# SCADA Holding A/S 

Holstebrovej 5, 7490 Aulum
CVR-nr./CVR no. 32263062

## Årsrapport 2016

Annual report 2016

Godkendt på selskabets ordinære generalforsamling, den 4. april 2017 Approved at the annual general meeting of sharetoiders on 4 April 2017


Torben Bjerre-Madsen

Dette dokument indeholder en oversættelse af den originale danske tekst. I tilfælde af uoverensstemmelse mellem den originale danske tekst og oversættelsen er den originale danske tekst gældende.
The English text is a translation of the original Danish text. The original Danish text is the governing text for all purposes. and in case of any discrepancy, the Danish wording will be applicable.

## Indhold

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## Ledelsespåtegning

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board
Bestyrelse og direktion har dags dato behandlet og godkendt årsrapporten for SCADA Holding A/S for regnskabsåret 1. januar-31. december 2016.

Ârsrapporten aflægges i overensstemmelse med årsregnskabsloven.

Det er vores opfattelse, at koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet giver et retvisende billede af koncernens og selskabets aktiver, passiver og finansielle stilling pr. 31. december 2016 samt af resultatet af koncernens og selskabets aktiviteter samt af koncernens pengestrømme for regnskabsåret 1. januar-31. december 2016.

Det er endvidere vores opfattelse, at ledelsesberetningen indeholder en retvisende redegørelse for de forhold, beretningen omhandler.

Årsrapporten indstilles til generalforsamlingens godkendelse.

Aulum, den 7. marts 2017
Aulum, 7 March 2017
Direktion:/Executive Board:


Thomas Vanting Bagger

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of SCADA Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Company at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the Group's and the Company's operations and of the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.


# Den uafhængige revisors revisionspåtegning <br> Independent auditors' report 

## Til kapitalejerne i SCADA Holding A/S

## Konklusion

Vi har revideret koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet for SCADA Holding A/S for regnskabsåret 1. januar-31. december 2016, der omfatter resultatopgørelse, balance, egenkapitalopgøreise og noter, herunder anvendt regnskabspraksis for såvel koncernen som selskabet, samt pengestrømsopgørelse for koncernen. Koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet udarbejdes efter årsregnskabsloven.

Det er vores opfattelse, at koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet giver et retvisende billede af koncernens og selskabets aktiver, passiver og finansielle stilling pr. 31 . december 2016 samt af resultatet af koncernens og selskabets aktiviteter og koncernens pengestrømme for regnskabsåret 1. januar - 31. december 2016 i overensstemmelse med årsregnskabsloven.

## Grundlag for konklusion

Vi har udført vores revision i overensstemmelse med internationale standarder om revision og de yderligere krav, der er gældende i Danmark. Vores ansvar ifølge disse standarder og krav er nærmere beskrevet i revisionspåtegningens afsnit "Revisors ansvar for revisionen af koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet". Vi er uafhængige af koncernen i overensstemmelse med internationale etiske regler for revisorer (IESBA's Etiske regler) og de yderligere krav, der er gældende i Danmark, ligesom vi har opfyldt vores $ø$ vrige etiske forpligtelser i henhold til disse regler og krav. Det er vores opfattelse, at det opnåede revisionsbevis er tilstrækkeligt og egnet som grundlag for vores konklusion.

To the shareholders of SCADA Holding A/S

## Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of SCADA Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, consolidated cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for both the Group and the Parent Company. The consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.
In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2016, and of the results of the Group and parent Company operations as well as the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilied our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Den uafhængige revisors revisionspåtegning <br> Independent auditors' report 

## Ledelsens ansvar for koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet

Ledelsen har ansvaret for udarbejdelsen af et koncernregnskab og et årsregnskab, der giver et retvisende billede i overensstemmelse med årsregnskabsloven. Ledelsen har endvidere ansvaret for den interne kontrol, som ledelsen anser for nødvendig for at udarbejde et koncernregnskab og et årsregnskab uden væsentlig fejlinformation, uanset om denne skyldes besvigelser eller fejl.

Ved udarbejdelsen af koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet er ledelsen ansvarlig for at vurdere koncernens og selskabets evne til at fortsætte driften; at oplyse om forhold vedrørende fortsat drift, hvor dette er relevant; samt at udarbejde koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet på grundlag af regnskabsprincippet om fortsat drift, medmindre ledelsen enten har til hensigt at likvidere koncernen eller selskabet, indstilie driften eller ikke har andet realistisk alternativ end at gøre dette.

## Revisors ansvar for revisionen af koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet

Vores mål er at opnå høj grad af sikkerhed for, om koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet som helhed er uden væsentlig fejlinformation, uanset om denne skyldes besvigelser eller fejl, og at afgive en revisionspåtegning med en konklusion. Høj grad af sikkerhed er et højt niveau af sikkerhed, men er ikke en garanti for, at en revision, der udføres i overensstemmelse med internationale standarder om revision og de yderligere krav, der er gæIdende i Danmark, altid vil afdække væsentlig fejlinformation, når sådan findes. Fejlinformationer kan opstå som følge af besvigelser eller fejl og kan betragtes som væsentlige, hvis det med rimelighed kan forventes, at de enkeltvis eller samlet har indflydelse på de økonomiske beslutninger, som regnskabsbrugerne træffer på grundlag af koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet.

Som led i en revision, der udføres i overensstemmelse med internationale standarder om revision og de yderligere krav, der er gældende i Danmark, foretager vi faglige vurderinger og opretholder professionel skepsis under revisionen. Herudover:

## Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Parent Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

## Den uafhængige revisors revisionspåtegning Independent auditors' report

Identificerer og vurderer vi risikoen for væsentlig fejlinformation i koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet, uanset om denne skyldes besvigelser eller fejl, udformer og udfører revisionshandlinger som reaktion på disse risici samt opnår revisionsbevis, der er tilstrækkeligt og egnet til at danne grundlag for vores konklusion. Risikoen for ikke at opdage væsentlig fejlinformation forårsaget af besvigelser er højere end ved væsentlig fejlinformation forårsaget af fejl, idet besvigelser kan omfatte sammensværgelser, dokumentfalsk, bevidste udeladelser, vildledning eller tilsidesættelse af intern kontrol.

Opnår vi forståelse af den interne kontrol med relevans for revisionen for at kunne udforme revisionshandlinger, der er passende efter omstændighederne, men ikke for at kunne udtrykke en konklusion om effektiviteten af selskabets interne kontrol.

Tager vi stilling til, om den regnskabspraksis, som er anvendt af ledelsen, er passende, samt om de regnskabsmæssige skøn og tilknyttede oplysninger, som ledelsen har udarbejdet, er rimelige.
Konkluderer vi, om ledelsens udarbejdelse af koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet på grundlag af regnskabsprincippet om fortsat drift er passende, samt om der på grundlag af det opnåede revisionsbevis er væsentlig usikkerhed forbundet med begivenheder eller forhold, der kan skabe betydelig tvivl om koncernens og selskabets evne til at fortsætte driften. Hvis vi konkluderer, at der er en væsentlig usikkerhed, skal vi i vores revisionspåtegning gøre opmærksom på oplysninger herom i koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet eller, hvis sådanne oplysninger ikke er tilstrækkelige, modificere vores konklusion. Vores konklusion er baseret på det revisionsbevis, der er opnået frem til datoen for vores revisionspåtegning. Fremtidige begivenheder eller forhold kan dog medføre, at koncernen og selskabet ikke ængere kan fortsætte driften.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Parent Company's internal control.
Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Parent Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Årsrapport 2016

## Den uafhængige revisors revisionspåtegning <br> Independent auditors' report

Tager vi stilling til den samlede præsentation, struktur og indhold af koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet, herunder noteoplysningerne, samt om koncernregnskabet og àrsregnskabet afspejler de underliggende transaktioner og begivenheder på en sådan måde, at der gives et retvisende billede heraf.

- Opnår vi tilstrækkeligt og egnet revisionsbevis for de finansielle oplysninger for virksomhederne eller forretningsaktiviteterne i koncernen til brug for at udtrykke en konklusion om koncernregnskabet. Vi er ansvarlige for at lede, føre tilsyn med og udføre koncernrevisionen. Vi er eneansvarlige for vores revisionskonklusion.

Vi kommunikerer med den $\varnothing$ verste ledelse om bl.a. det planlagte omfang og den tidsmæssige placering af revisionen samt betydelige revisionsmæssige observationer, herunder eventuelle betydelige mangler i intern kontrol, som vi identificerer under revisionen.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Arsrapport 2016 Annual report 2016

## Den uafhængige revisors revisionspåtegning

Independent auditors' report

## Udtalelse om ledelsesberetningen

Ledelsen er ansvarlig for ledelsesberetningen.

