

Statsautoriserede revisorer Member Crowe Horwath International

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# Valentino Denmark ApS

co CITCO Denmark ApS Holbergsgade 14, 2. tv. 1057 København K

CVR no 32 31 24 11

**Annual report for 2016** 

(3th Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 7 April 2017

Ole Sørensen Chairman

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Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Valentino Denmark ApS for

the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at

31 December 2016 and of the results of the the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January -

31 December 2016.

In our opinion, Management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the

Management's review

We recommend the adoption of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 3 April 2017

**Executive Board** 

Jesper Krüger Mackowski

direktør

Francesco Maria Viana

adm. direktør

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# Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Valentino Denmark ApS

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Valentino Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's Responsibilities for the financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements

# Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Independent auditor's report

## Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Hellerup, 3 April 2017 CVR-nr. 33 25 68 76 Crowe Horwath

Søren Jonassen Statsautoriseret revisor

# **Company details**

The Company Valentino Denmark ApS

co CITCO Denmark ApS Holbergsgade 14, 2. tv. 1057 København K

CVR no.: 32 31 24 11

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 17. June 2014 Domicile: København

**Executive Board** Jesper Krüger Mackowski, direktør

Francesco Maria Viana, adm. direktør

**Auditors** Crowe Horwath

Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab

Rygårds Allé 104 2900 Hellerup

# **Management's review**

#### **Business activities**

The companys main activity is retail of clothing and activities similar to this.

#### **Business review**

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31 December shows a loss of DKK 718.557, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2016 shows equity of DKK 2.266.681.

## Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

# **Accounting policies**

The annual report of Valentino Denmark ApS for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2016 is presented in DKK

#### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company's and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company's and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any instalments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report are presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods less other external expenses.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

# **Accounting policies**

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, including changes arising from changes in tax rates, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### **Tangible assets**

Items of Land and buildings, plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life	
Andre anlæg, driftsmateriel og inventar	3-5	years
Indretning af lejede lokaler	5	years

Assets costing less than DKK 12.900 are expensed in the year of acquisition.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured using the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than the cost, inventories are recognised at this lower value.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

#### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise costs incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

#### **Equity**

#### Dividend

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability at the date of declaration by the annual general meeting.

## **Accounting policies**

## Income tax and deffered tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

#### Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade receivables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign-exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency transactions are considered cash flow hedges, the value adjustments are taken directly to equity.

# Income statement 1 January - 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 DKK	2015 TDKK
Gross profit		3.192.775	2.553
Staff costs	1	-2.162.571	-2.244
Earnings Before Interest Taxes Depreciation and Amortization	n	1.030.204	309
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	d	-1.637.286	-1.614
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-607.082	-1.305
Financial costs	2	-111.475	-205
Profit/loss before tax		-718.557	-1.510
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0	0
Net profit/loss for the year		-718.557	-1.510
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-718.557	-1.510
		-718.557	-1.510

# Balance sheet at 31 December 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		DKK	TDKK
Assets			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		1.844.684	2.314
Leasehold improvements		4.531.505	5.684
Tangible assets	3	6.376.189	7.998
Fixed assets total		6.376.189	7.998
Finished goods and goods for resale		5.160.088	5.186
Stocks		5.160.088	5.186
Trade receivables		3.354.405	2.619
Other receivables		73.644	67
Prepayments		100.698	0
Receivables		3.528.747	2.686
Cash at bank and in hand		880.452	1.140
Current assets total		9.569.287	9.012
Assets total		15.945.476	17.010

# Balance sheet at 31 December 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		DKK	TDKK
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		50.000	50
Retained earnings		2.216.681	2.935
Equity	4	2.266.681	2.985
Trade payables		5.081.745	5.658
Payables to subsidiaries		7.878.630	7.525
Other payables		718.420	842
Short-term debt		13.678.795	14.025
Debt total		13.678.795	14.025
Liabilities and equity total		15.945.476	17.010
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations Related parties and ownership	5 6		

# Notes

		2016	2015
		DKK	TDKK
1	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries	2.162.571	2.244
		2.162.571	2.244
	Average number of employees	4	4
2	Financial costs		
	Interest paid to subsidiaries	98.169	213
	Other financial costs	13.306	
		111.475	205
3	Tangible assets		
		Other fixtures and fittings, tools and	Leasehold
		equipment	improvements
	Cost at 1 January 2016	2.817.445	6.915.272
	Additions for the year	14.692	0
	Cost at 31 December 2016	2.832.137	6.915.272
	Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2016	502.713	1.231.221
	Depreciation for the year	484.740	1.152.546
	Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2016	987.453	2.383.767
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2016	1.844.684	4.531.505

## **Notes**

#### 4 Equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2016	50.000	2.935.238	2.985.238
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-718.557	-718.557
Equity at 31 December 2016	50.000	2.216.681	2.266.681

## 5 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

The company has a tax asset of DKK 632, that is not recognized in the balance sheet. The amount relates to tax loss carried forward.

For the use of leasehold and services there is a 6 month termination period. The contingent liability during the termination period amounts to DKK 3 mio.

#### 6 Related parties and ownership

#### **Transactions**

Transactions in terms of purchase and sale of goods with related parties amounts to 16,3 mio. DKK. Terms and conditions are at market value.

## **Ownership**

According to the Company's register of shareholders, the following shareholders hold a minimum of 5% of the voting rights or a minimum of 5% of the share capital:

Valentino S.p.A., Via Turati, 16/18, 20121 Milano, Italien.