Center Boulevard 5

2300 Copenhagen

CVR No. 31635985

Annual Report

1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

17. financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 12 June 2024

Sabine Kreft Chairman

Contents

Management's Statement	.3
Company Information	.4
Management's Review	.5
Accounting Policies	.6
Income Statement	.9
Balance Sheet	.10
Statement of changes in Equity	.12
Notes	.13

Management's Statement

Today, Management has considered and adopted the Annual Report of Gerry Weber Denmark ApS for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, the Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the Financial Statement have been met.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 12 June 2024

Executive Board

Dirk Rudolf Reichert Sabine Kreft
Director Director

Company details

Company Gerry Weber Denmark ApS

Center Boulevard 5

2300 Copenhagen

CVR No. 31635985

Date of formation 22 August 2008

Registered office Copenhagen

Executive Board Dirk Rudolf Reichert, Director

Sabine Kreft, Director

Management's Review

The Company's principal activities

The purpose of the company is retail and whole sale.

Development in activities and financial matters

The Company's Income Statement of the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 shows a result of DKK 303.343 and the Balance Sheet at 31 December 2023 a balance sheet total of DKK 8.556.037 and an equity of DKK 7.918.088.

Significant events occurring after

After the end of the financial year, no events have occurred which may change the financial position of the entity substantially.

Accounting Policies

Reporting Class

The Annual Report of Gerry Weber Denmark ApS for 2023 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with the adoption of individual rules from class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The Annual Report is presented in Danish kroner.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into DKK at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into DKK based on the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet day. Realised and unrealised foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the Income Statement under Financial Income and Expenses.

General Information

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the Income Statement as it is earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or amortised cost. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the Income Statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the Income Statement.

Assets are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will accrue to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which involves the recognition of a constant effective interest rate over the term. Amortised cost is calculated as original cost less repayments and with the addition/deduction of the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount. This way, exchange losses and gains are allocated over the term.

In connection with recognition and measurement, consideration is given to predictable losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the Annual Report, i.e. losses and risks which prove or disprove matters which exist at the balance sheet date.

Accounting Policies

Income Statement

Gross profit/loss

The Company has decided to aggregate certain items of the Income Statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit is a combination of the items of revenue and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from delivery of services is recognised on a straight-line basis in net sales, as the service is delivered.

Other external expenses

Other external costs include costs for distribution, sales, advertising, administration and operating leasing costs etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees. The item is net of refunds made by public authorities.

Other staff expenses are recognised in other external expenses.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Financial income and costs

Financial income and costs are recognised in the Income Statement based on the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and costs include interest income and costs, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses regarding accounts payable and transactions in foreign currencies.

Tax on net profit for the year

Tax on net profit/loss for the year comprises current tax on expected taxable income of the year and the year's adjustment of deferred tax.

Accounting Policies

Balance Sheet

Tangible assets

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life. Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

	Useful life	Residual value
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5-10 years	0 %
Leasehold improvements	7 years	0 %

Fixed assets investment

Fixed asset investments consists of deposits measured at amortised cost.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank.

Provisions

Provisions comprise expected expenses relating to warranty commitments, losses on work in progress, restructuring, etc. Provisions are recognised when, as a result of a past event, the company has a legal or constructive obligation and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Balance Sheet but appear only in the notes.

Income Statement

	Note	2023 kr.	2022 kr.
Gross profit		1.972.294	1.969.309
Staff costs Depreciation, amortisation expense and impairment	1	-1.644.273	-1.643.959
losses of property, plant and equipment		-87.578	-207.542
Profit from ordinary operating activities		240.443	117.808
Financial income	2	96.790	127.577
Financial costs		-33.890	-31.010
Profit/loss before tax		303.343	214.375
Tax expense on ordinary activities	3	0	28
Profit/loss for the year	_	303.343	214.403
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		303.343	214.403
Distribution of profit	_	303.343	214.403

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2023 kr.	2022 kr.
Assets			
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	4	263.538	351.116
Leasehold improvements	5	0	0
Property, plant and equipment	_	263.538	351.116
Danasilia		22.500	22.500
Deposits	-	32.500	32.500
Fixed asset investments	_	32.500	32.500
Fixed assets		296.038	383.616
rixed assets	-	290.036	365.010
Receivables from group enterprises		6.114.690	6.692.360
Tax receivables		78.659	78.659
Other receivables		166.033	308.094
Receivables	<u>-</u>	6.359.382	7.079.113
Cash and cash equivalents	_	1.900.617	576.903
Current assets	-	8.259.999	7.656.016
Assets	_	8.556.037	8.039.632

Balance Sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2023 kr.	2022 kr.
Liabilities and equity			
Share capital		3.725.000	3.725.000
Retained earnings	_	4.193.088	3.889.745
Equity		7.918.088	7.614.745
Trade payables		72.285	57.351
Other payables		565.664	367.536
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		637.949	424.887
	-		
Liabilities other than provisions within the business	-	637.949	424.887
Liabilities and equity	-	8.556.037	8.039.632

Contingent liabilities

Statement of changes in Equity

	Share	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2023	3.725.000	3.889.745	7.614.745
Profit (loss)	0	303.343	303.343
Equity 31 December 2023	3.725.000	4.193.088	7.918.088

Notes

4	Sta	œ		
	▼ T3)TT	rn	CTC
	JLO		LU	3L3

	2023	2022
Wages and salaries	1.531.429	1.533.815
Post-employement benefit expense	108.300	105.600
Social security contributions	4.544	4.544
	1.644.273	1.643.959
Average number of employees	2	2
2. Financal income		
	2023	2022
Interest received from affiliates	96.790	127.567
Other financial income	0	10
	96.790	127.577
3. Tax expense		
	2023	2022
Taxes on income previous year	0	-28
	0	-28
4. Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		
	2023	2022
Cost at the beginning of the year	4.530.155	4.530.155
Cost at the end of the year	4.530.155	4.530.155
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-4.179.039	-4.047.672
Amortisation for the year	-87.578	-131.367
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-4.266.617	-4.179.039
Carrying amount at the end of the year	263.538	351.116
5. Leasehold improvements		
	2023	2022
Cost at the beginning of the year	406.269	406.269
Cost at the end of the year	406.269	406.269
Depreciation and amortisation at the beginning of the year	-406.269	-330.094
Amortisation for the year	0	-76.175
Impairment losses and amortisation at the end of the year	-406.269	-406.269
Carrying amount at the end of the year	0	0

Notes

6. Contingent liabilities

The company have a rent obligation of the next 12 months of 426 tDKK.

Mortages and collateral:

Securities have been put up for a guarantee totalling 697 tDKK.