Vores konklusion om koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet omfatter ikke ledelsesberetningen, og vi udtrykker ingen form for konklusion med sikkerhed om ledelsesberetningen.

I tiknytning til vores revision af koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet er det vores ansvar at læse ledelsesberetningen og i den forbindelse overveje, om ledelsesberetningen er væsentligt inkonsistent med koncernregnskabet eller årsregnskabet eller vores viden opnået ved revisionen eller på anden måde synes at indeholde væsentlig fejlinformation.

Vores ansvar er derudover at overveje, om ledelsesberetningen indeholder krævede oplysninger i henhold til årsregnskabsloven.

Baseret på det udførte arbejde er det vores opfattelse, at ledelsesberetningen er i overensstemmelse med koncernregnskabet og årsregnskabet og er udarbejdet i overensstemmelse med årsregnskabslovens krav. Vi har ikke fundet væsentlig fejlinformation i ledelsesberetningen.

## Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or the parent company financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Esbjerg, den 7. marts 2017
Esbjerg, 7 March 2017
ERNST \& YOUNG
Godkendt Reylsionshortnerselskab
CVR-nr. 30/1002/28

Lars Stagard Jensen
statsaut. , evisor state Authorised Public Accountant


## Ledelsesberetning

Management's review
Oplysninger om selskabet
Company details

Navn/Name
Adresse, postnr., by/Address, Postal code, City

CVR-nr./CVR no.
Stiftet/Established
Hjemstedskornmune/Registered office Regnskabsår/Financial year

Telefon/Telephone

Bestyrelse/Board of Directors

Direktion/Executive Board

Revision/Auditors

SCADA Holding A/S
Holstebrovej 5, 7490 Aulum
32263062
16. juni 2009/16 June 2009

Herning

1. januar-31. december/1 January - 31 December
+4596419200
Torben Bjerre-Madsen, formand/Chairman
Thomas Vanting Bagger
Jan Lindholt Nielsen
Søren Holm Jensen
Thomas Vanting Bagger
Ernst \& Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Havnegade 33, 6700 Esbjerg

## Ledelsesberetning

Management's review

## Koncernoversigt

Group chart


## Ledelsesberetning

## Management's review

## Hoved- og nøgletal for koncernen

Financial highlights for the Group

| DKK | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hovedtal <br> Key figures |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bruttofortjeneste/ bruttotab Gross margin | 45.183 .962 | 56.742 .593 | 47.691 .036 | 44.184.688 | 42.452 .648 |
| Resultat før finansielle poster Profit/loss before net financials | 5.984 .832 | 13.640 .461 | 9.665 .352 | 7.324.425 | 9.367 .768 |
| Resultat af finansielle poster Net financials | -242.960 | 314.064 | -115.928 | 26.602 | -438.442 |
| Årets resultat Profit/loss for the year | 4.984 .805 | 11.116 .654 | 7.202.018 | 5.535.522 | 6.500 .470 |
| Anlægsaktiver fixed assets | 5.229 .320 | 6.221 .133 | 4.237 .399 | 4.480.623 | 4.652 .810 |
| Omsætningsaktiver Non-fixed assets | 37.067.812 | 51.535 .875 | 34.536 .296 | 31.635.074 | 30.717 .360 |
| Aktiver i alt (balancesum) Total assets | 42.297 .132 | 57.757 .008 | 38.773 .695 | 36.115.697 | 35.370.170 |
| Aktiekapital Share capital | 550.000 | 550.000 | 550.000 | 125.000 | 125.000 |
| Egenkapital Equity | 27.613.621 | 30.025.345 | 23.992 .357 | 19.794.442 | 17.930 .920 |
| Hensatte forpligtelser Provisions | 0 | 234.969 | 101.000 | 77.000 | 24.985 |
| Kortfristede gældsforpligtelser Current liabilities other than provisions | 14.683.511 | 27.496 .694 | 14.680 .338 | 16.244.255 | 17.414.265 |
| Investering i materielle anlægsaktiver Investment in property, plant and equipment | -18.269 | -2.666.303 | -292.015 | -253.499 | -806.336 |

## Nøgletal

Financial ratios

| Afkastningsgrad <br> Return on assets | $12,0 \%$ | $28,3 \%$ | $25,8 \%$ | $20,5 \%$ | $25,3 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Likviditetsgrad | $252,4 \%$ | $187,4 \%$ | $235,3 \%$ | $194,7 \%$ | $176,4 \%$ |
| Current ratio | $65,3 \%$ | $52,0 \%$ | $61,9 \%$ | $54,8 \%$ | $50,7 \%$ |
| Soliditetsgrad <br> Solvency ratio | $17,3 \%$ | $41,2 \%$ | $32,9 \%$ | $29,3 \%$ | $40,5 \%$ |


| Gennemsnitligt antal fuldtidsbe- <br> skæftigede <br> Average number of employees | 67 | 80 | 65 | 66 | 58 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Nøgletallene er beregnet i overensstemmelse med Finansforeningens "Anbefalinger og Nøgletal 2015". Der henvises til definitioner og begreber under anvendt regnskabspraksis.

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's recommendations on the calculation of financial ratios "Recommendations and Financial Ratios 2015". For terms and definitions, please see the accounting policies.

## Ledelsesberetning

Management's review

## Beretning

Management commentary

## Koncernens væsentligste aktiviteter

Koncernens hovedaktivitet er levering af specialiserede SCADA konsulentydelser af høj kvalitet, projektledelse, soft-ware og datalogning/-rapportering samt totalløsninger, hovedsageligt inden for vindmølleindustrien.

## Udvikling i aktiviteter og $ø$ konomiske forhold

Årets resultat før skat for koncernen udgør 5.742 t.kr. (2015: 13.955 t.kr.). Årets resultat før skat for moderselskabet udgør 5.018 t.kr. (2015: 11.236 t.kr.). Det polske marked, som var et af koncernens vigtigste i 2015, faldt stort set bort i 2016. En positiv udvikling i salget på de $ø$ vrige markeder kunne ikke kompensere fuldt ud herfor og koncernens omsætning faidt derfor i året. I lyset heraf betegnes resultatet som tilfredsstillende.

Koncernen er repræsenteret i Tyskland, Polen, USA, Storbritannien og Danmark.

Balancen 31. december 2016 udgør for moderselskabet 27.739 t.kr., heraf er egenkapitalen 27.614 t.kr. hvorefter moderselskabets soliditet kan opgøres til 99,5 $\%$. For koncernen udgør balancesummen 42.297 t.kr. hvilket med en egenkapital på 27.614 t.kr. giver en soliditet på 65,3\%.

## Samfundsforhold

Med henvisning til årsregnskabslovens § 99a om virksomhedspolitikker for samfundsansvar, skal det oplyses, at SCADA koncernen ikke har sådanne nedskrevne politiker. Det skaliden forbindelse oplyses, at det er selskabets klart erklærede hensigt i enhver henseende og til enhver tid at drive en redelig og ansvarlig virksomhed, der overholder love og bestemmelser og menneskerettigheder.

## Miljøforhold

Scada koncernen arbejder løbende med reduktion af miljøpåvirkning fra dets aktiviteter.

## Business review

The company's activities involve delivery of high-quality specialized consulting services, project management, software, data logging/reporting and overall solutions, primary to the wind turbine industry.

## Financial review

Profit for the year before tax of DKK 5,742 thousand (2015: DKK 13,955 thousand). Profit for the year before tax of DKK 5,018 thousand (2015: DKK 11,236 thousand) for the parent company. The Polish market, which was one of the group's main in 2015, fell largely away in 2016. A positive development in sales in other markets could not compensate fully for this and the group's turnover therefore decreased in the year. In light of this, the result is considered satisfactory.

The group is now represented in Germany, Poland, USA, Great Britain and Denmark.

The balance sheet total as of 31 . December 2016 for the parent company constitutes DKK 27,739 thousand and the equity constitutes DKK 27,614 thousand, whereupon the solidity for the parent company is $99,5 \%$. For the group balance sheet total is DKK 42,297 thousand, and with an equity totaling DKK 27,614 thousand, it makes a $65,3 \%$ solidity for the group.

## Social responsibility

With regard to §ु99a of the Danish Financial Statements Act on policies regarding Social Responsibility including human rights, it should be noted that SCADA International A/S does not, so far, have such written policies. However, it is the declared intention in every respect and at any time to run a decent and responsible business, in compliance with all existing laws and regulations as well as the human rights.

## External environment

SCADA International A/S is constantly striving to reduce the environmental impact resulting from operations of the company.

