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# **Junkbusters Group ApS**

Raffinaderivej 20, 2300 København S

**Company reg. no. 32 07 39 13**

## **Annual report**

**1 January - 31 December 2021**

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 31 May 2022.

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**Jesper Rasmussen**  
Chairman of the meeting

## Contents

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	<u>Page</u>
<b>Reports</b>	
Management's statement	1
Independent auditor's report	2
 <b>Management's review</b>	
Company information	5
Group overview	6
Management's review	7
 <b>Consolidated financial statements and financial statements 1 January - 31 December 2021</b>	
Income statement	8
Balance sheet	9
Consolidated statement of changes in equity	11
Statement of changes in equity of the parent	11
Notes	13
Accounting policies	20

Notes to users of the English version of this document:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from Danish version of the document. This means that DKK 146.940 corresponds to the English amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % corresponds to 23.5 %.

## **Management's statement**

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Today, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director have approved the annual report of Junkbusters Group ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2021, and of the results of the Group and the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

København S, 31 May 2022

### **Managing Director**

Steffen Herbst Rasmussen

### **Board of directors**

Jesper Rasmussen

Jesper Genter Lohmann

Charlotte Smidt

Karsten Kronborg

## **Independent auditor's report**

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### **To the Shareholders of Junkbusters Group ApS**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements of Junkbusters Group ApS for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies for both the Group the Parent Company. The consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Parent Company at 31 December 2021, and of the results of the Group and the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Management's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Independent auditor's report**

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### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Parent Company Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

## **Independent auditor's report**

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- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on Management's Review**

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent company financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Hillerød, 31 May 2022

### **Grant Thornton**

State Authorised Public Accountants  
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

Claus Koskelin

State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne30140

## **Company information**

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**The company**

Junkbusters Group ApS  
Raffinaderivej 20  
2300 København S

Company reg. no. 32 07 39 13  
Domicile: Copenhagen  
Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

**Board of directors**

Jesper Rasmussen  
Jesper Genter Lohmann  
Charlotte Smidt  
Karsten Kronborg

**Managing Director**

Steffen Herbst Rasmussen

**Auditors**

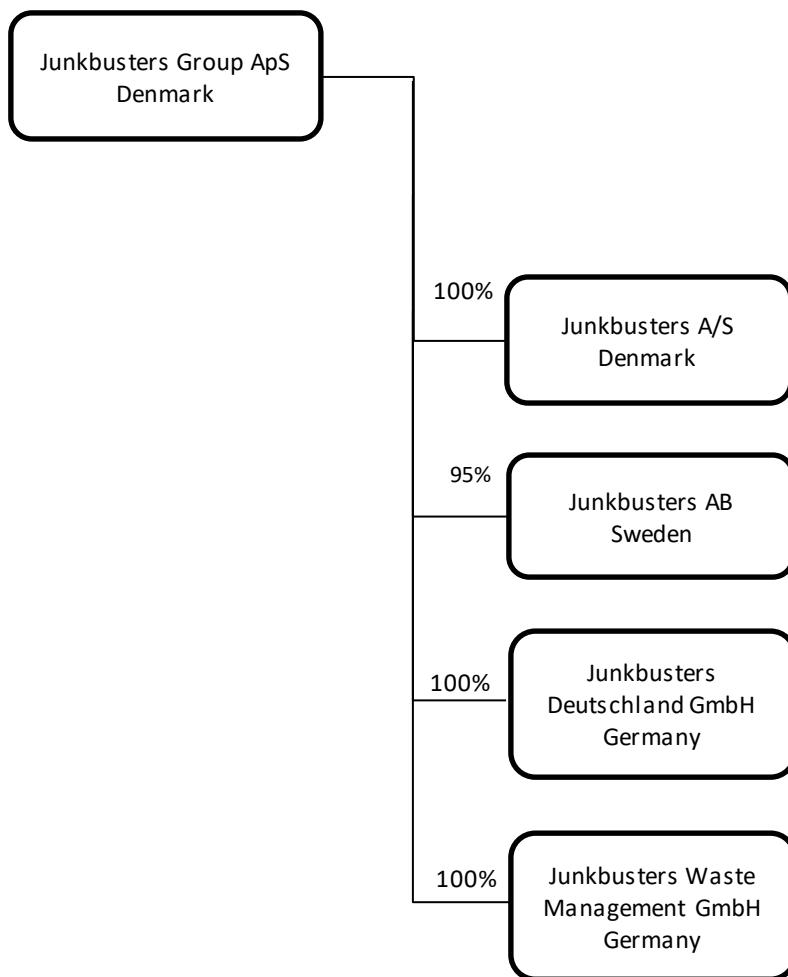
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Nordstensvej 11  
3400 Hillerød

