Nørrebro II ApS

Fridtjof Nansens Plads 5, 2100 København Ø

CVR no. 31 94 52 32

Annual report 2017

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 8 May 2018

Chairman:





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Statement by the Executive Board

Today, the Executive Board has discussed and approved the annual report of Nørrebro II ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 8 May 2018 Executive Board:

Carl Edgar Serge Vøgg

Katia Ciestelska



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Nørrebro II ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Nørrebro II ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Odense, 8 May 2018 ERNST & YOUNG

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 30 70 02 28

Morten Schougaard Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant

MNE no.: mne32129



Management's review

Company details

Name

Address, Postal code, City

Nørrebro II ApS

Fridtjof Nansens Plads 5, 2100 København Ø

CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year

31 94 52 32 27 January 2009 Copenhagen

1 January - 31 December

Executive Board

Carl Edgar Serge Vøgg Katia Ciesielska Robert McCorduck

Auditors

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Englandsgade 25, P.O. Box 200, 5100 Odense C, Denmark



Management's review

Business review

It is the company's objective to own and hold ownership interest in companies, to purchase, own, sell, rent and rent out real estate and all other related activities.

Financial review

The income statement for 2017 shows a loss of DKK 239,377 against a loss of DKK 278,869 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2017 shows a negative equity of DKK 3,709,908.

Equity and reserves are negative at DKK 3,709,908.

The company has lost the share capital. The share capital is excepted to be recovered by future positive income.

The company is partly financed by loans from the parent company KIWI FRB ApS.

The parent company has declared that, if necessary, it will support Nørrebro II ApS financially in 2018 to enable the company to meet all its obligations as they fall due.

Based on the support from the parent company the annual report for 2017 has been prepared under the going concern assumption.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end 2017.



Income statement

Note	DKK	2017	2016
3	Gross margin Staff costs Amortisation/depreciation and impairment of property, plant	243,361 0	256,512 0
	and equipment	-305,102	-303,161
	Profit/loss before net financials Financial expenses, group enterprises Financial expenses	-61,741 -11,300 -279,167	-46,649 -11,000 -293,393
	Profit/loss before tax Tax for the year	-352,208 112,831	-351,042 72,173
	Profit/loss for the year	-239,377	-278,869
	Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-239,377	-278,869
		-239,377	-278,869



Balance sheet

Note	DKK	2017	2016
	ASSETS Fixed assets		
	Property, plant and equipment		
	Land and buildings	13,685,629	13,990,732
		13,685,629	13,990,732
	Investments		
	Other receivables	434,187	341,398
		434,187	341,398
	Total fixed assets	14 110 016	14222120
	N = 0 = 1	14,119,816	14,332,130
	Non-fixed assets Receivables		
	Joint taxation contribution receivable	19,235	0
	Other receivables	50,846	5,734
	Prepaid expenses	4,985	7,582
		75,066	13,316
	Total non-fixed assets	75,066	13,316
	TOTAL ASSETS	14,194,882	14,345,446



Balance sheet

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity Share capital	Note	DKK	2017	2016
Retained earnings -4,209,908 -3,970,531 Total equity -3,709,908 -3,470,531 Provisions 742,134 623,825 Other provisions 742,134 623,825 Liabilities other than provisions 742,134 623,825 Liabilities other than provisions 16,372,369 16,372,369 Mortgage debt Deposits 16,793,725 16,760,912 Current liabilities other than provisions 22,637 3,630 Payables to group entities 144,168 277,812 Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152		- 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
Provisions 3,110,331 Other provisions 742,134 623,825 5 Total provisions 742,134 623,825 Liabilities other than provisions 4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions 16,372,369 16,372,369 Mortgage debt 16,793,725 16,760,912 Current liabilities other than provisions 22,637 3,630 Trade payables 22,637 3,630 Payables to group entities 144,168 277,812 Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 368,931 431,240 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152				the second second second second
Other provisions 742,134 623,825 5 Total provisions 742,134 623,825 Liabilities other than provisions 4 Mon-current liabilities other than provisions 16,372,369 16,372,369 Mortgage debt Deposits 16,793,725 16,760,912 Current liabilities other than provisions 22,637 3,630 Trade payables 22,637 3,630 Payables to group entities 144,168 277,812 Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152		•	-3,709,908	-3,470,531
Liabilities other than provisions 4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions Mortgage debt 16,372,369 16,372,369 Deposits 421,356 388,543 Current liabilities other than provisions Trade payables 22,637 3,630 Payables to group entities 144,168 277,812 Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 368,931 431,240 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152			742,134	623,825
4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions 16,372,369 16,372,369 Mortgage debt 16,372,369 388,543 Deposits 421,356 388,543 16,793,725 16,760,912 Current liabilities other than provisions Trade payables 22,637 3,630 Payables to group entities 144,168 277,812 Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 368,931 431,240 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152	5	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	742,134	623,825
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Current liabilities other than provisions Trade payables 22,637 3,630 Payables to group entities 144,168 277,812 Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152		Deposits	421,356	388,543
Trade payables 22,637 3,630 Payables to group entities 144,168 277,812 Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 368,931 431,240 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152			16,793,725	16,760,912
Payables to group entities 144,168 277,812 Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 368,931 431,240 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152				
Income taxes payable 0 104,061 Other payables 202,126 45,737 368,931 431,240 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152			22,637	3,630
Other payables 202,126 45,737 368,931 431,240 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152				
368,931 431,240 Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152			•	
Total liabilities other than provisions 17,162,656 17,192,152		Other payables	202,126	45,737
			368,931	431,240
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 14,194,882 14,345,446		Total liabilities other than provisions	17,162,656	17,192,152
		TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	14,194,882	14,345,446