## Ledelsesberetning

Management's review

## Beretning

Management commentary

## Særlige risici

Koncernen er ikke påvirket af særlige risici for rente eller valutaudvikling. Til gengæid kan den generelle udvikling indenfor vindenergi have væsentlig betydning for koncernens aktiviteter.

## Begivenheder efter balancedagen

Der er ikke efter balancedagen indtruffet begivenheder af væsentlig betydning for koncernens og virksomhedens finansielle stilling.

## Forventet udvikling

Ledelsen forventer et spændende år med positiv indtjening, bl.a. med lancering og udvikling af flere nye produkter.

## Egne kapitalandele

Moderselskabet ejer egne kapitalandele nominelt 14.676 kr . svarende til: 2,672 \% af selskabets kapital.

Der er i året tilkøbt aktier med en købesum på 114.000 kr . Årsagen er tilbagek $\varnothing \mathrm{b}$ af medarbejderaktier fra fratrådt medarbejder.

## Special risks

The company is not faced with special risks from the development in interest and currency. In return the general development of the wind turbine industry may be significant to the company's activities.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Group's and the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

## Outlook

The Management expects 2017 to be an interesting year with positive earnings from launching and developing new products.

## Tresury shares

The parent company owns tresury shares totaling nominal value DKK 14,276 corresponding to $2,672 \%$ of the share capital.

In 2017 shares has been purchased for DKK 114,000 . The reason for the purchase is resignment of a former employee.

Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar-31. december
Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

## Resultatopgørelse

Income statement

|  |  | Koncern Group |  | Modervirksomhed Parent company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Note |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note | DKK | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  | Bruttofortjeneste/ bruttotab Gross margin | 45.183 .962 | 56.742 .593 | -99.000 | -55.624 |
| 2 | Personaleomkostninger Staff costs | 38.192 .697 | 42.546.501 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Af-og nedskrivninger af immaterielle og materielle anlægsaktiver |  |  |  |  |
|  | Amortisation/depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment | -1.006.433 | -555.631 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Resultat før finansielle poster | 5.984 .832 | 13.640 .461 | -99.000 | -55.624 |
|  | Profit/loss before net financials |  |  |  |  |
|  | Indtægter af kapitalandele i tilknyttede virksomheder | 0 | 0 | 4.914 .896 | 10.877 .956 |
|  | Income from investments in group enterprises |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Finansielle indtægter | 270.640 | 720.862 | 239.060 | 640.536 |
|  | Financial income |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Finansielle omkostninger | -513.600 | -406.798 | -37.398 | -226.892 |
|  | Financial expenses |  |  |  |  |
|  | Resultat før skat | 5.741 .872 | 13.954 .525 | 5.017 .558 | 11.235 .976 |
|  | Profit before tax |  |  |  |  |
|  | Skat af ar ${ }^{\text {rets resultat }}$ | -757.067 | $-2.837 .871$ | -32.753 | -119.322 |
|  | Tax for the year |  |  |  |  |
|  | Årets resultat | 4.984 .805 | 11.116 .654 | 4.984.805 | 11.116 .654 |
|  | Profit for the year |  |  |  |  |
|  | Forslag til resultatdisponering |  |  |  |  |
|  | Recommended appropriation of profit |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foreslàet udbytte indregnet under egenkapitalen |  |  | 4.000 .000 | 7.000 .000 |
|  | Proposed dividend recognised under equity |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reserve for nettoopskrivning efter indre værdis metode |  |  | -5.616.934 | 8.212 .781 |
|  | Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method |  |  |  |  |
|  | Overført resultat |  |  | 6.601 .739 | -4.096.127 |
|  | Retained earnings/accumulated loss |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4.984 .805 | 11.116 .654 |

## Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar-31. december

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

## Balance

Balance sheet

|  |  | Koncern Group |  | Modervirksomhed Parent company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Note |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note | DKK | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  | AKTIVER |  |  |  |  |
|  | ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
|  | Anlægsaktiver |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fixed assets |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Materielle anlægsaktiver |  |  |  |  |
|  | Property, plant and equipment |  |  |  |  |
|  | Grunde og bygninger | 3.412 .463 | 3.565 .373 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Land and buildings |  |  |  |  |
|  | Andre anlæg, driftsmateriel og inventar | 1.816 .857 | 2.655 .760 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment | 5.229 .320 | 6.221 .133 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | Finansielle anlægsaktiver |  |  |  |  |
|  | Investments |  |  |  |  |
|  | Kapitalandele i tilknyttede |  |  |  |  |
|  | virksomheder | 0 | 0 | 20.438.800 | 26.055.734 |
|  | Investments in group enterprises |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 | 20.438 .800 | 26.055 .734 |
|  | Anlægsaktiver i alt |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total fixed assets | 5.229 .320 | 6.221 .133 | $\underline{20.438 .800}$ | $\underline{26.055 .734}$ |
|  | transport to be carried forward | 5.229 .320 | 6.221 .133 | 20.438.800 | 26.055.734 |

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## Balance (fortsat)

Balance sheet (continued)

| Note Note |  | Koncern Group |  | Modervirksomhed Parent company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DKK | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  | transport brought forward | 5.229 .320 | 6.221 .133 | 20.438 .800 | 26.055.734 |
|  | Omsætningsaktiver <br> Non-fixed assets Varebeholdninger Inventories |  |  |  |  |
|  | Råvarer og hjælpematerialer <br> Raw materials and consumables | 2.649 .574 | 2.349 .797 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Fremstillede færdigvarer og handelsvarer <br> Finished goods and goods for resale | 917.852 | 1.149 .737 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | 3.567 .426 | 3.499 .534 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Tilgodehavender fra salg og tjenesteydelser <br> Trade receivables | 19.264.217 | 31.157 .443 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | Entreprisekontrakter Construction contracts | 5.822 .532 | 9.480 .309 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Tilgodehavender hos tilknyttede virksomheder <br> Receivables from group enterprises | 0 | 0 | 5.884 .249 | 7.867 .022 |
|  | Udskudte skatteaktiver <br> Deferred tax assets | 208.654 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Tilgodehavende selskabsskat Corporation tax receivable | 1.315 .128 | 0 | 1.411 .081 | 1.204 .788 |
|  | Andre tilgodehavender Other receivables | 157.405 | 1.128 .013 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Periodeafgrænsningsposter | 595.644 | 482.906 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Prepayments |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\underline{27.363 .580}$ | 42.248 .671 | 7.295 .330 | 9.071 .810 |
|  | Likvide beholdninger | 6.136 .806 | 5.787 .670 | 4.385 | 4.935 |
|  | Cash |  |  |  |  |
|  | Omsætningsaktiver ialt <br> Total non-fixed assets | 37.067 .812 | 51.535 .875 | 7.299 .715 | 9.076 .745 |
|  | AKTIVER I ALT TOTAL ASSETS | 42.297 .132 | 57.757.008 | 27.738 .515 | 35.132 .479 |

Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar-31. december
consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

## Balance

Balance sheet

| Note |  | Koncern Group |  | Modervirksomhed Parent company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note | DKK | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  | PASSIVER <br> EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Egenkapital Equity |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Aktiekapital Share capital | 550.000 | 550.000 | 550.000 | 550.000 |
|  | Reserve for nettoopskrivning efter indre værdis metode |  |  |  |  |
|  | Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method | 0 | 0 | 12.454.584 | 18.071 .518 |
|  | Overført resultat | 23.063.621 | 22.475 .345 | 10.609 .037 | 4.403 .827 |
|  | Retained earnings |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fores/ået udbytte | 4.000 .000 | 7.000 .000 | 4.000 .000 | 7.000 .000 |
|  | Dividend proposed |  |  |  |  |
|  | Egenkapital i alt Total equity | 27.613 .621 | 30.025 .345 | 27.613 .621 | 30.025 .345 |
|  | Hensatte forpligtelser Provisions |  |  |  |  |
|  | Udskudt skat | 0 | 234.969 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Deferred tax |  |  |  |  |
|  | Hensatte forpligtelser i alt Total provisions | 0 | 234.969 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Gæidsforpligtelser |  |  |  |  |
|  | Liabilities other than provisions |  |  |  |  |
|  | Kortfristede gæidsforpligtelser |  |  |  |  |
|  | Current liabilities other than provisions |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gæld til banker | 6.511 .486 | 13.590 .114 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Bank debt |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Modtagne forudbetalinger vedrørende igangværende arbejder | 745.570 | 760.075 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Prepayments on work in progress |  |  |  |  |
|  | Leverandører af varer og tjenesteydelser | 2.442 .954 | 5.170 .832 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Trade payables |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gæld til tilknyttede virksomheder | 0 | 0 | 62.894 | 5.077 .133 |
|  | Payables to group enterprises |  |  |  |  |
|  | Skyldig selskabsskat | 0 | 98.944 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Corporation tax payable |  |  |  |  |
|  | Anden gæld | 4.609 .526 | 7.876 .729 | 62.000 | 30.001 |
|  | Other payables |  |  |  |  |
|  | Periodeafgrænsningsposter | 373.975 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Deferred income |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 14.683 .511 | 27.496 .694 | 124.894 | 5.107 .134 |
|  | GæIdsforpligtelser i alt <br> Total liabilities other than provisions | 14.683 .511 | 27.496.694 | 124.894 | 5.107 .134 |
|  | PASSIVERI ALT TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 42.297 .132 | 57.757 .008 | 27.738 .515 | 35.132 .479 |