**Subsidiaries**

Junkbusters A/S, København  
Junkbusters AB, Stockholm  
Junkbusters Deutschland GmbH, Hamburg  
Junkbusters Waste Management GmbH, Hamburg

## Group chart

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## **Management's review**

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### **The principal activities of the group**

Junkbusters is a waste and logistic company working with local partners through our own developed software platform, which has simple and innovative solutions for handling of construction-waste and bulky waste in the bigger cities in Denmark, Sweden and Germany.

### **Uncertainties about recognition or measurement**

There have been no significant uncertainties or unusual conditions that have affected the recognition or measurement.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

For 2021 the Group had an EBITDA of kDKK -5.877, which is kDKK 2.001 better than last year. The results and economic development are, in light of the covid-19 situation that impacted the market, satisfying.

### **Sustainability**

Junkbusters is environmentally conscious and works continuously to reduce any impact on the environment as a result of its operation. This is e.g. done by using local service partners to minimize transportation. Additionally, Junkbusters will during 2022 replace all own owned diesel-fueled Junkbag-trucks with gas-fueled trucks, thus reducing CO2 emissions with 90 % on these trucks.

Junkbusters delivers sustainable solutions within collection, transport, handling and recycling of construction and bulky waste. and thus contributes to the circular economy.

Junkbusters assist a wide range of companies in Denmark, Sweden and Germany to meet high standards of responsible and environmentally safe recycling of waste. Junkbusters has developed a unique waste reporting tool, that allows all customers to monitor the handling of their waste, including how much of the waste from each project/address is recycled, recovered or used for landfill. In 2022 Junkbusters will be able to make CO2-reporting for all customers based on the actual transportation and waste fraction.

### **Equity**

The equity of the Junkbusters Group has been lost due to the result of the year. This is in accordance with the budget and the equity is expected to be restored by the positive results, that is expected during 2022 and the following years. In February 2022 the company has received a capital increase of kDKK 4.000 from existing shareholders, which historically always has supported the Group if funding was required to ensure the strategic plans.

### **Events occurring after the end of the financial year**

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.

**Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

Note	Group		Parent	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>13.908.718</b>	<b>16.211.531</b>	<b>-637.022</b>	<b>603.481</b>
1 Staff costs	-19.785.914	-24.089.859	-2.325.108	-2.117.548
Depreciation, amortisation, and impairment	-1.709.390	-1.668.036	-1.357.187	-1.342.994
<b>Operating profit</b>	<b>-7.586.586</b>	<b>-9.546.364</b>	<b>-4.319.317</b>	<b>-2.857.061</b>
Income from investments in subsidiaries	0	0	-3.566.768	-6.790.159
Other financial income	22.965	23.839	22.012	21.460
2 Other financial expenses	-858.751	-714.152	-944.784	-814.269
<b>Pre-tax net profit or loss</b>	<b>-8.422.372</b>	<b>-10.236.677</b>	<b>-8.808.857</b>	<b>10.440.029</b>
Tax on net profit or loss for the year	466.266	739.961	855.945	943.313
<b>Net profit or loss for the year</b>	<b>-7.956.106</b>	<b>-9.496.716</b>	<b>-7.952.912</b>	<b>-9.496.716</b>
Break-down of the consolidated profit or loss:				
Shareholders in Junkbusters Group ApS	-7.952.912	-9.507.783		
Non-controlling interests	-3.194	11.067		
	<b>-7.956.106</b>	<b>-9.496.716</b>		
<b>Proposed appropriation of net profit:</b>				
Allocated from retained earnings			-7.952.912	-9.496.716
<b>Total allocations and transfers</b>			<b>-7.952.912</b>	<b>-9.496.716</b>

**Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

**Assets**

Note		Group		Parent	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
3	Completed development projects, including patents and similar rights arising from development projects	4.812.046	4.089.778	4.812.046	4.089.778
4	Acquired concessions, patents, licenses, trademarks, and similar rights	8.964	14.910	0	0
	Total intangible assets	4.821.010	4.104.688	4.812.046	4.089.778
5	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	504.055	552.027	3.419	8.547
	Total property, plant, and equipment	504.055	552.027	3.419	8.547
6	Investments in subsidiaries	0	0	6.325.446	5.729.909
7	Other receivables	5.418	5.560	0	0
	Total investments	5.418	5.560	6.325.446	5.729.909
	<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>5.330.483</b>	<b>4.662.275</b>	<b>11.140.911</b>	<b>9.828.234</b>
<b>Current assets</b>					
	Manufactured goods and goods for resale	1.261.269	1.241.691	0	0
	Total inventories	1.261.269	1.241.691	0	0
	Trade receivables	6.289.070	10.368.832	120.216	192.075
	Receivables from subsidiaries	0	0	844.032	598.853
8	Deferred tax assets	56.652	46.745	0	0
	Income tax receivables	507.313	736.124	456.352	736.124
	Tax receivables from subsidiaries	0	0	399.593	207.112
	Other receivables	1.249.231	951.691	411.744	580.992
	Prepayments	164.131	337.838	0	22.455
	Total receivables	8.266.397	12.441.230	2.231.937	2.337.611
	Cash and cash equivalents	1.206.985	2.504.123	215.224	237.473
	<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>10.734.651</b>	<b>16.187.044</b>	<b>2.447.161</b>	<b>2.575.084</b>
	<b>Total assets</b>	<b>16.065.134</b>	<b>20.849.319</b>	<b>13.588.072</b>	<b>12.403.318</b>

**Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

**Equity and liabilities**

Note		Group		Parent	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
<b>Equity</b>					
	Contributed capital	298.160	298.160	298.160	298.160
9	Reserve for development costs	3.753.396	3.190.027	3.753.396	3.190.027
	Retained earnings	-16.326.540	-7.768.987	-16.326.545	-7.768.987
	Equity before non-controlling interest	-12.274.984	-4.280.800	-12.274.989	-4.280.800
	Non-controlling interests	47.112	51.590	0	0
	<b>Total equity</b>	<b>-12.227.872</b>	<b>-4.229.210</b>	<b>-12.274.989</b>	<b>-4.280.800</b>
<b>Provisions</b>					
	Provisions for investments in subsidiaries	0	0	21.100	0
	<b>Total provisions</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>21.100</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>					
	Vækstfonden	8.584.889	5.499.971	0	0
	Other payables	3.117.501	651.674	300.783	123.068
10	Total long term liabilities other than provisions	11.702.390	6.151.645	300.783	123.068
10	Current portion of long term liabilities	2.192.689	0	0	0
	Bank loans	4.986.653	4.604.592	0	0
	Trade payables	5.691.331	7.698.934	852.873	0
	Payables to subsidiaries	0	0	24.020.201	16.017.987
	Income tax payable	0	100.490	0	0
	Other payables	3.719.943	6.522.868	668.104	543.063
	Total short term liabilities other than provisions	16.590.616	18.926.884	25.541.178	16.561.050
	<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b>28.293.006</b>	<b>25.078.529</b>	<b>25.841.961</b>	<b>16.684.118</b>
	<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b>16.065.134</b>	<b>20.849.319</b>	<b>13.588.072</b>	<b>12.403.318</b>

**11 Charges and security****12 Contingencies**

## **Consolidated statement of changes in equity**

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All amounts in DKK.

