Strandvejen 100

2900 Hellerup

CVR No. 32325009

Annual Report 2015

3. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 31 May 2016

Jesper Holtegaard Chairman

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Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Orio Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January 2015 - 31 December 2015.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2015 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2015 - 31 December 2015.

The Annual General Meeting of the Company has adopted that the Company's Financial Statements are not to be audited. The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statement have been met.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 31 May 2016

Executive Board

Jesper Holtegaard Manager

Supervisory Board

Jonas Tegström Jesper Holtegaard Alan Ludwell Chairman Manager

Company details

Company Orio Denmark ApS

Strandvejen 100 2900 Hellerup

CVR No. 32325009

Date of formation 1 September 2012

Registered office Gentofte

Financial year 1 January 2015 - 31 December 2015

Supervisory Board Jonas Tegström, Chairman

Jesper Holtegaard, Manager

Alan Ludwell

Executive Board Jesper Holtegaard, Manager

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The Annual Report of Orio Denmark ApS for 2015 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

Exchange policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are converted into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

General Information

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

The accounting value of intangible and tangible assets are examined on a yearly basis to determine if there are any indications of impairment, other than what has been declared by regular depreciation. If such impairments are recognize, an impairment will be done to the lowest recuperation value.

Accounting Policies

Income Statement

Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the Income Statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Revenue

Income from delivery of services is recognised as revenue as the service is delivered.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses regarding sale and administration.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries, pensions and social security costs.

Other staff expenses are recognised in other external expenses.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the Income Statement with the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding debt and foreign currency transactions, as well as surcharges and allowances under the tax repayment scheme.

Tax on net profit/loss for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax less the part of the tax of the year that relates to changes in equity. Current and deferred tax regarding changes in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Accounting Policies

Balance Sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value. The value is reduced by write-downs for expected bad debts.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax and the associated adjustments for the year are determined according to the balance-sheet liability method as the tax base of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be used, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities in enterprises within the same legal entity and jurisdiction.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

Financial liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Current tax liabilities

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the Balance Sheet as calculated tax on the expected taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on taxable income for previous years as well as for tax prepaid.

Income Statement

	Note	2015 kr.	2014 kr.
Gross profit		1.771.243	1.495.239
Employee benefits expense	1	-928.227	-1.070.721
Profit from ordinary operating activities		843.016	424.518
Finance income		4	5
Finance expences		0	-4.860
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		843.020	419.663
Tax expense on ordinary activities		-198.142	-105.668
Profit		644.878	313.995
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		644.878	313.995
		644.878	313.995

Balance Sheet as of 31. December

	Note	2015 kr.	2014 kr.
Assets			
Deposits, investments	_	32.000	32.000
Investments	-	32.000	32.000
Fixed assets	-	32.000	32.000
Short-term receivables from group enterprises		146.246	128.270
Other short-term receivables	_	34.231	28.137
Receivables	-	180.477	156.407
Cash and cash equivalents		1.513.195	933.735
Current assets		1.693.672	1.090.142
Assets	_	1.725.672	1.122.142

Balance Sheet as of 31. December

	Note	2015 kr.	2014 kr.
Liabilities and equity	Note	KI.	KI.
Contributed capital	2	80.000	80.000
Retained earnings	3	1.278.034	633.156
Equity		1.358.034	713.156
			_
Trade payables		17.218	48.137
Tax payables		144.143	110.529
Other payables		206.277	250.320
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		367.638	408.986
Liabilities other than provisions within the bus	iness	367.638	408.986
Liabilities and equity		1.725.672	1.122.142
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Notes

Notes	2015	2014
1. Employee benefits expense		
Wages and salaries	837.188	978.234
Post-employement benefit expense	87.300	87.988
Social security contributions	3.739	4.499
	928.227	1.070.721
2. Contributed capital		
Balance at the beginning of the year	80.000	80.000
Balance at the end of the year	80.000	80.000
The share capital has remained unchanged for the last 5 years.		
3. Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	633.156	319.161
Additions during the year	644.878	313.995
Balance at the end of the year	1.278.034	633.156

4. The Company's principal activities

The Company's purpose is to market and assist with sales of automobile products and services regarding wholesale, retail and related services.

5. Related parties

The largest and smallest group, in which these financial statements of the company are consolidated, are those of Orio AB. The registered office of Orio AB is Flättnaleden Nyköping, Södermanland 611 81, Sweden.