1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis
Accounting policies
9 Kontraktlige forpligtelser og eventualposter m.v.
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc
10 Sikkerhedsstillelser
Collateral

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## Egenkapitalopgørelse

Statement of changes in equity

| DKK | Koncern Group |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aktiekapital Share capital | Overført resultat Retained earnings | Foreslået udbytte Dividend proposed | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I alt } \\ & \text { Total } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Egenkapital 1. januar 2016 Equity at 1 January 2016 | 550.000 | 22.475 .345 | 7.000 .000 | 30.025.345 |
| Arets resultat | 0 | 984.805 | 4.000.000 | 4.984 .805 |
| Profit/loss for the year Regulering af finansielle anlægsaktiver som følge af valutakursreguleringer |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustment of investments through foreign exchange adjustments | 0 | -434.569 | 0 | -434.569 |
| $\mathrm{K} \square \mathrm{b}$ af egne kapitalandele | 0 | -114.000 | 0 | -114.000 |
| Purchase of treasury shares | 0 | 0 | -6.847.960 |  |
| Dividend distributed | 0 | 0 | -6.847.960 | -6.847.960 |
| Udbytte af egne aktier Dividend, treasury shares | 0 | 152.040 | -152.040 | 0 |
| Egenkapital |  |  |  |  |
| 31. december 2016 Equity at 31 December 2016 | 550.000 | 23.063 .621 | 4.000 .000 | 27.613 .621 |


| DKK | Modervirksomhed Parent company |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aktiekapital Share capital | Reserve for nettoopskrivning efter indre værdis metode Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method | Overført resultat Retained earnings | Foreslået udbytte Dividend proposed | I alt <br> Total |
| Egenkapital 1. januar 2016 Equity at 1 January 2016 | 550.000 | 18.071.518 | 4.403 .827 | 7.000 .000 | 30.025.345 |
| Årets resultat <br> Profit/loss for the year | 0 | $-5.616 .934$ | 6.601 .739 | 4.000.000 | 4.984 .805 |
| Regulering af finansielle anlægsaktiver som følge af valutakursreguleringer |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustment of investments through foreign exchange adjustments | 0 | 0 | -434.569 | 0 | -434.569 |
| $K ø b$ af egne kapitalandele <br> Purchase of treasury shares | 0 | 0 | -114.000 | 0 | -114.000 |
| Udloddet udbytte Dividend distributed | 0 | 0 | 0 | -6.847.960 | -6.847.960 |
| Udbytte af egne aktier Dividend, treasury shares | 0 | 0 | 152.040 | -152.040 | 0 |
| Egenkapital 31. december 2016 Equity at 31 December 2016 | 550.000 | 12.454.584 | 10.609 .037 | 4.000 .000 | 27.613 .621 |

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## Pengestrømsopgørelse

Cash flow statement

| Note |  | Koncern Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Note | DKK | 2016 | 2015 |
|  | Årets resultat | 4.984 .805 | 11.116 .654 |
|  | Profit for the year |  |  |
| 11 | Reguleringer | 1.763 .500 | 3.353 .305 |
|  | Adjustments |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Cash generated from operations (operating activities) before changes in working capital | 6.748 .305 | 14.469 .959 |
| 12 | Andring i driftskapital Changes in working capital | 10.705 .370 | -7.323.983 |
|  | Pengestrømme fra primær drift Cash generated from operations (operating activities) | 17.453 .675 | 7.145 .976 |
|  | Betalt selskabsskat | -2.614.762 | $-2.963 .854$ |
|  | Corporation taxes paid |  |  |
|  | Pengestrømme fra driftsaktivitet | 14.838 .913 | 4.182.122 |
|  | Cash flows from operating activities |  |  |
|  | Køb af materielle anlægsaktiver | -18.269 | -2.666.303 |
|  | Additions of property, plant and equipment |  |  |
|  | Salg af materielle anlægsaktiver | 0 | 143.430 |
|  | Disposals of property, plant and equipment |  |  |
|  | Pengestrømme til investeringsaktivitet | -18.269 | -2.522.873 |
|  | Cash flows to investing activities |  |  |
|  | Udbetalt udbytte | $-6.847 .960$ | -6.427.960 |
|  | Dividends distributed |  |  |
|  | Køb af egne kapitalandele | -114.000 | 0 |
|  | Acquisition of treasury shares |  |  |
|  | Salg af egne kapitalandele | 0 | 1.368 .000 |
|  | Sale of treasury shares |  |  |
|  | Pengestrømme fra finansieringsaktivitet | -6.961.960 | $-5.059 .960$ |
|  | Cash flows from financing activities |  |  |
|  | Årets pengestrom | 7.858 .684 | -3.400.711 |
|  | Net cash flow |  |  |
|  | Likvider 1. januar | -7.802.444 | -4.378.027 |
|  | Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January |  |  |
|  | Valutakursregulering | -430.920 | -23.706 |
|  | Foreign exchange adjustments |  |  |
| 13 | Likvider 31. december | -374.680 | -7.802.444 |
|  | Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December |  |  |

# Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar-31. december 

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## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis
Accounting policies

Ârsrapporten for SCADA Holding A/S for 2016 er aflagt $i$ overensstemmelse med årsregnskabslovens bestemmelser for klasse B-virksomheder med tilvalg af visse bestemmelser for klasse C .

Årsregnskabet er afiagt efter samme regnskabspraksis som sidste år.

## Præsentationsvaluta

Årsregnskabet er aflagt i danske kroner (DKK).

## Konsolidering

Koncernregnskabet omfatter modervirksomheden SCADA Holding A/S og virksomheder, hvori modervirksomheden har bestemmende indflydelse. Bestemmende indflydelse antages at foreligge, når modervirksomheden direkte eller indirekte besidder mere end halvdelen af stemmerettighederne. Bestemmende indflydelse kan tillige foreligge via aftale eller vedtægter, eller fordi modervirksomheden på anden måde har eller faktisk udøver bestemmende indflydelse i dattervirksomheden.
Eksistensen og virkningen af potentielle stemmerettigheder, der aktuelt kan udnyttes eller konverteres, medtages ved vurderingen af, om bestemmende indflydelse foreligger.
Koncernregnskabet er udarbejdet som et sammendrag af modervirksomhedens og de enkelte dattervirksomheders regnskaber opgjort efter koncernens regnskabspraksis, elimineret for koncerninterne indtægter og omkostninger, aktiebesiddelser, interne mellemværender og udbytter samt realiserede og urealiserede fortjenester ved transaktioner mellem de konsoliderede virksomheder. Urealiserede fortjenester ved transaktioner med associerede virksomheder elimineres i forhold til koncernens ejerandel i virksomheden. Urealiserede tab elimineres på samme måde som urealiserede fortjenester, $i$ det omfang de ikke er udtryk for værdiforringelse.

The annual report of SCADA Holding A/S for 2016 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act to report reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class $C$ entities.
The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

## Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

## Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the parent, SCADA Holding A/S, and entities controlled by the parent. Control is presumed to exist when the parent owns, directly or indirectly, more than half of the voting power of an entity. Control may also exist by virtue of an agreement or articles of association or when the parent otherwise has a controlling interest in the subsidiary or actually exercises controlling influence over it.

The existence and impact of potential voting rights that are actually exercisable or convertible are taken into account when assessing whether control exists.
The consolidated financial statements have been prepared as a consolidation of the parent company's and the individual subsidiaries' financial statements, which are prepared according to the Group's accounting policies. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, shareholdings, intra-group balances and dividends, and realised and unrealised gains on intra-group transactions are eliminated. Unrealised gains on transactions with associates are eliminated in proportion to the Group's interest in the entity. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains in so far as they do not reflect impairment.

