
Ascendis Pharma Bone Diseases A/S

c/o Ascendis Pharma A/S, Tuborg Boulevard 12, DK-
2900 Hellerup

Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2021

CVR No 32 32 35 96

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at
the Annual General
Meeting of the Company on
11/3 2022

Michael Wolff Jensen
Chairman of the General
Meeting

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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Ascendis Pharma Bone Diseases A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 11 March 2022

Executive Board

Jan Møller Mikkelsen
CEO

Board of Directors

Michael Wolff Jensen
Chairman

Jan Møller Mikkelsen

Anni Lotte Kirstine Pedersen

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Ascendis Pharma Bone Diseases A/S

Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Ascendis Pharma Bone Diseases A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

Independent Auditor's Report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

Independent Auditor's Report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 11 March 2022

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 96 35 56

Lars Hansen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne24828

Company Information

The Company

Ascendis Pharma Bone Diseases A/S
c/o Ascendis Pharma A/S
Tuborg Boulevard 12
DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 32 32 35 96

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

Board of Directors

Michael Wolff Jensen, Chairman
Jan Møller Mikkelsen
Anni Lotte Kirstine Pedersen

Executive Board

Jan Møller Mikkelsen

Auditors

Deloitte
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
DK-2300 København S

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> EUR	<u>2020</u> EUR
Gross profit/loss		-57.981.885	-38.797.098
Administrative expenses		-116.610	-116.226
Operating profit/loss		-58.098.495	-38.913.324
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-58.098.495	-38.913.324
Financial expenses	5	-3.867.866	-2.468.634
Profit/loss before tax		-61.966.361	-41.381.958
Tax on profit/loss for the year		141.100	82.124
Net profit/loss for the year		-61.825.261	-41.299.834

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings		-61.825.261	-41.299.834
		-61.825.261	-41.299.834

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> EUR	<u>2020</u> EUR
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		44.175	72.075
Property, plant and equipment		44.175	72.075
Capital interests		14.065.145	10.881.827
Fixed asset investments		14.065.145	10.881.827
Fixed assets		14.109.320	10.953.902
Trade receivables		100.011	61.264
Other receivables		4.127.025	3.166.716
Prepayments		0	783.156
Receivables		4.227.036	4.011.136
Cash at bank and in hand		2.451	3.174.848
Currents assets		4.229.487	7.185.984
Assets		18.338.807	18.139.886

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> EUR	<u>2020</u> EUR
Share capital		67.021	67.021
Reserve for unpaid share capital and share premium		-50.266	-50.266
Retained earnings		<u>-176.988.979</u>	<u>-115.163.718</u>
Equity		<u>-176.972.224</u>	<u>-115.146.963</u>
Payables to group enterprises		<u>195.305.154</u>	<u>128.546.799</u>
Long-term liabilities		<u>195.305.154</u>	<u>128.546.799</u>
Accounts payables		<u>5.877</u>	<u>4.740.050</u>
Short-term liabilities		<u>5.877</u>	<u>4.740.050</u>
Debt		<u>195.311.031</u>	<u>133.286.849</u>
Liabilities and equity		<u>18.338.807</u>	<u>18.139.886</u>
Going concern	1		
Unusual events	2		
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Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Going concern

The Company has lost its share capital. To support the Company, the parent company Ascendis Pharma A/S has confirmed the technical and financial support that it has committed and will further commit to the Company for the period until 31 May 2023.

Ascendis Pharma A/S undertakes to make all reasonable technical efforts to support the Company to conduct all pre-clinical, manufacturing, clinical and regulatory activities with its product candidates for the period until 31 May 2023. Ascendis Pharma A/S undertakes to provide the Company with the necessary funds to ensure that the Company can conduct its activities for the period in compliance with Danish company regulation and to ensure that the Company can meet its financial obligations as they fall due during the period until 31 May 2023.

2 Unusual events

The COVID-19 pandemic has affected countries where we are operating, where we have planned or have ongoing clinical trials, and where we rely on third-parties to manufacture preclinical and clinical supply.

Since COVID-19 started to spread around the world, we have closely monitored the development, and implemented several measures to accommodate impacts on our business including:

- Implementing remote visits for patients enrolled in our clinical trials, including ensuring safe delivery of clinical drugs; and
- Addressing COVID-19 in relation to logistics and manufacturing at Joint Steering Committees with manufacturing partners.

While COVID-19 has an impact on how we work and conduct our activities, we have managed to avoid significant disruptions to our operations. Further, while COVID-19 continues to remain in the global society, we will keep working with COVID-19 measures to accommodate business disruptions and to achieve our strategic objectives.