	<b>Contributed capital not paid</b>	<b>Reserve for development costs</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Non-controlling interests</b>	<b>Total</b>
Equity 1 January					
2020	295.208	1.623.671	2.366.976	56.542	4.342.397
Cash capital					
increase	2.952	0	981.843	0	984.795
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	0	-9.496.716	-4.952	-9.501.668
Exchange rate regulations	0	0	-54.734	0	-54.734
Transferred to reserve	0	1.566.356	-1.566.356	0	0
Equity 1 2021	298.160	3.190.027	-7.768.987	51.590	-4.229.210
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	0	-7.952.909	-3.196	-7.956.105
Transferred from results brought forward	0	563.369	-563.369	0	0
Exchange rate regulations	0	0	-41.275	-1.282	-42.557
	<b>298.160</b>	<b>3.753.396</b>	<b>-16.326.540</b>	<b>47.112</b>	<b>-12.227.872</b>

## Statement of changes in equity of the parent

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All amounts in DKK.

	<b>Contributed capital</b>	<b>Reserve for development costs</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
Equity 1 January 2020	295.208	1.623.671	2.366.976	4.285.855
Cash capital increase	2.952	0	981.843	984.795
Provisions of the results for the year	0	0	-9.496.716	-9.496.716
Exchange rate regulations	0	0	-54.734	-54.734
Transferred to reserve	0	1.566.356	-1.566.356	0
Equity 1 January 2021	298.160	3.190.027	-7.768.987	-4.280.800
Provisions of the results for the year	0	0	-7.952.912	-7.952.912
Exchange rate regulations	0	0	-41.277	-41.277
Transferred to reserve	0	563.369	-563.369	0
	<b>298.160</b>	<b>3.753.396</b>	<b>-16.326.545</b>	<b>-12.274.989</b>

**Notes**

All amounts in DKK.

	Group 2021	2020	Parent 2021	2020
<b>1. Staff costs</b>				
Salaries and wages	16.515.011	20.701.746	2.310.629	2.104.676
Pension costs	918.291	886.537	0	0
Other costs for social security	2.352.612	2.501.576	14.479	12.872
	<b>19.785.914</b>	<b>24.089.859</b>	<b>2.325.108</b>	<b>2.117.548</b>
Average number of employees	44	50	2	2
<b>2. Other financial expenses</b>				
Financial costs, group enterprises	0	0	802.754	669.088
Other financial costs	858.751	714.152	142.030	145.181
	<b>858.751</b>	<b>714.152</b>	<b>944.784</b>	<b>814.269</b>
<b>3. Completed development projects, including patents and similar rights arising from development projects</b>				
Cost 1 January 2021	6.702.319	3.356.302	6.702.319	3.356.302
Additions during the year	2.074.327	3.346.017	2.074.327	3.346.017
<b>Cost 31 December 2021</b>	<b>8.776.646</b>	<b>6.702.319</b>	<b>8.776.646</b>	<b>6.702.319</b>
Amortisation and writedown 1 January 2021	-2.612.541	-1.274.675	-2.612.541	-1.274.675
Amortisation for the year	-1.352.059	-1.337.866	-1.352.059	-1.337.866
<b>Amortisation and writedown 31 December 2021</b>	<b>-3.964.600</b>	<b>-2.612.541</b>	<b>-3.964.600</b>	<b>-2.612.541</b>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2021</b>	<b>4.812.046</b>	<b>4.089.778</b>	<b>4.812.046</b>	<b>4.089.778</b>

Development project relate to the development of an unique software version of the wastesystem for customers and servicepartners. The project is already in use and is fully implemented in 2021.

**Notes**

All amounts in DKK.