## SCADA Holding A/S

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## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)
Accounting policies (continued)

Nyerhvervede eller nystiftede virksomheder indregnes i koncernregnskabet fra anskaffelsestidspunktet. Solgte eller afviklede virksomheder indregnes i den konsoliderede resultatopgørelse frem til afståelsestidspunktet. Sammenligningstal korrigeres ikke for nyerhvervede, solgte eller afviklede virksomheder.

Ved køb af nye virksomheder anvendes overtagelsesmetoden, hvorefter de nytilkøbte virksomheders identificerede aktiver og forpligtelser måles til dagsværdi på erhvervelsestidspunktet. Omkostninger til omstruktureringer, som er indregnet i den overtagne virksomhed inden overtagelsesdagen, og som ikke er aftalt som led ivirksomhedsovertagelsen, indgår i overtagelsesbalancen og dermed fastlæggelse af goodwill. Omstruktureringer, der besluttes af den overtagende virksomhed, skal indregnes i resultatopgorelsen. Der tages hensyn til skatteeffekten af de foretagne omvurderinger. Positive forskelsbeløb (goodwill) mellem kostpris og dagsværdi af overtagne identificerede aktiver og forpligtelser indregnes under immaterielle aktiver og afskrives systematisk over resultatopgørelsen efter en individuel vurdering af den økonomiske levetid. Negative forskelsbel $\varnothing \mathrm{b}$ (negativ goodwill) indregnes som en indtægt i resultatopgørelsen på overtagelsestidspunktet, når de almindelige betingelser for indregning af en indtægt er til stede. Goodwill og negativ goodwill fra erhvervede virksomheder kan reguleres indtil 12 måneder efter overtagelsen.

Virksomheder, hvor koncernen har betydelig indflydelse, anses som associerede virksomheder. Betydelig indflydelse antages at foreligge når koncernen direkte eller indirekte besidder mellem $20 \%$ og $50 \%$ af stemmerettighederne eller på anden måde har eller faktisk udøver betydelig indflydelse. Associerede virksomheder indregnes i koncernregnskabet til indre værdi.

## Valutaomregning

Transaktioner i fremmed valuta omregnes ved første indregning til transaktionsdagens kurs. Valutakursdifferencer, der opstår mellem transaktionsdagens kurs og kursen på betalingsdagen, indregnes i resultatopgørelsen som en finansiel post.

Entities acquired or formed are recognised in the consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition or formation. Entities sold or otherwise disposed of are recognised in the consolidated income statement until the date of disposal. Comparative figures are not restated for acquisitions or disposals.

Corporate acquisitions are accounted for using the purchase method, according to which the acquired entity's identifiable assets and liabilities acquired are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition. Restructuring costs recognised in the acquired entity before the date of acquisition and not agreed as part of the acquisition are part of the acquisition balance sheet and, hence, the calculation of goodwill. Restructuring costs decided by the acquiring entity must be recognised in the income statement. Allowance is made for the tax effect of revaluations made. Any excess of the cost over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired (goodwill) is recognised as intangible assets and amortised on a systematic basis in the income statement based on an individual assessment of the useful life of the asset. Negative differences (negative goodwill) are recognised as income in the income statement at the time of acquisition when the general revenue recognition criteria are met. Goodwill and negative goodwill from acquired entities can be adjusted until 12 months after the year of acquisition.

Entities over which the Group has significant influence are considered associates. The Group is considered to have significant influence when it directly or indirectly holds between $20 \%$ and $50 \%$ of the voting rights or otherwise has or actually exercises significant influence. Associates are recognised in the consolidated financial statements at their net asset value.

## Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## SCADA Holding A/S

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## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)
Accounting policies (continued)

Tilgodehavender, gæld og andre monetære poster i fremmed valuta omregnes til balancedagens valutakurs. Forskellen mellem balancedagens kurs og kursen på tidspunktet for tilgodehavendets eller gældsforpligtelsens opståen eller indregning i seneste ărsregnskab indregnes i resultatopgørelsen under finansielle indtægter og omkostninger.

## Leasingkontrakter

Leasingkontrakter, hvor virksomheden ikke har alle væsentlige fordele og risici forbundet med ejendomsretten, er operationel leasing. Ydelser i forbindelse med operationel leasing og $\emptyset \mathrm{vrige}$ lejekontrakter indregnes i resultatopgørelsen over kontraktens løbetid. Virksomhedens samlede forpligtelser vedrørende operationelle leasing og lejekontrakter oplyses under eventualposter.

## Resultatopgørelsen

## Nettoomsætning

Nettoomsætningen indregnes i resultatopgørelsen, hvis levering og risikoovergang til køber har fundet sted inden årets udgang, og hvis indtægten kan opgøres pålideligt og forventes modtaget.
Nettoomsætningen indregnes ekskl. moms og afgifter opkrævet på vegne af tredjepart. Alle former for afgivne rabatter indregnes i nettoomsætningen.

Indtægter fra entreprisekontrakter, hvor køber har haft væsentlig indflydelse på udformningen af aktivet indregnes som nettoomsætning, itakt med at produktionen udføres, hvorved nettoomsætningen svarer til salgsværdien af årets udførte entreprisearbejder (produktionsmetoden). Metoden anvendes når de samlede indtægter og omkostninger på kontrakten og færdiggørelsesgraden kan måles pålideligt.

Når indtægter fra en entreprisekontrakt ikke kan skønnes pălideligt, indregnes kun omsætning svarende til de medgåede omkostninger, i det omfang, det er sandsynligt, at de vil blive betalt af modparten.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

## Leases

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incident to the ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases and any other rent agreements are recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease. The Company's aggregate liabilities relating to operating leases and other rent agreements are disclosed under "Contingent liabilities".

## Income statement

## Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the income statement provided that the delivery and transfer of risk have taken place by the end of the year and that the income can be reliably measured and is expected to be received. Revenue is recognised ex. VAT and taxes charges on behalf of third parties. Any given discounts are recognised in revenue.

Income from construction contracts involving a high degree of customisation is recognised as revenue by reference to the stage of completion. Accordingly, revenue corresponds to the market value of the contract work performed during the year (percentage-ofcompletion method). This method is used where the total income and expenses and the degree of completion of the contract can be measured reliably.
Where income from a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue corresponding to the expenses incurred is recognised only in so far as it is probable that such expenses will be recoverable from the counterparty.

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1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)
Accounting policies (continued)

## Bruttofortjeneste/bruttotab

I resultatopgørelsen er nettoomsætning, andre driftsindtægter og eksterne omkostninger med henvisning til årsregnskabslovens § 32 sammendraget til én regnskabspost benævnt bruttofortjeneste/ bruttotab.

## Eksterne omkostninger

Eksterne omkostninger omfatter omkostninger vedrørende virksomhedens primære aktivitet, der er afholdt i årets løb, herunder omkostninger til distribution, salg, reklame, administration, lokaler, tab på debitorer, ydelser på operationelle leasingkontrakter m.v.

## Personaleomkostninger

Personaleomkostninger omfatter løn og gager, inklusive feriepenge og pensioner, samt andre omkostninger til social sikring m.v. til virksomhedens medarbejdere. I personaleomkostninger er fratrukket modtagne godtgørelser fra offentlige myndigheder.

## Afskrivninger

Afskrivninger omfatter afskrivninger på materielle anlægsaktiver.

Afskrivningsgrundlaget, der opgøres som kostprisen med fradrag af eventuel restværdi, afskrives lineært over den forventede brugstid, baseret på følgende vurdering af aktivernes forventede brugstider:

## Bygninger

Buildings
Andre anlæg, driftsmateriel og inventar
Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment
Grunde afskrives ikke.

## Indtægter af kapitalandele i

dattervirksomheder
Posten omfatter virksomhedens forholdsmæssige andel af resultat efter skat i dattervirksomheder efter eliminering af interne avancer eller tab og fratrukket af- og nedskrivning på goodwill og andre merværdier på erhvervelsestidspunktet.

## Gross margin

The items revenue, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## External expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

## Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

## Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

$$
25 \text { år/years }
$$

3-5 år/years

Land is not depreciated.

## Income from investments in group entities

The item includes the Company's proportionate share of the profit/loss for the year in subsidiaries after elimination of intra-group income or losses and net of amortisation and impairment of goodwill and other excess values at the time of acquisition.

# Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar - 31. december 

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1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)
Accounting policies (continued)

## Finansielle indtægter og omkostninger

Finansielle indtægter og omkostninger indregnes i resultatopgørelsen med de beløb, der vedrører regnskabsåret. Finansielle poster omfatter renteindtægter og -omkostninger samt tillæg og godtgørelse under acontoskatteordningen m.v.

