

NOORSØM GROUP INTERNATIONAL ApS

Staktoften 2, Trørød, 2950 Vedbæk

Company reg. no. 32 09 94 24

Annual report

2023

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 22 March 2024.

Anne Julie Kristiansen Chairman of the meeting



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Notes

- $\bullet \ \ \text{To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used. }$
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.



Management's statement

Today, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director have approved the annual report of NOORSØM GROUP INTERNATIONAL ApS for the financial year 2023.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Vedbæk, 22 March 2024

Managing Director

Anne Julie Kristiansen

Board of directors

Hermann Valur Haraldsson Sa

Sandra Helén Gadd

Mads Bruun Famme



Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholder of NOORSØM GROUP INTERNATIONAL ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NOORSØM GROUP INTERNATIONAL ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 22 March 2024

Baagøe | Schou

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 21 14 81 48

Bent Pallesen State Authorised Public Accountant mne21443



Company information

The company NOORSØM GROUP INTERNATIONAL ApS

Staktoften 2

Trørød

2950 Vedbæk

Company reg. no. 32 09 94 24 Established: 7 April 2009 Domicile: Rudersdal

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Board of directors Hermann Valur Haraldsson, Chairman

Sandra Helén Gadd Mads Bruun Famme

Managing Director Anne Julie Kristiansen

Auditors Baagøe | Schou

statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

Fiolstræde 44, 3. th. 1171 København K

Parent company Nordic Brand Hub A/S, Rudersdal



Management's review

The principal activities of the company

Like previous years, the activities are entering into contracts, trading in clothing, accessories and shoes as well as related business.

Development in activities and financial matters

Income from ordinary activities after tax totals TDKK 22 against TDKK 370 last year. The management considers the net profit for the year to be satisfactory.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred that could significantly affect the company's financial position.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

Amounts concerning 2023: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2022: DKK thousand.

Note	2023	2022
Gross profit	1.093.058	1.475
1 Staff costs	-1.056.833	-995
Operating profit	36.225	480
Other financial income	8.355	1
Other financial expenses	-16.583	-7
Pre-tax net profit or loss	27.997	474
2 Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-6.138	-104
Net profit or loss for the year	21.859	370
Proposed distribution of net profit:		
Dividend for the financial year	0	370
Transferred to retained earnings	21.859	0
Total allocations and transfers	21.859	370



Balance sheet at 31 December

Amounts concerning 2023: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2022: DKK thousand.

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Note	2023	2022
Current assets		
Trade receivables	1.069.991	873
Income tax receivables	171.395	0
Other receivables	0	134
Total receivables	1.241.386	1.007
Cash and cash equivalents	242.842	787
Total current assets	1.484.228	1.794
Total assets	1.484.228	1.794
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
Contributed capital	50.000	50
Retained earnings	21.859	0
Proposed dividend for the financial year	0	370
Total equity	71.859	420
Liabilities other than provisions		
Trade payables	920.584	1.210
Income tax payable	0	61
Other payables	491.785	103
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	1.412.369	1.374
Total liabilities other than provisions	1.412.369	1.374
Total equity and liabilities	1.484.228	1.794

3 Charges and security

4 Contingencies



Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the financial year	Total
Equity 1 January 2022	50.000	0	370.084	420.084
Distributed dividend	0	0	-370.084	-370.084
Retained earnings for the year	0	21.859	0	21.859
	50.000	21.859	0	71.859



Notes

Amounts concerning 2023: DKK.

Amounts concerning 2022: DKK thousand.

		2023	2022
1.	Staff costs		
	Salaries and wages	1.056.833	995
		1.056.833	995
	Average number of employees	2	2
2.	Tax on net profit or loss for the year		
	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	6.138	104
		6.138	104

3. Charges and security

The company is not liable for pledges or collateral.

4. Contingencies

Joint taxation

With Boozt Fashion ApS, company reg. no. 32 55 14 16, as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.



The annual report for NOORSØM GROUP INTERNATIONAL ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.



Income statement

Gross profit

Gross profit comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 11 and IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration promised exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).



Statement of financial position

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

Accounts receivable for which there is no objective indication of impairment at the individual level are evaluated at portfolio level for objective indication of impairment. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit rating in accordance with the company's and the group's credit risk management policy. Determination of the objective indicators applied for portfolios are based on experience with historical losses.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of accounts receivable and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any securities received. The effective interest rate for the individual account receivable or portfolio is used as the discount rate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under equity.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as "Tax receivables from group enterprises" or "Income tax payable to group enterprises"



According to the rules of joint taxation, NOORSØM GROUP INTERNATIONAL ApS is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable to pay the Danish tax authorities the total income tax, including withholding tax on interest, royalties, and dividends, arising from the jointly taxed group of companies.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Adjustments take place in relation to deferred tax concerning elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities other than provisions

Liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

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Anne Julie Kristiansen

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var: Anne Julie Kristiansen Managing Director

ID: 5849257b-bf5b-4ce6-af6f-057e725fdf79 CPR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 26-03-2024 Underskrevet med MitID

Mit 10

Sandra Helén Gadd

Navnet returneret af svensk BanklD (SE) var: SANDRA GADD Board member

SSN-match med svensk BankID (SE) Dato for underskrift: 27-03-2024 Underskrevet med BankID (SE)



Bent Pallesen

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var: Bent Pallesen State Authorised Public Accountant

ID: 6f0874d4-557c-4860-903f-167537f93685 CVR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 28-03-2024 Underskrevet med MitID



Hermann Valur Haraldsson

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var: Hermann Valur Haraldsson Chairman

ID: 65a57adf-1139-446a-baff-315e789a074a CPR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 22-03-2024 Underskrevet med MitID

Mit 10

Mads Bruun Famme

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var: NAVNE & ADRESSEBESKYTTET Board member

ID: b8fe0509-4d38-4a1e-92d2-f2fd110716dc CPR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 28-03-2024 Underskrevet med MitID



Anne Julie Kristiansen

Navnet returneret af dansk MitID var: Anne Julie Kristiansen Chairman of the meeting

ID: 5849257b-bf5b-4ce6-af6f-057e725fdf79 CPR-match med dansk MitID Dato for underskrift: 28-03-2024 Underskrevet med MitID



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