# KC Tex Denmark ApS

Mysundevej 4, 8930 Randers NØ CVR no. 32 29 15 97

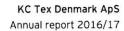
Annual report 2016/17

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 20 December 2017

Chairman:

Martin Abildgård Jensen







# Contents

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board		
Independent auditor's report	3	
Management's review Company details Management commentary	5 5 6	
Financial statements 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017 Income statement Balance sheet Statement of changes in equity Notes to the financial statements	7 7 8 9	



# Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of KC Tex Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 June 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

Management sieview.		
We recommend that the annual r	eport be approved at the annual o	general meeting.
Randers, 20 December 2017 Executive Board:		
Martin Abildgård Jensen		
Board of Directors:		
		Alle Spill
Ramesh Parasuraman Chairman	Ganesh Sethuraman	uffe Hjorth



## Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of KC Tex Denmark ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of KC Tex Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 30 June 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



## Independent auditor's report

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

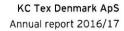
Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Aarhus, 20 December 2017 ERNST & YOUNG Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Gert Foldager

State Authorised Public Accountant





# Management's review

# Company details

Name KC Tex Denmark ApS

Address, Postal code, City Mysundevej 4, 8930 Randers NØ

CVR no. 32 29 15 97 Registered office Randers

Financial year 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2017

Board of Directors Ramesh Parasuraman, Chairman

Ganesh Sethuraman

Uffe Hjorth

Executive Board Martin Abildgård Jensen

Auditors Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Værkmestergade 25, P.O. Box 330, 8100 Aarhus C, Denmark



# Management's review

#### Business review

The Company's main activity in trade with textile including yarn.

## Financial review

The income statement for 2016/17 shows a profit of DKK 246,359 against a loss of DKK 15,381 last year, and the balance sheet at 30 June 2017 shows equity of DKK 3,182,573. Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year satisfactory.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.



# Income statement

Note	DKK	2016/17	2015/16
2	Gross margin Staff costs	1,008,468	635,544
	Profit before net financials	1,008,468	635,544
	Financial income	125,462	0
	Financial expenses	-743,187	-653,925
3	Profit/loss before tax	390,743	-18,381
	Tax for the year	-144,384	3,000
	Profit/loss for the year	246,359	-15,381
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss	246,359	-15,381
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	246,359	-15,381



# Balance sheet

Note DKK	2016/17	2015/16
ASSETS Non-fixed assets		
Inventories Raw materials and consumables	17,777,467	22,938,216
	17,777,467	22,938,216
Receivables Trade receivables Deferred tax assets Income taxes receivable Other receivables	7,905,634 0 0 94,950 8,000,584	12,947,114 3,000 66,118 1,974,872 14,991,104
Cash	1,143,847	1,606,237
Total non-fixed assets	26,921,898	39,535,557
TOTAL ASSETS	26,921,898	39,535,557
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity Share capital Retained earnings	125,000 3,057,573	125,000 2,811,214
Total equity	3,182,573	2,936,214
Liabilities other than provisions Current liabilities other than provisions Trade payables Payables to group entities Income taxes payable Other payables	582,421 22,561,988 40,556 554,360	397,378 36,127,910 0 74,055
	23,739,325	36,599,343
Total liabilities other than provisions	23,739,325	36,599,343
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	26,921,898	39,535,557

- Accounting policies
   Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 5 Collateral 6 Related parties



# Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 July 2016 Transfer through appropriation of profit	125,000 0	2,811,214 246,359	2,936,214 246,359
Equity at 30 June 2017	125,000	3,057,573	3,182,573



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of KC Tex Denmark ApS for 2016/17 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

# Changes to presentation and disclosures only

Effective 1 July 2016, the Company has implemented act no. 738 of 1 June 2015 with amendments to the Danish Financial Statements Act. As the implementation of the amendment act has no impact in terms of value on the income statement or the balance sheet in the financial year, nor on the comparative figures, the financial statements have been prepared based on the same accounting policies as last year.

The amendment act has solely implied new or changed presentation and disclosure requirements, which have been incorporated in the financial statements.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

## Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## Income statement

#### Revenue

Income from the sale of goods for resale and finished goods is recognised in revenue when transfer of the most significant rewards and risks to the buyer has taken place and provided that the income can be reliably measured and payment is expected to be received. The date of the transfer of the most significant rewards and risks is based on standardised terms of delivery based on Incoterms® 2010.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

#### Gross margin

The items revenue, change in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, work performed for own account and capitalised, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.



#### Notes to the financial statements

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

#### Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

#### Balance sheet

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

The cost of raw materials and consumables comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs.

Goods for resale are measured at cost, which comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs as well as other expenses directly attributable to the acquisition.

### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

## Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.



#### Notes to the financial statements

#### Accounting policies (continued)

## Equity

## Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

#### Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

## Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

#### 2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

	DKK	2016/17	2015/16
3	Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year	141,384 3,000	0 -3,000
		144,384	-3,000

2015/16

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Notes	to	the	financial	sta	tements
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4	Contractual obligations and contingencies, et	С.

Other contingent liabilities None.

# 5 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 30 June 2017.

# 6 Related parties

KC Tex International

Information about consolidated financial st	atements
Parent	Domicile
KC Tex International	Singapore
Ownership	
The following shareholders are registered in minimum 5% of the share capital:	the Company's register of shareholders as holding
Name	Domicile
KC Tex International	Singapore