	Group		Parent	
	31/12 2021	31/12 2020	31/12 2021	31/12 2020
<b>4. Acquired concessions, patents, licenses, trademarks, and similar rights</b>				
Cost 1 January 2021	586.355	565.007	565.000	565.000
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on balance sheet date 31 December 2021	-11	-34	0	0
Additions during the year	0	21.382	0	0
Regulations	8.088	0	0	0
<b>Cost 31 December 2021</b>	<b>594.432</b>	<b>586.355</b>	<b>565.000</b>	<b>565.000</b>
Amortisation and writedown 1 January 2021	-571.445	-565.000	-565.000	-565.000
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on balance sheet date 31 December 2021	1	0	0	0
Amortisation for the year	-5.960	-6.445	0	0
Regulations	-8.064	0	0	0
<b>Amortisation and writedown 31 December 2021</b>	<b>-585.468</b>	<b>-571.445</b>	<b>-565.000</b>	<b>-565.000</b>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2021</b>	<b>8.964</b>	<b>14.910</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

**Notes**

All amounts in DKK.

	Group		Parent	
	31/12 2021	31/12 2020	31/12 2021	31/12 2020
<b>5. Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment</b>				
Cost 1 January 2021	1.574.048	1.681.829	15.384	15.384
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on balance sheet date 31 December 2021	-12.436	15.057	0	0
Additions during the year	305.891	25.000	0	0
Disposals during the year	-30.318	-147.838	0	0
<b>Cost 31 December 2021</b>	<b>1.837.185</b>	<b>1.574.048</b>	<b>15.384</b>	<b>15.384</b>
Depreciation and writedown 1 January 2021	-1.022.021	-790.514	-6.837	-1.709
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on balance sheet date 31 December 2021	8.583	-7.567	0	0
Depreciation for the year	-344.760	-328.006	-5.128	-5.128
Reversal of depreciation, amortisation and writedown, assets disposed of	25.068	104.066	0	0
<b>Depreciation and writedown 31 December 2021</b>	<b>-1.333.130</b>	<b>-1.022.021</b>	<b>-11.965</b>	<b>-6.837</b>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2021</b>	<b>504.055</b>	<b>552.027</b>	<b>3.419</b>	<b>8.547</b>

**Notes**

All amounts in DKK.

	Parent 31/12 2021	31/12 2020
<b>6. Investments in subsidiaries</b>		
Acquisition sum, opening balance 1 January 2021	21.295.636	12.883.114
Additions during the year	<u>4.475.011</u>	<u>8.412.522</u>
<b>Cost 31 December 2021</b>	<b><u>25.770.647</u></b>	<b><u>21.295.636</u></b>
Revaluations, opening balance 1 January 2021	-16.183.033	-8.766.314
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on b	<u>-41.277</u>	<u>-54.734</u>
Results for the year before goodwill amortisation	<u>-3.566.768</u>	<u>-6.790.159</u>
Dividend	<u>0</u>	<u>-571.826</u>
<b>Revaluation 31 December 2021</b>	<b><u>-19.791.078</u></b>	<b><u>16.183.033</u></b>
Offsetting against debtors	324.777	617.306
Transferred to provisions	<u>21.100</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>Set off against debtors and provisions for liabilities</b>	<b><u>345.877</u></b>	<b><u>617.306</u></b>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2021</b>	<b><u>6.325.446</u></b>	<b><u>5.729.909</u></b>

**Financial highlights for the enterprises according to the latest approved annual reports**

	Equity interest	Equity	Results for the year	Carrying amount, Junkbusters Group ApS
Junkbusters A/S, København	100 %	4.146.123	1.323.339	4.146.123
Junkbusters AB, Stockholm	95 %	942.245	-63.913	895.132
Junkbusters Deutschland GmbH, Hamburg	100 %	1.284.191	-4.927.999	1.284.191
Junkbusters Waste Management GmbH, Hamburg	100 %	<u>-345.877</u>	<u>-494.796</u>	<u>0</u>
		<b><u>6.026.682</u></b>	<b><u>-4.163.369</u></b>	<b><u>6.325.446</u></b>

**Notes**

All amounts in DKK.