While COVID-19 has not had a significant impact on our business, COVID-19 presents elevated risks in certain areas, including:

- In conducting our clinical trials, there is a risk that suppliers experience delays in providing necessary equipment, consumables and services, which could cause temporary delays in clinical trial activities. In addition, there is a risk that patients will elect not to enroll in trials to limit their exposure to medical institutions, which could have a negative impact on clinical trial enrollment and timelines;

Notes to the Financial Statements

2 Unusual events (continued)

- Global demand for COVID-19 vaccines and treatments could result in contract manufacturers not having sufficient capacity to meet scheduled manufacturing. In addition, sourcing of certain types of raw materials, consumables and equipment could result in scheduled manufacturing being delayed or postponed. We are monitoring the global supply chain and as of the date of this report, we have not experienced material delays due to potential effected supply; and

We monitor the risks from this pandemic closely, and work with relevant stakeholders to avoid and limit disruptions, and to develop and establish working measures. However, while COVID-19 continues to impact global societies, the uncertainty related to the duration and direction of the pandemic makes the future impact from COVID-19, including the magnitude of any impact on our operational results, highly uncertain and unpredictable.

3 Main activity

Ascendis Pharma Bone Diseases A/S is a wholly owned subsidiary in the Ascendis Pharma Group which is applying its innovative TransCon technologies to build a leading, fully integrated global biopharmaceutical company and to develop a pipeline of product candidates with potential best-in-class profiles to address significant unmet medical needs.

The Ascendis Pharma Group has created a portfolio of product candidates by utilizing its TransCon technologies with clinically validated parent drugs. The primary focus of Ascendis Pharma Bone Diseases A/S is activities directed towards development of improved products within bone diseases.

	2021 EUR	2020 EUR
4 Staff		
Average number of employees	0	0
5 Financial expenses		
Interest paid to group enterprises	3.862.855	2.456.186
Other financial expenses	4.104	3.864
Exchange loss	907	8.584
	3.867.866	2.468.634

Notes to the Financial Statements

6 Contingent liabilities and other financial obligations

The Danish group companies of Ascendis Pharma A/S are jointly and severally liable for tax on the Danish group's jointly taxed income.

7 Consolidated financial statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company Ascendis Pharma A/S.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place of registered office</u>
Ascendis Pharma A/S	Copenhagen, Denmark

Notes to the Financial Statements

8 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Ascendis Pharma Bone Diseases A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in EUR.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction exchange rates.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

Exchange rate differences between the transaction date rates and the exchange rate on either the payment date or the balance sheet date are recognized in the income statement as financial income or expenses.

Tangible and intangible assets, inventory and other non-monetary assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at historical exchange rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the benefits can be measured reliably. Recognition moreover requires that all material risks and rewards of the ownership of the rights and services related to arrangements have been transferred to the buyer. Earnings from multiple-element arrangements where the individual elements of the arrangements cannot be separated are recognised over the term of the arrangement. Where not all of these risks and rewards have been transferred, revenue is recognised as deferred income until all elements of the arrangement have been delivered.

Revenue is recognised exclusive of VAT, indirect taxes and net of discounts relating to sales and is measured at the fair value of the determined consideration.

Research and development costs

Research and development costs comprise expenses incurred to develop the Company's products and to deliver the services under the Company's collaboration agreements, including depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses. Research and development costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, revenue has not been disclosed in the Annual Report.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses comprise expenses for management and other administration services.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Balance Sheet

Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise acquired intellectual property rights and development projects.

Cost of acquired intellectual property rights comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition.

Amortisation of intellectual property rights is based on cost reduced by any expected residual value after the end of the useful life. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are up to 5 years.

Intangible assets are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and the carrying amount.

Development projects regarding products and processes that are clearly defined and identifiable and in respect of which technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise can be demonstrated, and where it is the intention to manufacture, market or use the product or process in question, are recognised as intangible assets. Other development costs are recognised as costs in the income statement as incurred.

Due to the risk associated with drug development, future income from development projects cannot be determined with sufficient certainty until the development activities have been completed and the necessary marketing approvals have been obtained. Accordingly, no internally generated intangible assets are recognized.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation is based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years
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The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Notes to the Financial Statements

8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments consist of investments in capital interests measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and investments in capital interests measured at cost are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment.

If the carrying amount exceed recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount, as an impairment loss through the income statement.

Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provision for impaired receivables are recognized through the income statement.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning expenses incurred for subsequent years.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Liabilities

Payables to group enterprises are measured at amortised cost. Accounts payables are measured at net-realizable values.