- 1 Accounting policies2 Going concern uncertainties
- 6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
 7 Contingent assets
 8 Collateral



Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 January 2016	500,000	-3,691,662	-3,191,662
Transfer through appropriation of loss		-278,869	-278,869
Equity at 1 January 2017 Transfer through appropriation of loss	500,000	-3,970,531	-3,470,531
	0	-239,377	-239,377
Equity at 31 December 2017	500,000	-4,209,908	-3,709,908



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Nørrebro II ApS for 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Income statement

Revenue

Rent comprises rental income from the leases of properties. Rent is recognised on an accruals basis.

Rent is measured net of all types of discounts/rebates granted. Also, rent is measured net of VAT and other indirect taxes charged on behalf of third parties.

Gross margin

The items revenue, other operating income and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross margin in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to advertising, administration, bad debts etc.

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of buildings.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Buildings

50 years

Land is not depreciated.

Financial expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its group entities are jointly taxed. The income tax charge is allocated between profit making and loss making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Impairment of fixed assets

Property, plant and equipment are subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation. Impairment tests are conducted in respect of individual assets or groups of assets generating separate cash flows when there is indications of impairment. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in use and net realisable value (recoverable amount) of the asset or group of assets if this is lower than the carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Provisions

Other provisions comprise expected maintenance liabilities in accordance with section 22 of the Danish Rent Act and section 18b of the Consolidated act on Temporary Regulation of Housing Condition. Provisions are recognised when, as a result of past events, the Company has legal or a constructive obligation and it is probable that there may be an outlfow of resources embodying economic benefits to settle the obligation.

Provisions are measured at net realisable value or at fair value if the obligation is expected to be settled far into the future.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.



Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

2 Going concern uncertainties

Equity and reserves are negative at DKK 3,710 thousand.

The company has lost the share capital. The share capital is expected to be recovered by future positive income.

The company is partly financed by loans from the parent company KIWI FRB ApS.

The parent company has declared that, if necessary, it will support Nørrebro II ApS financially in 2018 to enable the company to meet all its obligations as they fall due.

Based on the support from the parent company the annual report for 2017 has been prepared under the going concern assumption

3 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Of the long-term liabilities, DKK 16,372 thousand falls due for payment after more than 5 years after the balance sheet date.

5 Provisions

Maintenance liabilities BRL § 18b, DKK 434,187. Maintenance liabilities BRL § 22, DKK 307,947.

Maintenance liabilities related to BRL \S 18b are expected to fall due within 2-5 years. Maintenance liabilities related to BRL \S 22 are expected to fall due after 5 years.



Notes to the financial statements

6 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

Other contingent liabilities

Guarantee has been provided in respect of mortgage loans in the sister companies in the KIWI FRB ApS Group. The loans total DKK 212,260 thousand.

The company is jointly taxed with other Danish group entities, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest and dividends.

7 Contingent assets

The company has a deferred tax asset of DKK 1,050 thousand that has not been capitalized.

8 Collateral

As security for the company's mortgage debt, the company has placed assets with carrying amount of DKK 13,686 thousand.