## Skat

Skat af arets resultat omfatter aktuel skat af årets forventede skattepligtige indkomst og årets regulering af udskudt skat. Årets skat indregnes $i$ resultatopgørelsen med den del, der kan henføres til arets resultat, og i egenkapitalen med den del, som kan henføres til transaktioner indregnet i egenkapitalen.

Virksomheden og de danske dattervirksomheder er sambeskattede. Den danske selskabsskat fordeles meliem overskuds- og underskudsgivende danske selskaber i forhold til disses skattepligtige indkomst (fuld fordeling).
Sambeskattede selskaber med overskydende skat godtgøres som minimum i henhold til de gæidende satser for rentegodtgørelser af administrationsselskabet, ligesom sambeskattede selskaber med restskat som maksimum betaler et tillæg i henhold til de gældende satser for rentetillæg til administrationsselskabet.

## Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

## Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit making and loss making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income).
Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

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1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)
Accounting policies (continued)

## Balancen

## Materielle anlægsaktiver

Materielle anlægsaktiver måles til kostpris med fradrag af akkumulerede af- og nedskrivninger. Kostprisen omfatter anskaffelsesprisen og omkostninger direkte knyttet til anskaffelsen indtil det tidspunkt, hvor aktivet er klar til brug.

Fortjeneste eller tab opgøres som forskellen mellem salgspris med fradrag af salgsomkostninger og den regnskabsmæssige værdi på salgstidspunktet. Fortjeneste og tab ved salg af materielle aktiver indregnes i resultatopgørelsen under henholdsvis andre driftsindtægter og andre driftsomkostninger.

## Kapitalandele i dattervirksomheder

Kapitalandele i dattervirksomheder måles ved første indregning til kostpris og efterfølgende til den forholdsmæssige andel af virksomhedernes indre værdi opgjort efter modervirksomhedens regnskabspraksis med fradrag eller tillæg af resterende værdi af positiv eller negativ goodwill opgjort efter overtagelsesmetoden. Dattervirksomheder med negativ regnskabsmæssig indre værdi måles til 0 kr ., og et eventuelt tilgodehavende hos disse virksomheder nedskrives med modervirksomhedens andel af den negative indre værdi, i det omfang det vurderes som uerholdeligt. Hvis den regnskabsmæssige negative indre værdi overstiger tilgodehavender, indregnes det resterende beløb under hensatte forpligtelser, i det omfang modervirksomheden har en retlig eller faktisk forpligtelse til at dække dattervirksomhedens underbalance. Nettoopskrivning af kapitalandele i
dattervirksomheder overføres til egenkapitalen til reserve for nettoopskrivning efter indre værdis metode, i det omfang den regnskabsmæssige værdi overstiger anskaffelsesværdien.
Nyerhvervede eller nystiftede virksomheder indregnes i årsregnskabet fra anskaffelsestidspunktet. Solgte eller afviklede virksomheder indregnes frem til afståelsestidspunktet.

## Balance sheet

## Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.
Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

## Investments in subsidiaries

On initial recognition, investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost and subsequently at the proportionate share of the entities' net asset values calculated in accordance with the parent company's accounting policies minus or plus any residual value of positive or negative goodwill calculated in accordance with the purchase method of accounting. Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are measured at DKK 0 (nil), and any amounts owed by such entities are written down by the parent company's share of the net asset value if the amount owed is deemed irrecoverable. If the negative net asset value exceeds the amounts owed, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions if the parent company has a legal or a constructive obligation to cover the entity's deficit. Net revaluations of investments in subsidiaries are transferred to the net revaluation reserve according to the equity method where the carrying amount exceeds the acquisition cost.

Newly acquired or formed entities are recognised in the financial statements from the date of acquisition or formation. Entities sold or otherwise disposed of are recognised up to the date of disposal.

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Accounting policies (continued)

Ved $k ø b$ af nye dattervirksomheder anvendes overtagelsesmetoden, hvorefter de nytilkøbte virksomheders aktiver og forpligtelser måles til dagsværdi på erhvervelsestidspunktet. Der indregnes en hensat forpligtelse til dækning af omkostninger ved besluttede omstruktureringer i den erhvervede virksomhed i forbindelse med købet. Der tages hensyn til skatteeffekten af de foretagne omvurderinger.

## Værdiforringelse af anlægsaktiver

Materielle anlægsaktiver samt kapitalandele i dattervirksomheder vurderes årligt for indikationer på værdiforringelse udover det, som udtrykkes ved afskrivning.

Foreligger der indikationer på værdiforringelse, foretages nedskrivningstest af hvert enkelt aktiv henholdsvis gruppe af aktiver. Der foretages nedskrivning til genindvindingsværdien, hvis denne er lavere end den regnskabsmæssige værdi.

Som genindvindingsværdi anvendes den højeste værdi af nettosalgspris og kapitalværdi. Kapitalværdien opgøres som nutidsværdien af de forventede nettopengestrømme fra anvendelsen af aktivet eller aktivgruppen og forventede nettopengestrømme ved salg af aktivet eller aktivgruppen efter endt brugstid.

Tidligere indregnede nedskrivninger tilbageføres, når begrundelsen for nedskrivningen ikke ほngere består. Nedskrivninger på goodwill tilbageføres ikke.

## Varebeholdninger

Varebeholdninger måles til kostpris efter FIFOmetoden. Er nettorealisationsværdien lavere end kostprisen, nedskrives til denne lavere værdi. Nettorealisationsværdien for varebeholdninger opgøres som salgssum med fradrag af færdiggørelsesomkostninger og omkostninger, der afholdes for at effektuere salget, og fastsættes under hensyntagen til omsættelighed, ukurans og udvikling i forventet salgspris.

Corporate acquisitions are accounted for using the purchase method according to which the acquired entity's identifiable assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. In connection with the acquisition, a provision is made for expenses related to adopted plans to restructure the acquired entity. The tax effect of revaluations made is taken into account.

## Impairment of non-current assets

Property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries and associates are subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.
Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

## Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

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1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)
Accounting policies (continued)

## Tilgodehavender

Tilgodehavender måles til amortiseret kostpris.
Der foretages nedskrivning til imødegåelse af tab, hvor der vurderes at være indtruffet en objektiv indikation på, at et tilgodehavende eller en portefølje af tilgodehavender er værdiforringet. Hvis der foreligger en objektiv indikation på, at et individuelt tilgodehavende er værdiforringet, foretages nedskrivning på individuelt niveau.
Nedskrivninger opgøres som forskellen mellem den regnskabsmæssige værdi af tilgodehavender og nutidsværdien af de forventede pengestrømme, herunder realisationsværdi af eventuelle modtagne sikkerhedsstillelser. Som diskonteringssats anvendes den effektive rente for det enkelte tilgodehavende eller portefølje.

## Entreprisekontrakter

Igangværende leverancer af serviceydelser og igangværende entreprisekontrakter måles til salgsværdien af det udførte arbejde fratrukket acontofaktureringer. Salgsværdien opgøres på grundlag af færdiggørelsesgraden på balancedagen og de samlede forventede indtægter på det enkelte igangværende arbejde. Færdiggørelsesgraden opgøres på grundlag af de afholdte omkostninger i forhold til de forventede samlede omkostninger på det enkelte igangværende arbejde.
Når resultatet af en igangværende kontrakt ikke kan skønnes pålideligt, måles salgsværdien til de medgåede omkostninger i det omfang disse forventes at blive dækket af køber.

Hvis de samlede omkostninger på det igangværende arbejde forventes at overstige den samlede salgsværdi, indregnes det forventede tab som en tabsgivende aftale under hensatte forpligtelser og omkostningsføres i resultatopgørelsen.

Værdien af de enkelte igangværende arbejder med fradrag af acontofaktureringer klassificeres som aktiver, når salgsværdien overstiger acontofaktureringer og som forpligtelser, når acontofaktureringer overstiger salgsværdien.

## Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.
An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

## Construction contracts

Service supplies and contract work in progress for third parties are measured at the market value of the work performed less progress billings. The market value is calculated based on the stage of completion at the balance sheet date and the total expected income from the relevant contract. The stage of completion is calculated based on the expenses incurred relative to the expected total expenses relating to the relevant contract.

Where the outcome of contract work in progress cannot be estimated reliably, the market value is measured at the expenses incurred in so far as they are expected to be paid by the purchaser.
Where the total expenses relating to the work in progress are expected to exceed the total market value, the expected loss is recognised as a loss-making agreement under "Provisions" and is expensed in the income statement.

The value of work in progress less progress billings is classified as assets when the selling price exceeds progress billings and as liabilities when progress billings exceed the market value.

