RH Denmark Dongguan Holding Company ApS

CVR-nr. 31 62 71 41 Langebrogade 1 1411 København K

Annual Report for the period 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019

The Annual Report has been presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 25 August 2020

Chairman

Søren Toft Bjerreskov

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Management's Statement on the Annual Report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of RH Denmark Dongguan Holding Company ApS for the period 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for the period.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 25 August 2020

Executive Board

Flemming Jørgensen

Board of Directors

Flemming Jørgensen

Lisbeth Sørensen

Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholder of RH Denmark Dongguan Holding company ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of RH Denmark Dongguan Holding Company ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

Independent Auditor's Report

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 25 August 2020 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Torben Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne18651 Christian Bertelsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne36171

Management's Review

Primary activity

The objective of the company shall be to own shares in other companies and businesses, lending and other financing activities as well as other related activities as determined by the Executive Board.

Development in the financial year

The Company made a gain after tax of tEUR 4 compared to a gain of tEUR 106 in 2018.

The result is satisfactory and in line with expectations.

There are no employees in the Company, and the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have not received any remuneration.

Events after the balance sheet date

The COVID-19 outbreak has developed rapidly in March 2020 both in Denmark and the rest of the world, which have necessitated a number of restrictions from authorities with potential large impact on the Global economy.

Currently the company is not affected by COVID-19, or the restrictions implemented. (Also see Note 1)

Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The Annual Report of RH Denmark Dongguan Holding Company ApS for 1 January 2019 - 31 December 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

In accordance with section 112(2) of the Danish Financial Statements Act no consolidated financial statements has been prepared. The financial statements of the Company and subsidiaries are part of the consolidated financial statements of DuPont de Nemours Inc., Delaware, USA. The Group Annual Report for DuPont de Nemours Inc. may be obtained at www.DuPont.com.

The accounting policies are unchanged compared to last year.

The Annual Report is presented in EUR thousands.

Euro are used as the functional currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Recognition and measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost method.

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost is recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Accounting Policies

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income Statement

Administrative expenses

The Company's expenses are bank charges, audit fee and other period expenses.

Income from investments in subsidiaries comprises gain/loss on sale of shares, dividends and writedowns. Dividends are recognised when the right to receive dividends has been approved by the relevant company bodies. To the extent that distributed dividends exceed the accumulated earnings after acquisition, dividends are recognised as writedown of the cost of the investment.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprise interest including interest on receivables from group enterprises, realised and unrealised exchange adjustments.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish Group Companies. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises showing profits or losses in proportion to their taxable income.

Balance Sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised to cost value. Where the cost value exceeds the recoverable amount is written down to the lower value. Cost is reduced to the extent that dividends exceed the accumulated earnings after the acquisition date.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts. Provisions for bad debts are determined on the basis of an individual assessment of each receivable, and in respect of trade receivables, a general provision is also made based on the Company's experience from previous years.

Accounting Policies

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax receivables and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years. Tax receivables and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right of set-off and an intention to settle on a net basis or simultaneously.

Financial debts

Other debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Income Statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2019	2018
		EUR '000	EUR '000
Administrative expenses		- 27	- 42
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses	-	- 27	- 42
Other financial income	2	32	178
	_	5	136
Tax on profit for the Period		- 1	- 30
Net profit/loss for the year	-	4	106
Distribution of profit			
Proposed distribution of loss for the year			
Extraordinary dividend paid during the year		245 373	0
Profit/Loss carried forward	_	- 245 369	106

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2019	2018
		EUR '000	EUR '000
Investments in subsidiaries		94 937	55 404
Financial investments		94 937	55 404
Non current assets		94 937	55 404
Receivables from group enterprises		0	284 904
Current assets		0	284 904
Total assets		94 937	340 308

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2019	2018
		EUR '000	EUR '000
Share capital		18	18
Retained earnings	_	94 885	340 254
Equity	3	94 903	340 272
Trade payables		24	6
Payables to group enterprises		9	0
Income taxes		1	30
Current liabilities	-	34	36
Total liabilities	-	34	36
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	-	94 937	340 308

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Notes to the Annual Report

1 Subsequent events

The COVID-19 outbreak has developed rapidly in March 2020 both in Denmark and the rest of the world, which have necessitated a number of restrictions from authorities with potential large impact on the Global economy.

Currently the company is not affected by COVID-19, or the restrictions implemented.

		2019	2018
		EUR '000	EUR '000
2	Financial income Financial income from group enterprises	0	178
	Currency exchange gain	32	0
		32	178

3 Shareholders' equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	EUR '000	EUR '000	EUR '000
Balance at 1 January 2019	18	340.254	340.272
Dividend paid		-245 373	-245 373
Profit for the period		4	4
Balance at 31 December 2019	18	94 885	94 903

4 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

The Danish companies in the DuPont Group are jointly taxed and jointly liable for the total tax of the Group. The net payable tax is included in the annual report of DuPont Denmark Holding ApS, which is the administration company for the group taxation. Any later corrections of the taxable income may increase the total liable amount.

The Company participated in a Danish joint taxation arrangement before 1 September 2017 where Dow AgroSciences Danmark A/S served as the administration company.

Notes to the Annual Report

5 Related parties

The ultimate parent company of the group in which the Company is included as a subsidiary is DuPont de Nemours Inc., Delaware, USA. This company and its subsidiaries are considered related parties through the ownership of the Company.

Transactions

In accordance with section 98c (7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, all transactions with related parties have been conducted at arm's length.