf

Board of Directors

On behalf of: Datter Rosetum K/S

Serial number: 03db9225-4a43-4521-a644-174fc739a231

IP: 62.242.xxx.xxx

2023-04-26 11:43:40 UTC



Markus Oskar Schmitt-Habersack

Board of Directors

On behalf of: Datter Rosetum K/S

Serial number: markus.schmitt-habersack@ece.com

IP: 155.190.xxx.xxx

2023-04-28 08:51:49 UTC

Markus Oskar Schmitt-Habersack

Chairman

On behalf of: Datter Rosetum K/S

Serial number: markus.schmitt-habersack@ece.com

IP: 155.190.xxx.xxx

2023-04-28 09:53:54 UTC

This document is digitally signed using Penneo.com. The digital signature data within the document is secured and validated by the computed hash value of the original document. The document is locked and timestamped with a certificate from a trusted third party. All cryptographic evidence is embedded within this PDF, for future validation if necessary.

How to verify the originality of this document

This document is protected by an Adobe CDS certificate. When you open the

document in Adobe Reader, you should see, that the document is certified by **Penneo e-signature service <penneo@penneo.com>**. This guarantees that the contents of the document have not been changed.

You can verify the cryptographic evidence within this document using the Penneo validator, which can be found at <https://penneo.com/validator>