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1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)
Accounting policies (continued)

## Periodeafgrænsningsposter

Periodeafgrænsningsposter, indregnet under aktiver, omfatter forudbetalte omkostninger vedrørende efterfølgende regnskabsår.

## Likvider

Likvider omfatter likvide beholdninger og kortfristede værdipapirer, som uden hindring kan omsættes til likvide beholdninger, og hvorpå der kun er ubetydelige risici for værdiændringer.

## Egenkapital

## Egne kapitalandele

Købs- og salgssummer af egne kapitalandele indregnes direkte i egenkapitalen under overført resultat.

## Foreslået udbytte

Foreslået udbytte indregnes som en forpligtelse på tidspunktet for vedtagelse på den ordinære generalforsamling (deklareringstidspunktet). Udbytte, som forventes udbetalt for året, vises som en særskilt post under egenkapitalen.

## Selskabsskat

Aktuelle skatteforpligtelser og tilgodehavende aktuel skat indregnes i balancen som beregnet skat af årets skattepligtige indkomst, reguleret for skat af tidligere års skattepligtige indkomster samt betalte acontoskatter.

## Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

## Equity

## Treasury shares

Purchases and sales of treasury shares are taken directly to equity under "Retained earnings".

## Proposed dividends

Dividend proposed for the year is recognised as a liability once adopted at the annual general meeting (declaration date). Dividends expected to be distributed for the financial year are presented as a separate item under "Equity".

## Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

## SCADA Holding A/S

Ârsrapport 2016
Annual report 2016

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1 Anvendt regnskabspraksis (fortsat)
Accounting policies (continued)

Udskudt skat måles efter den balanceorienterede gældsmetode af alle midlertidige forskelle mellem regnskabsmæssig og skattemæssig værdi af aktiver og forpligtelser. Der indregnes dog ikke udskudt skat af midlertidige forskelle vedrørende skattemæssigt ikke-afskrivningsberettiget goodwill og kontorejendomme samt andre poster, hvor midlertidige forskelle bortset fra virksomhedsovertagelser er opstået på anskaffelsestidspunktet uden at have indvirkning på resultat eller skattepligtig indkomst. I de tilfælde, hvor opgørelse af skatteværdien kan foretages efter forskellige beskatningsregler, måles udskudt skat på grundlag af den af ledelsen planlagte anvendelse af aktivet, henholdsvis afvikling af forpligtelsen.

Udskudt skat måles på grundlag af de skatteregler og skattesatser, der med balancedagens lovgivning vil være gældende, når den udskudte skat forventes udløst som aktuel skat. Udskudte skatteaktiver indregnes med den værdi, som de forventes at blive udnyttet med, enten ved udligning i skat af fremtidig indtjening eller ved modregning i udskudte skatteforpligtelser inden for samme jurisdiktion. AEndring i udskudt skat som følge af ændringer i skattesatser indregnes i resultatopgørelsen.

## Gældsforpligtelser

Finansielle gældsforpligtelser indregnes ved lånoptagelse til det modtagne provenu efter fradrag af afholdte transaktionsomkostninger. I efterfølgende perioder måles de finansielle forpligtelser til amortiseret kostpris, svarende til den kapitaliserede værdi ved anvendelse af den effektive rente, så forskellen mellem provenuet og den nominelle værdi indregnes i resultatopgørelsen over låneperioden.
$\emptyset v r i g e ~ g æ l d s f o r p l i g t e i s e r ~ m a ̊ l e s ~ t i l ~ n e t t o r e a l i s a t i-~$ onsværdien.

## Periodeafgrænsningsposter

Periodeafgrænsningsposter, indregnet under forpligtelser, omfatter modtagne betalinger, som vedrører indtægter i efterfølgende regnskabsår.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

## Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the differencé between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

## Deferred income

Deferred income recognised as a liability comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.

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Accounting policies (continued)

## Pengestrømsopgørelsen

Pengestrømsopgørelsen viser virksomhedens pengestrømme for året fordelt på drifts-, inve-sterings- og finansieringsaktivitet, årets forskydning i likvider samt virksomhedens likvider ved årets begyndelse og slutning.

Pengestrømme fra driftsaktivitet opgøres som årets resultat reguleret for ikke-kontante driftsposter, ændring i driftskapital og betalt selskabsskat.

Pengestrømme fra investeringsaktivitet omfatter betaling $i$ forbindelse med $k ø b$ og salg af virksomheder og aktiviteter samt $k ø b$ og salg af immaterielle, materielle og finansielle aktiver.

Pengestrømme fra finansieringsaktivitet omfatter ændringer i størrelse eller sammensætning af virksomhedens selskabskapital og omkostninger forbundet hermed samt optagelse af lån, afdrag på rentebærende gæid og betaling af udbytte til selskabsdeltagere.
Likvider omfatter likvide beholdninger og kortfristet bankgæld samt kortfristede værdipapirer, som uden hindring kan omsættes til likvide beholdninger, og hvorpå der kun er ubetydelige risici for værdiændringer.

## Nøgletal

Nøgletallene er beregnet i overensstemmelse med Finansforeningens "Anbefalinger og Nøgletal 2015".

De i hoved- og nøgletalsoversigten anførte nøgletal er beregnet således:

## Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows the Company's net cash flows broken down according to operating, investing and financing activities, the year's changes in cash and cash equivalents as well as the cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the profit/loss for the year adjusted for non cash operating items, changes in working capital and paid corporate income tax.
Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisitions and disposals of entities and activities and of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and investments.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the Company's share capital and related expenses as well as raising of loans, repayment of interest bearing debt and payment of dividends to shareholders.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, short term bank loans and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and which are subject only to insignificant risks of changes in value.

## Financial ratios

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's guidelines on the calculation of financial ratios
"Recommendations and Financial Ratios 2015".
The financial ratios stated under "Financial highlights" have been calculated as follows:

| Afkastningsgrad | Resultat af primær drift | Profit/loss from operating activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Return on assets | Gennemsnitlige aktiver x 100 | Average assets $\times 100$ |
| Likviditetsgrad | Omsætningsaktiver x 100 | Current assets $\times 100$ |
| Current ratio | Kortfristet gæld | Current liabilities |
| Soliditetsgrad | Egenkapital ultimo $\times 100$ | Equity at year end x 100 |
| Solvency ratio | Passiver i alt, ultimo | Total equity and liabilities at year end |
| Egenkapitalforrentning | Arets resultat efter skat $\times 100$ | Profit/loss for the year after tax $\times 100$ |
| Return on equity | Gennemsnitlig egenkapital | Average equity |

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|  | Koncern Group |  | Modervirksomhed Parent company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DKK | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

2 Personaleomkostninger Staff costs
Lønninger
Wages/salaries
Pensioner
Pensions
Andre omkostninger til social
sikring
Other social security costs

Gennemsnitligt antal fuldtidsbeskæftigede
Average number of full-time employees

3 Finansielle indtægter
Financial income
Renteindtægter fra tilknyttede virksomheder
Interest receivable, group entities
Andre finansielle indtægter Other financial income

| 0 | 0 | 239.060 |  | 345.875 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 270.640 | 720.862 | 0 |  | 294.661 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 270.640 |  | 239.060 |  | 640.536 |

4 Finansielle omkostninger Financial expenses Renteomkostninger til
tilknyttede virksomheder
Interest expenses, group entities
Andre finansielle omkostninger
Other financial expenses

| 0 | 0 | 2.300 | 216.883 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 513.600 | 406.798 |  | 35.098 | 10.009 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar - 31. december

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

5 Materielle anlægsaktiver
Property, plant and equipment

## DKK

Kostpris 1. januar 2016
Cost at 1 January 2016
Valutakursreguleringer
Foreign exchange adjustments
Tilgange
Additions
Kostpris 31. december 2016
Cost at 31 December 2016
Værdireguleringer 1. januar 2016
Value adjustments at 1 January 2016
Værdireguleringer 31. december 2016
Value adjustments at 31 December 2016
Af- og nedskrivninger 1. januar 2016
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2016
Valutakursreguleringer
Foreign exchange adjustments
Afskrivninger
Depreciation
Af- og nedskrivninger 31. december 2016
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2016
Regnskabsmæssig værdi 31. december 2016
Carrying amount at 31 December 2016

|  | Koncern Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grunde og bygninger Land and buildings | Andre anlæg, driftsmateriel og inventar Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I alt } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |
| 4.062.200 | 3.612 .050 | 7.674 .250 |
| 0 | -4.183 | -4.183 |
| 0 | 18.269 | 18.269 |
| 4.062 .200 | 3.626 .136 | 7.688.336 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 496.827 | 956.290 | 1.453 .117 |
| 0 | -488 | -488 |
| 152.910 | 853.477 | 1.006.387 |
| 649.737 | 1.809 .279 | 2.459 .016 |
| 3.412 .463 | 1.816 .857 | 5.229 .320 |

Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar - 31. december
Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

6 Finansielle anlægsaktiver
Investments

|  | Modervirksomhed Parent company |
| :---: | :---: |
| DKK | Kapitalandele tilknyttede virksomheder Investments in group enterprises |
| Kostpris 1. januar 2016 Cost at 1 January 2016 | 7.984 .216 |
| Kostpris 31. december 2016 Cost at 31 December 2016 | 7.984.216 |
| Værdireguleringer 1. januar 2016 Value adjustments at 1 January 2016 | 18.071 .518 |
| Valutakursreguleringer Foreign exchange adjustments | -434.569 |
| Modtaget udbytte Dividend received | -9.550.000 |
| Årets resultat <br> Profit/loss for the year | 4.914 .896 |
| Hensættelse mellemværender <br> Transferred to provision on group balances | -547.261 |
| Værdireguleringer 31. december 2016 Value adjustments at 31 December 2016 | 12.454.584 |
| Regnskabsmæssig værdi 31. december 2016 Carrying amount at 31 December 2016 | 20.438.800 |


|  | Retsform <br> Legal form |  | Hjemsted <br> Domicile | Ejerandel <br> Interest |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dattervirksomheder <br> Subsidiaries |  |  |  |  |
| SCADA Development | ApS | Aulum |  |  |
| SCADA International | A/S | Aulum | $100,00 \%$ |  |
| SCADA International Deutschland | GmbH | Tyskland | $100,00 \%$ |  |
| SCADA International | Inc. | USA | $100,00 \%$ |  |
| SCADA International | Sp. Z.0.0 | Polen | $100,00 \%$ |  |
| SCADA International Business | Itd. | UK | $100,00 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar-31. december

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period I January - 31 December

## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

|  | Koncern <br> Group |  | Modervirksomhed <br> Parent company |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

7 Entreprisekontrakter Construction contracts Salgsværdi af udført arbejde Selling price of work performed Aconto faktureringer Progress billings

| 14.747 .690 | 14.662.547 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -9.670.728 | -5.942.313 | 0 | 0 |
| 5.076 .962 | 8.720 .234 | 0 | 0 |

der indregnes således:
recognised as follows:

| Entreprisekontrakter (aktiver) | 5.822 .532 | 9.480 .309 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction contracts (assets) |  |  |  |  |
| Entreprisekontrakter (forpligtelser) | -745.570 | -760.075 | 0 | 0 |
| Construction contracts (liabilities) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5.076 .962 | 8.720 .234 | 0 | 0 |

## 8 Aktiekapital

Share capital
Aktiekapitalen er fordelt således:
Analysis of the share capital:
Aktier, 55.000 stk. a nom. 10,00 kr. 55,000 shares of DKK 10,00 nominal value each

| 550.000 |  | 550.000 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 550.000 |  |

Aktiekapitalen har udviklet sig således de seneste 5 år:
Analysis of changes in the share capital over the past 5 years:
DKK
Saldo primo
Opening balance
Kapitalforhøjelse Capital increase

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |  | 2012 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 550.000 | 550.000 | 125.000 | 125.000 | 125.000 |
| 0 | 0 | 425.000 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 550.000 | 550.000 | 550.000 | 125.000 | 125.000 |  |

## Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar - 31. december

consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

9 Kontraktlige forpligtelser og eventualposter m.v. Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

## Andre $\varnothing$ konomiske forpligtelser

Other financial obligations

## Koncern <br> Group

Koncernen har huslejeforpligtelser med i alt 541 t.kr. i huslejekontrakter med resterende kontraktperiode på ca. 1-17 måneder.

Koncernen har endvidere indgået operationelle leasingaftaler på biler i alt 749 t.kr. med en resterende kontraktperiode på 5-31 måneder.

## Modervirksomhed <br> Parent company

Selskabet er sambeskattet med øvrige danske koncernvirksomheder. Som administrationsselskab hæfter selskabet ubegrænset og solidarisk med de $ø$ vrige koncernvirksomheder for danske selskabsskatter og kildeskatter på udbytte, renter og royalties inden for sambeskatningskredsen. De sambeskattede virksomheders samlede kendte nettoforpligtelse på skyldige selskabsskatter og kildeskatter på udbytte, renter og royalties udgør 0 t.kr. pr. 31. december 2016. Eventuelle senere korrektioner af sambeskatnings-indkomst og kildeskat m.v. vil kunne medføre, at selskabets hæftelse udgør et større beløb.

Rent and lease liabilities include a rent obligation totalling DKK 541 thousand in interminable rent agreements with remaining contract terms of 1-17 months.

Furthermore, the Company has liabilities under operating leases for cars totalling DKK 749 thousand, with remaining contract terms of 531 months.

The company is jointly taxed with the Danish subsidiaries. The companies included in the joint taxation have joint and several unlimited liability for Danish corporation taxes and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties. The net-liability for the jointly taxated companies is DKK 0 thousand at 31 December 2016. Later adjustments of the joint taxation income and tax deducted at source might lead to a larger liability for the company.

## Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar-31. december

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

10 Sikkerhedsstillelser
Collateral

## Koncern

Group

Koncernen har udstedt ejerpantebreve på i alt 4.500 t.kr., der giver pant i grunde og bygninger med en regnskabsmæssig værdi pr. 31. december 2016 på 3.412 t.kr.

Ejerpantebrevene er deponeret til sikkerhed for bankgæld.
Koncernen har endvidere udstedt virksomhedspant på i alt 5.200 t.kr., der giver pant itilgodehavender, varelager, driftsmidler samt immaterielle anlægsaktiver. Aktiverne har en regnskabsmæssig værdi på pr. 31. december 2016 i alt 16.456 t.kr. Virksomhedspantet er tillige stillet som sikkerhed for bankgæld.

Bankindestående på 29 t.kr. er deponeret til sikkerhed for samarbejdspartner.

## Modervirksomhed <br> Parent company

Gældsbrev nom. 4.872 t.kr. fra datterselskabet SCADA International A/S er deponeret til sikkerhed for bankgæid. Pr. 31. december 2016 har tilgodehavendet en regnskabsmæssig værdi på 5.884 t.kr.

The group has provided guarantees and provided collateral in land and buildings nom. DKK 4,500 thousand for balances between group companies and bank. At 31 December 2016 land and buildings has a carrying amount of DKK 3,412 thousand.

Furthermore a group company has provided a company charge nom. DKK 5,200 thousand for balances between the company and bank. The company charge includes receivables, inventories, other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment and intangible assets. At 31 December 2016 the assets have a carrying amount of DKK 16,456 thousand.

Cash at bank DKK 29 thousand has been deposited as guarantee for security for business partner.

Debt totaling DKK 4.872 thousand from the subsidary SCADA International A/S is provided as collateral for balances between the company and bank. At 31 December 2016 the recivable has a carrying amount of DKK 5.884 thousand.

## Koncern- og årsregnskab 1. januar-31. december

Consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements for the period 1 January - 31 December

## Noter

Notes to the financial statements

|  | Koncern Group |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DKK | 2016 | 2015 |
| Reguleringer Adjustments |  |  |
| Af-og nedskrivninger | 1.006.433 | 555.631 |
| Amortisation/depreciation and impairment losses |  |  |
| Avance/tab ved afhændelse af anlægsaktiver | 0 | -40.197 |
| Gain/loss on the sale of non-current assets |  |  |
| Skat af årets resultat | 757.067 | 2.837 .871 |
| Tax for the year | 1.763 .500 | 3.353.305 |
| Andring i driftskapital |  |  |
| Changes in working capital |  |  |
| Andring i varebeholdninger | -67.892 | 217.360 |
| Change in inventories |  |  |
| $\nleftarrow$ Endring i tilgodehavender | 16.408.873 | -13.378.825 |
| Change in receivables |  |  |
| $\neq$ Endring i leverandørgæid | -2.727.878 | 3.026.314 |
| Change in trade and other payables |  |  |
| $\notin$ Endring anden gæld mv. | -2.907.733 | 2.811 .168 |
| Adjustments in other payables | 10.705.370 | -7.323.983 |

13 Likvider, ultimo
Cash and cash equivalents at year-end
Likvide beholdninger ifølge balancen
6.136.806 $\quad 5.787 .670$

Cash according to the balance sheet
Kortfristet gæld til banker
Short-term debt to banks
$-6.511 .486 \quad-13.590 .114$

