

## **Beatnik ApS**

Vesterbrogade 161, 2. tv.

1800 Frederiksberg C

Central Business Registration No

32304060

## **Annual report 2016**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 31.05.2017

### **Chairman of the General Meeting**



Name: Nikolaj Nymolm

## Contents

	<b><u>Page</u></b>
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2016	7
Balance sheet at 31.12.2016	8
Statement of changes in equity for 2016	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	13

## Entity details

### Entity

Beatnik ApS  
Vesterbrogade 161, 2. tv.  
1800 Frederiksberg C

Central Business Registration No: 32304060

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016

### Executive Board

Nikolaj Nyholm

### Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Weidekampsgade 6  
Postboks 1600  
0900 København C

## Statement by Management on the annual report

I have today considered and approved the annual report of Beatnik ApS for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 31.05.2017

**Executive Board**

  
Nikolaj Nyholm

## Independent auditor's report

### To the owner of Beatnik ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Beatnik ApS for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2016 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2016 - 31.12.2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

## Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 31.05.2017

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Central Business Registration No: 33963556



Kim Takata Mücke

State Authorised Public Accountant

## Management commentary

### Primary activities

The primary activity of the Company was during 2016 to hold shares in companies in the Sunstone Capital structure, but most such shares have now been sold.

The Company has had no employees during the year.

### Development in activities and finances

The Company incurred a profit for the year of DKK 92k.

### Events after the balance sheet date

Portfolio company RFRSH ApS has been in positive development during 2017, including the addition of new shareholders and significant new investments.

The shareholder of Beatnik ApS and Neofish ApS is contemplating a merger of the two companies during 2017.



## Income statement for 2016

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2016</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2015</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Other operating income		128	0
Other external expenses		<u>(53)</u>	<u>(7)</u>
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>75</b>	<b>(7)</b>
Income from investments in associates		27	848
Other financial expenses		<u>(3)</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>99</b>	<b>841</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	<u>(7)</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>92</b>	<b>841</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit/loss</b>			
Ordinary dividend for the financial year		52	51
Transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		(1.502)	68
Retained earnings		<u>1.542</u>	<u>722</u>
		<b>92</b>	<b>841</b>

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2016</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2015</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Investments in group enterprises		50	0
Investments in associates		1.354	2.980
Other investments		87	0
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>	2	<u>1.491</u>	<u>2.980</u>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<u>1.491</u>	<u>2.980</u>
Receivables from group enterprises		679	0
Receivables from associates		0	15
Other receivables		1.655	0
<b>Receivables</b>		<u>2.334</u>	<u>15</u>
<b>Cash</b>		<u>0</u>	<u>326</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		<u>2.334</u>	<u>341</u>
<b>Assets</b>		<u>3.825</u>	<u>3.321</u>

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2016

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2016</u> <u>DKK'000</u>	<u>2015</u> <u>DKK'000</u>
Contributed capital		80	80
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method		715	2.217
Retained earnings		2.505	963
Proposed dividend		52	51
<b>Equity</b>		<u>3.352</u>	<u>3.311</u>
Bank loans		302	0
Payables to shareholders and management		155	0
Income tax payable		7	0
Other payables		9	10
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<u>473</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<u>473</u>	<u>10</u>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<u>3.825</u>	<u>3.321</u>
Contingent liabilities	3		

## Statement of changes in equity for 2016

	<b>Contributed capital DKK'000</b>	<b>Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK'000</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK'000</b>	<b>Proposed dividend DKK'000</b>
Equity beginning of year	80	2.217	963	51
Ordinary dividend paid	0	0	0	(51)
Profit/loss for the year	0	(1.502)	1.542	52
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>715</b>	<b>2.505</b>	<b>52</b>
				<b>Total DKK'000</b>
Equity beginning of year				3.311
Ordinary dividend paid				(51)
Profit/loss for the year				92
<b>Equity end of year</b>				<b>3.352</b>

## Notes

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	
	<b>DKK'000</b>	<b>DKK'000</b>	
<b>1. Tax on profit/loss for the year</b>			
Tax on current year taxable income	7	0	
	<b>7</b>	<b>0</b>	
	<b>Investments</b>		
	<b>in group</b>	<b>Investments</b>	
	<b>enterprises</b>	<b>in associates</b>	
	<b>DKK'000</b>	<b>DKK'000</b>	
		<b>Other</b>	
		<b>investments</b>	
		<b>DKK'000</b>	
<b>2. Fixed asset investments</b>			
Cost beginning of year	0	762	0
Additions	50	0	87
Disposals	0	(123)	0
<b>Cost end of year</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>87</b>
Revaluations beginning of year	0	2.217	0
Disposals on divestments etc	0	(1.529)	0
Share of profit/loss for the year	0	27	0
<b>Revaluations end of year</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>715</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Carrying amount end of year</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>1.354</b>	<b>87</b>

## Notes

	<u>Registered in</u>	<u>Corpo- rate form</u>	<u>Equity inte- rest %</u>
Investments in group enterprises comprise: rfrsh	Copenhagen	ApS	100,0

	<u>Registered in</u>	<u>Corpo- rate form</u>	<u>Equity inte- rest %</u>
Investments in associates comprise:			
Sunstone TV Special Limited Partner III Holding	Copenhagen	ApS	18,2
Sunstone TV Invest III Holding	Copenhagen	ApS	17,4
Sunstone LSV (TV) Special Limited Partner III	Copenhagen	ApS	19,7

### 3. Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with its subsidiaries. According to the Danish Companies Act governing joint taxation, the Company is liable for any liabilities to withhold tax at source regarding royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies and joint and several liability exists for any income taxes incumbent on the jointly taxed companies. Apart from this, the Company has no additional contingent.

## Accounting policies

### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

The annual report is presented in DKK 1,000.

### Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### Consolidation

The Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements with reference to the Danish Financial Statements Act, section 110 (1).

### Income statement

#### Other operating income

Other operating income comprises consultancy fees and similar income items.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include various corporate expenses.

#### Income from investments in associates

Income from investments in associates comprises the pro rata share of the individual associates' profit/loss.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses.

## Accounting policies

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with its subsidiaris. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### Balance sheet

#### Investments in group enterprises

Investments in group enterprises are measured under the equity method.

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associate enterprises are recognised and measured under the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity.

Net revaluation of investments associate is taken to reserve for net revaluation under the equity method if the carrying amount exceeds cost.

#### Other investments

Other investments comprise investments in other companies.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less write-downs for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

#### Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. The proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost and comprises other prepaid contributions from limited partners.

#### Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.