

**Komplementarselskabet
Elsenbakken ApS**
Elsenbakken 37
3600 Frederikssund
Business Registration No
31617391

Annual report 2018

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 14.03.2019

Chairman of the General Meeting



Name: Kenneth Tjørnelunde Borup

Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2018	7
Balance sheet at 31.12.2018	8
Statement of changes in equity for 2018	10
Notes	11
Accounting policies	12

Entity details

Entity

Komplementarselskabet Elsenbakken ApS
Elsenbakken 37
3600 Frederikssund

Central Business Registration No (CVR): 31617391

Founded: 28.07.2008

Registered in: Frederikssund

Financial year: 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018

Executive Board

Kenneth Tjørnelunde Borup

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Weidekampsgade 6
Postboks 1600
0900 København C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Komplementarselskabet Eisenbakken ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederikssund, 14.03.2019

Executive Board


Kenneth Tjørnelunde Borup

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Komplementarselskabet Elsenbakken ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Komplementarselskabet Elsenbakken ApS for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2018 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2018 - 31.12.2018 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent auditor's report

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Independent auditor's report

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 14.03.2019

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Central Business Registration No (CVR)
33963556



Henrik Hjørt Kjelgaard
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne29484



Christian Dahlstrøm
State Authorised Public Accountant
Identification No (MNE) mne35660

Management commentary

Primary activities

Komplementarselskabet Elsenbakken ApS' primary activity is to be general partner in K/S Elsenbakken.

Development in activities and finances

The net result for the year shows a loss of DKK 11,754 (2017: profit of DKK 1,476) and the balance sheet as at 31 December 2018 shows a total equity of DKK 63,174.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018 DKK</u>	<u>2017 DKK</u>
Other external expenses		(15.750)	0
Operating profit/loss		(15.750)	0
Other financial income	2	2.442	2.150
Other financial expenses	3	(1.761)	(201)
Profit/loss before tax		(15.069)	1.949
Tax on profit/loss for the year		3.315	(473)
Profit/loss for the year		(11.754)	1.476
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings		(11.754)	1.476
		(11.754)	1.476

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2017</u> <u>DKK</u>
Receivables from group enterprises		80.229	87.740
Other receivables		6.000	6.000
Income tax receivable		3.315	0
Receivables		89.544	93.740
Current assets		89.544	93.740
Assets		89.544	93.740

Balance sheet at 31.12.2018

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2018</u> <u>DKK</u>	<u>2017</u> <u>DKK</u>
Contributed capital		125.000	125.000
Retained earnings		(61.826)	(50.072)
Equity		63.174	74.928
Payables to group enterprises		19.370	18.339
Income tax payable		0	473
Other payables		7.000	0
Current liabilities other than provisions		26.370	18.812
Liabilities other than provisions		26.370	18.812
Equity and liabilities		89.544	93.740
Staff costs	1		
Contingent liabilities	4		
Related parties with controlling interest	5		
Group relations	6		

Statement of changes in equity for 2018

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	125.000	(50.072)	74.928
Profit/loss for the year	0	(11.754)	(11.754)
Equity end of year	125.000	(61.826)	63.174

No change in contributed capital in the last 5 years.

Notes

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
1. Staff costs		
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
2. Other financial income		
Financial income arising from group enterprises	<u>2.442</u>	<u>2.150</u>
	<u>2.442</u>	<u>2.150</u>
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
	<u>DKK</u>	<u>DKK</u>
3. Other financial expenses		
Financial expenses from group enterprises	558	0
Other financial expenses	<u>1.203</u>	<u>201</u>
	<u>1.761</u>	<u>201</u>

4. Contingent liabilities

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Lion Danmark I ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Company is, therefore, liable for the jointly taxed companies and obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed companies.

5. Related parties with controlling interest

The Entity is a general partner (komplementar) in K/S Elsenbakken that has total assets of DKK 49,267,011 and liabilities of DKK 34,900,133 as at 31 December 2018.

6. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group:

Lion Danmark I ApS, Denmark

The consolidated financial statements for the smallest group is also the largest group.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises.

The accounting policies applied for these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes write-downs of receivables recognised in current assets.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Accounting policies

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all associated Danish companies. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less provision for bad and doubtful debts.

Income tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax calculated on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.