	Group			
	31/12 2021	31/12 2020		
<b>7. Other receivables</b>				
Cost 1 January 2021	5.560	5.366		
Translation by use of the exchange rate valid on balance sheet date	-142	194		
<b>Cost 31 December 2021</b>	<b>5.418</b>	<b>5.560</b>		
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2021</b>	<b>5.418</b>	<b>5.560</b>		
Der specificeres således:				
Other debtors	5.418	5.560		
	<b>5.418</b>	<b>5.560</b>		
<b>8. Deferred tax assets</b>				
Deferred tax assets 1 January 2021	46.745	0		
Deferred tax of the results for the year	9.907	46.745		
	<b>56.652</b>	<b>46.745</b>		
	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>		
<b>9. Reserve for development costs</b>				
Reserve for development costs				
1 January 2021	3.190.027	1.623.671		
Change 1	563.369	1.566.356		
	<b>3.753.396</b>	<b>3.190.027</b>		
	<b>3.753.396</b>	<b>3.190.027</b>		
<b>10. Long term liabilities other than provisions</b>				
	Total payables 31 Dec 2021	Current portion of long term payables	Long term payables 31 Dec 2021	Outstanding payables after 5 years
<b>Group</b>				
Vækstfonden	8.584.889	0	8.584.889	0
Other payables	5.310.190	2.192.689	3.117.501	0
	<b>13.895.079</b>	<b>2.192.689</b>	<b>11.702.390</b>	<b>0</b>

## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

### 10. Long term liabilities other than provisions (continued)

	Total payables 31 Dec 2021	Current portion of long term payables	Long term payables 31 Dec 2021	Outstanding payables after 5 years
<b>Parent</b>				
Other payables	300.783	0	300.783	0
	<b>300.783</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>300.783</b>	<b>0</b>

### 11. Charges and security

For bank debts, t.DKK 4.987, the group has provided security in company assets representing a nominal value of t.DKK 7.300. This security comprises inventories, receivable from sales and services and other plants, operation assets and fixtures and furniture, stating the book values of t.DKK 12.875.

For other bank debts, t.DKK 8.585, the group has provided security in company assets representing a nominal value of t.DKK 9.300. This security comprises inventories, receivable from sales and services and other plants, operation assets and fixtures and furniture, stating the book values of t.DKK 12.875.

For group bank debts and other bank debt, Junkbusters Group ApS, has provided security in company assets representing a nominal value of t.DKK 3.600. This security comprises inventories, receivable from sales and services and other plants, operation assets and fixtures and furniture, stating the book values of t.DKK 4.935.

### 12. Contingencies

#### Contingent liabilities

The groups remaining leasing liability amount to t.DKK 2.320 on 31. december 2021.

Recourse guarantee commitments:

The company has guaranteed the bank loans of the group enterprises. On 31 December 2021, the total bank loans of the group enterprises totalled t.DKK 13.572.

#### Joint taxation

The company acts as administration company for the group of companies subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, to pay the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

## **Notes**

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All amounts in DKK.

### **12. Contingencies (continued)**

#### **Joint taxation (continued)**

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding taxes, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.

## **Accounting policies**

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The annual report for Junkbusters Group ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

### **Recognition and measurement in general**

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the group and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the group and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

### **Foreign currency translation**

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials. If currency positions are considered to hedge future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity in a fair value reserve.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

Fixed assets acquired and paid for in foreign currency are measured at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.

## **Accounting policies**

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Group enterprises abroad are considered to be independent entities. The income statements are translated at an average exchange rate for the month, and the balance sheet items are translated at the closing rates. Currency translation differences, arising from the translation of the equity of group enterprises abroad at the beginning of the year to the closing rate and from the translation of income statements from average prices to the closing rate, are recognised directly in equity in the fair value reserve. This also applies to differences arising from translation of income statements from average exchange rate to closing rate.

Translation adjustment of balances with group enterprises abroad that are considered part of the total investment in group enterprises are recognised directly in equity in the fair value reserve. Likewise, foreign exchange gains and losses on loans and derived financial instruments for currency hedging independent group enterprises abroad are recognised directly in equity.

