# Ascendis Pharma, Ophthalmology Division A/S

c/o Ascendis Pharma A/S, Tuborg Boulevard 12, DK-2900 Hellerup

# Annual Report for 1 January - 31 December 2021

CVR No 32 32 35 02

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 11/3 2022

Michael Wolff Jensen Chairman of the General Meeting

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## **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Ascendis Pharma, Ophthalmology Division A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 11 March 2022

#### **Executive Board**

Jan Møller Mikkelsen CEO

#### **Board of Directors**

Michael Wolff Jensen Chairman Jan Møller Mikkelsen

Anni Lotte Kirstine Pedersen

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Shareholder of Ascendis Pharma, Ophthalmology Division A/S

### **Opinion**

We have audited the Financial statements of Ascendis Pharma Ophthalmology for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events
  in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 11 March 2022 **Deloitte** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 96 35 56* 

Lars Hansen State Authorised Public Accountant mne24828

## **Company Information**

**The Company** Ascendis Pharma, Ophthalmology Division A/S

c/o Ascendis Pharma A/S Tuborg Boulevard 12 DK-2900 Hellerup

CVR No: 32 32 35 02

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte

**Board of Directors** Michael Wolff Jensen, Chairman

Jan Møller Mikkelsen

Anni Lotte Kirstine Pedersen

**Executive Board** Jan Møller Mikkelsen

**Auditors** Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Weidekampsgade 6 DK-2300 København S

# **Income Statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2021	2020
		EUR	EUR
Research and development costs	_	-6.046	-30.400
Gross profit/loss		-6.046	-30.400
Administrative expenses	_	-88.036	-95.313
Operating profit/loss		-94.082	-125.713
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-94.082	-125.713
Financial income	4	365.045	358.574
Financial expenses	_	-77	-374
Profit/loss before tax		270.886	232.487
Tax on profit/loss for the year	_	-57.868	-35.524
Net profit/loss for the year	-	213.018	196.963
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings	_	213.018	196.963
	_	213.018	196.963

# **Balance Sheet 31 December**

## Assets

	Note	2021	2020
		EUR	EUR
Receivables from group enterprises		14.798.865	14.583.443
Other receivables		5.656	6.593
Receivables		14.804.521	14.590.036
Cash at bank and in hand		17.061	21.654
Currents assets		14.821.582	14.611.690
Assets		14.821.582	14.611.690

# **Balance Sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

	Note	2021	2020
		EUR	EUR
Share capital		134.043	134.043
Retained earnings		14.680.184	14.467.166
Equity		14.814.227	14.601.209
Accounts payables		7.355	10.481
Short-term liabilities		7.355	10.481
Debt		7.355	10.481
Liabilities and equity		14.821.582	14.611.690
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#### 1 Unusual events

As reported in the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, a novel strain of coronavirus, ("COVID-19"), was reported to have surfaced in Wuhan, China, in December 2019. Since then, COVID-19 has spread around the world into a pandemic. Since COVID-19 started to spread around the world, we have closely monitored the development, and implemented several measures to accommodate any potential negative impact on our business.

Activities in 2021 have been limited, and accordingly, COVID-19 did not had a significant impact on the Company.

We monitor potential COVID-19 related risks closely, and address these risks as they may become relevant, including collaborating with relevant stakeholders to avoid disruptions, and to develop and establish working measures. However, while COVID-19 continues to impact global societies, the uncertainty related to the duration and direction of the pandemic makes the future impact from COVID-19, including the magnitude on the operational results, highly uncertain and cannot be reliably predicted.

### 2 Main activity

Ascendis Pharma, Ophthalmology Division A/S is a wholly owned subsidiary in the Ascendis Pharma Group which is applying its innovative TransCon technologies to build a leading, fully integrated global biopharmaceutical company and to develop a pipeline of product candidates with potential best-in-class profiles to address significant unmet medical needs.

The Ascendis Pharma Group has created a portfolio of product candidates by utilizing its TransCon technologies with clinically validated parent drugs. The primary focus of Ascendis Pharma, Ophthalmology Division A/S is activities directed towards development of improved products within ophthalmology.

3	Staff	2021 EUR	2020 EUR
	Average number of employees	0	0
4	Financial income		
	Interest received from group enterprises	363.864	358.574
	Exchange gains	1.181	0
		365.045	358.574

## 5 Contingent liabilities and other financial obligations

The Danish group companies of Ascendis Pharma A/S are jointly and severally liable for tax on the Danish group's jointly taxed income.

## 6 Consolidated financial statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company Ascendis Pharma A/S.

Name	Place of registered office
Ascendis Pharma A/S	Copenhagen, Denmark

#### 7 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Ascendis Pharma, Ophthalmology Division A/S for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in EUR.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Annual Report which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

## **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction exhange rates.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

Exchange rate differences between the transaction date rates and the exchange rate on either the payment date or the balance sheet date are recognized in the income statement as financial income or expenses.

Tangible and intangible assets, inventory and other non-monetary assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at historical exchange rates.

### 7 Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Income Statement**

### Research and development costs

Research and development costs comprise expenses incurred to develop the Company's products including depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses. Research and development costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

## **Administrative expenses**

Administrative expenses comprise expenses for management and other administration services.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes to deferred tax. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable income.

### 7 Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Balance Sheet**

### **Intangible assets**

Intangible assets comprise acquired intellectual property rights and development projects.

Cost of acquired intellectual property rights comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition.

Amortisation of intellectual property rights is based on cost reduced by any expected residual value after the end of the useful life. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are up to 5 years.

Intangible assets are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and the carrying amount.

Development projects regarding products and processes that are clearly defined and identifiable and in respect of which technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise can be demonstrated, and where it is the intention to manufacture, market or use the product or process in question, are recognised as intangible assets. Other development costs are recognised as costs in the income statement as incurred.

Due to the risk associated with drug development, future income from development projects cannot be determined with sufficient certainty until the development activities have been completed and the necessary marketing approvals have been obtained. Accordingly, no internally generated intangible assets are recognized.

#### Receivables

Receivables are recognised in the balance sheet at amortised cost, which substantially corresponds to nominal value. Provision for impaired receivables are recognized through the income statement.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

#### Liabilities

Accounts payables are measured at net-realisable values.