

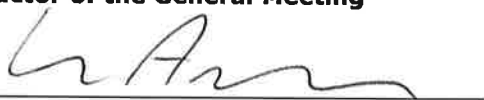
4T AF 1. OKTOBER 2012 ApS

Borgergade 111
1300 København K
Business Registration No
32348882

Annual report 2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 22.03.2019

Conductor of the General Meeting



Name: Lasse Andersen

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2018	7
Balance sheet at 31.12.2018	8
Statement of changes in equity for 2018	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	12

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of 4T AF 1. OKTOBER 2012 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

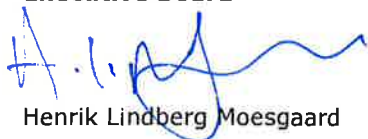
In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 22.03.2019

Executive Board



Henrik Lindberg Moesgaard
CEO

Board of Directors



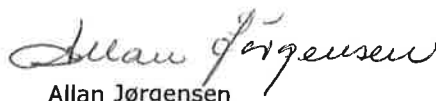
Lasse Andersen
Chairman



Thomas Simonsen



Morten Petersen



Allan Jørgensen

Entity details

Entity

4T AF 1. OKTOBER 2012 ApS
Borgergade 111
1300 København K

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 32348882

Founded: 15.10.2012

Registered in: København

Financial year: 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018

Board of Directors

Lasse Andersen, Chairman
Thomas Simonsen
Morten Petersen
Allan Jørgensen

Executive Board

Henrik Lindberg Moesgaard, CEO

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade
Postboks 1600
0900 København C

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of 4T AF 1. OKTOBER 2012 ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of 4T AF 1. OKTOBER 2012 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.


Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 22.03.2019

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Central Business Registration No (CVR)
33963556



Anders Oldau Gjelstrup
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne10777



Michael Thorø Larsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne35823

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Company's activity is to operate mobile payment solutions and related services.

Development in activities and finances

The income statement of the Company shows a profit of DKK 89.497, and at 31 December 2018 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 13.404.976

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018 DKK</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>
Gross profit		2.096.812	3.175.437
Staff costs	1	(921.380)	(952.012)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		<u>(936.822)</u>	<u>(571.660)</u>
Operating profit/loss		238.610	1.651.765
Other financial income		0	151.903
Other financial expenses		<u>(149.113)</u>	<u>(185.725)</u>
Profit/loss for the year		<u>89.497</u>	<u>1.617.943</u>
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		<u>89.497</u>	<u>1.617.943</u>
		<u>89.497</u>	<u>1.617.943</u>

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2017</u> <u>DKK</u>
Acquired intangible assets		280.275	785.097
Intangible assets		280.275	785.097
Fixed assets		280.275	785.097
Trade receivables		38.574.729	46.766.231
Prepayments		1.649	1.255
Receivables		38.576.378	46.767.486
Cash		14.132.991	22.612.624
Current assets		52.709.369	69.380.110
Assets		52.989.644	70.165.207

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018 DKK</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>
Contributed capital		588.000	588.000
Share premium		46.177.060	46.177.060
Retained earnings		(33.360.084)	(33.449.581)
Equity		<u>13.404.976</u>	<u>13.315.479</u>
Trade payables		49.948	177.415
Other payables		39.534.720	56.672.313
Current liabilities other than provisions		<u>39.584.668</u>	<u>56.849.728</u>
Liabilities other than provisions		<u>39.584.668</u>	<u>56.849.728</u>
Equity and liabilities		<u>52.989.644</u>	<u>70.165.207</u>
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	2		
Contingent liabilities	3		

Statement of changes in equity for 2018

	Contributed capital DKK	Share premium DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	588.000	46.177.060	(33.449.581)	13.315.479
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	89.497	89.497
Equity end of year	588.000	46.177.060	(33.360.084)	13.404.976

The Company's share capital is not divided into classes.

Notes

	2018	2017
	DKK	DKK
1. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	858.152	886.098
Pension costs	58.080	57.244
Other social security costs	5.148	8.670
	921.380	952.012
Number of employees at balance sheet date	2	2
Average number of employees	2	2

2. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2018	2017
	DKK	DKK
Rental agreements and leases:		
Annual lease payments	22.500	22.500
Total lease commitments	1.875	1.875

3. Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, revenue has not been disclosed in the annual report.

Revenue

Revenue is derived from net proceeds from the offering of mobile payment and related services. Revenue from sales of services is recognized in the income statement, when there is a binding agreement with merchants regarding the use of mobile payment services, and when the use of mobile payments and related services have taken place within the financial period.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprise of the costs consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc.

Accounting policies

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for entity staff.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises of interest income etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses etc.

Balance sheet

Intellectual property rights etc

Intellectual property rights etc comprise of acquired intellectual property rights.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Intellectual property rights are amortised over their estimated lifetime, which is no more than 5 years.

Intellectual property rights etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equaling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.