### **The consolidated financial statements**

The consolidated income statements comprise the parent company Junkbusters Group ApS and those group enterprises of which Junkbusters Group ApS directly or indirectly owns more than 50 % of the voting rights or in other ways exercise control.

#### *Consolidation policies*

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared as a summary of the parent company's and the group enterprises' financial statements by adding together uniform accounting records calculated in accordance with the group's accounting policies.

Investments in group enterprises are eliminated by the proportionate share of the group enterprises' market value of net assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

In the consolidated financial statements, the accounting records of the group enterprises are recognised by 100%. The minority interests' share of the profit for the year and of the equity in the group enterprises, which are not 100% owned, is included in the group's profit and equity, but presented separately.

### **Non-controlling interests**

Non-controlling interests constitute a share of the group's total equity. By distribution of net profit, profit or loss for the year is distributed on the share attributable to the non-controlling interests and the share attributable to the parent's shareholders respectively.

## **Income statement**

### **Gross profit**

Gross profit comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and work in progress, work performed for own account and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

## **Accounting policies**

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Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other operating income comprises items of a secondary nature as regards the principal activities of the enterprise.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for distribution, sales, advertising, administration, premises, loss on receivables, and operational leasing costs.

### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members. Staff costs are less government reimbursements.

### **Depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for impairment**

Depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for impairment comprise depreciation, amortisation, and writedown for the year and profit and loss on the disposal of intangible and tangible assets.

### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

### **Results from investments in subsidiaries**

After full elimination of intercompany profit or loss less amortised consolidated goodwill, the equity investment in the individual subsidiaries are recognised in the income statement of the parent as a proportional share of the subsidiaries' post-tax profit or loss.

### **Tax on net profit or loss for the year**

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The parent and the Danish group enterprises are subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises. The parent acts as an administration company in relation to the joint taxation. This means that the total Danish income tax payable by the Danish group companies is paid to the tax authorities by the company.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

## Accounting policies

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### Statement of financial position

#### **Intangible assets**

##### **Development projects, patents, and licences**

Development costs comprise salaries, wages, and amortisation directly attributable to development activities.

Clearly defined and identifiable development projects are recognised as intangible assets provided that they are proven to be technically practicable, that sufficient resources and a potential market or development opportunity exist, and insofar as the intention is to produce, market or utilise the project. It is, however, a condition that the cost can be reliably calculated and that a sufficiently high degree of certainty indicates that future earnings will cover the costs of production, sales, and administration. Other development costs are recognised in the income statement concurrently with their realisation.

Development costs recognised in the statement of financial position are measured at cost less accrued amortisations and writedowns for impairment.

After completion of the development work, capitalised development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic life. The amortisation period is usually 5 years.

#### **Property, plant, and equipment**

Other property, plant, and equipment are measured at cost less accrued depreciation and writedown for impairment.

The depreciable amount is cost less any expected residual value after the end of the useful life of the asset. The amortisation period and the residual value are determined at the acquisition date and reassessed annually. If the residual value exceeds the carrying amount, the depreciation is discontinued.

If the amortisation period or the residual value is changed, the effect on amortisation will, in future, be recognised as a change in the accounting estimates.

The cost comprises acquisition cost and costs directly associated with the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use.

The cost of a total asset is divided into separate components. These components are depreciated separately, the useful lives of each individual components differing, and the individual component representing a material part of the total cost.

Depreciation is done on a straight-line basis according to an assessment of the expected useful life and the residual value of the individual assets:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-5 years	0-20 %

## **Accounting policies**

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Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the income statement in the year of acquisition.

Profit or loss derived from the disposal of equipment is measured as the difference between the sales price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Profit or loss is recognised in the income statement under depreciation.

### **Leases**

Leases are regarded as operating leases. Payments in connection with operating leases and other lease agreements are recognised in the income statement for the term of the contract. The group's total liabilities concerning operating leases and lease agreements are recognised under contingencies, etc.

### **Impairment loss relating to non-current assets**

The carrying amount of both intangible and tangible fixed assets as well as equity investments in subsidiaries are subject to annual impairment tests in order to disclose any indications of impairment beyond those expressed by amortisation and depreciation respectively.

If indications of impairment are disclosed, impairment tests are carried out for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. Writedown for impairment is done to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher value of value in use and selling price less expected selling cost. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the asset group and expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or the asset group after the end of their useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when conditions for impairment no longer exist. Impairment relating to goodwill is not reversed.

### **Investments**

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured by applying the equity method. The equity method is used as a method of consolidation.

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised in the statement of financial position at the proportionate share of the enterprise's equity value. This value is calculated in accordance with the parent's accounting policies with deductions or additions of unrealised intercompany gains and losses as well as with additions or deductions of the remaining value of positive or negative goodwill calculated in accordance with the acquisition method. Negative goodwill is recognised in the income statement at the time of acquisition of the equity investment. If the negative goodwill relates to contingent liabilities acquired, negative goodwill is not recognised until the contingent liabilities have been settled or lapsed.

## **Accounting policies**

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Investments in subsidiaries with a negative equity value are measured at DKK 0, and any accounts receivable from these enterprises are written down to the extent that the account receivable is uncollectible. To the extent that the parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover an negative balance that exceeds the account receivable, the remaining amount is recognised under provisions.

To the extent the equity exceeds the cost, the net revaluation of equity investments in subsidiaries transferred to the reserve under equity for net revaluation according to the equity method. Dividends from subsidiaries expected to be adopted before the approval of this annual report are not subject to a limitation of the revaluation reserve. The reserve is adjusted by other equity movements in subsidiaries.

### **Inventories**

Inventories are measured at cost according to the FIFO method. In cases when the net realisable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, the latter is written down for impairment to this lower value.

Costs of goods for resale, raw materials, and consumables comprise acquisition costs plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value for inventories is recognised as the market price less costs of completion and selling costs. The net realisable value is determined with due consideration of negotiability, obsolescence, and the development of expected market prices.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

Accounts receivable for which there is no objective indication of impairment at the individual level are evaluated at portfolio level for objective indication of impairment. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit rating in accordance with the company's and the group's credit risk management policy. Determination of the objective indicators applied for portfolios are based on experience with historical losses.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of accounts receivable and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any securities received. The effective interest rate for the individual account receivable or portfolio is used as the discount rate.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the following financial year.

### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

## **Accounting policies**

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### **Equity**

#### **Reserve for development costs**

The reserve for development costs comprises recognised development costs less related deferred tax liabilities.

The reserve cannot be used as dividends or for covering losses.

The reserve is reduced or dissolved if the recognised development costs are amortised or abandoned. This is done by direct transfer to the distributable reserves of the equity.

### **Income tax and deferred tax**

As administration company, Junkbusters Group ApS is liable to the tax authorities for the subsidiaries' corporate income taxes.

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax of previous years' taxable income and for tax paid on account.

The company is jointly taxed with consolidated Danish companies. The current corporate income tax is distributed between the jointly taxed companies in proportion to their taxable income and with full distribution with reimbursement as to tax losses. The jointly taxed companies are comprised by the Danish tax prepayment scheme.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the statement of financial position as "Income tax receivable" or "Income tax payable".

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a focus on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Adjustments take place in relation to deferred tax concerning elimination of unrealised intercompany gains and losses.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation prevailing in the respective countries on the reporting date when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax. Changes in deferred tax due to changed tax rates are recognised in the income statement, except for items included directly in the equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax losses allowed for carryforward, are recognised at the value at which they are expected to be realisable, either by settlement against tax of future earnings or by set-off in deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax unit. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

### **Liabilities other than provisions**

Financial liabilities other than provisions related to borrowings are recognised at the received proceeds less transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value when using the effective interest rate. The difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement during the term of the loan.

## **Accounting policies**

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Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

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